

Running Time Survey

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Running Time Survey

- ▶ This week, let's do a running time survey.
- ▶ You will be given a simple frame to do the running time survey of different algorithms on inputs of increasing size.

RunningTimeSurvey.java

How to use?

- ▶ You should register your tasks and methods in the taskList

You can change the number according to your computer configuration and your time calculation.

```
//      task name      function name      run times upper
static String[][] taskList = {
    { "LinearTimeTest",    "linearTime",    "100000000"},
    { "LinearTimeTest",    "linearTimeCollections", "100000000"},
    /*
    * { "NlognTimeTest",    "NlognTime",    "10000000"},
    * { "QuadraticTimeTest", "QuadraticTime", "1000000"},
    * { "CubicTimeTest",    "CubicTime",    "1000"},
    * { "ExponentialTimeTest", "ExponentialTime", "10"},
    * { "FactorialTimeTest", "FactorialTime", "10"}
    */
};
```

LinearTimeTest

Since “linearTime” is registered for “LinearTimeTest”, you should define a function named linearTime, which looks like the following code:

```
public static long linearTime(int n) {  
    long[] list = new long[n];  
    generateList(n, list);  
    long timeStart = System.currentTimeMillis();  
    getMax(n, list);  
    long timeEnd = System.currentTimeMillis();  
    long timeCost = timeEnd - timeStart;  
    return timeCost;  
}
```

You can first write a function to generate data for your following algorithm.

Implements a Linear algorithm, for example, computing the maximum.

```
max ← a1  
for i = 2 to n {  
    if (ai > max)  
        max ← ai  
}
```

You can also choose other linear time algorithms.

$O(n \log n)$ TimeTest

- ▶ You should register a new task named “NlognTimeTest”.
- ▶ You should register a function named “NlognTime”, the input parameter should be int, the return type should be long.
- ▶ You should generate your test data for your algorithm.
- ▶ You should implement your algorithm which running time is required, for example, heap sort.

```
public static long NlognTime(int n) {  
    //TODO:generate you test input data here  
    long timeStart = System.currentTimeMillis();  
    //TODO: write a algorithm  
    long timeEnd = System.currentTimeMillis();  
    long timeCost = timeEnd - timeStart;  
    return timeCost;  
}
```

QuadraticTimeTest

- ▶ Optional:
- ▶ Closest pair of points. Given a list of n points in the plane $(x_1, y_1), \dots, (x_n, y_n)$, find the pair that is closest.
- ▶ $O(n^2)$ solution. Try all pairs of points.

```
min ←  $(x_1 - x_2)^2 + (y_1 - y_2)^2$ 
for i = 1 to n {
  for j = i+1 to n {
    d ←  $(x_i - x_j)^2 + (y_i - y_j)^2$ 
    if (d < min)
      min ← d
  }
}
```

CubicTimeTest

- ▶ Optional:
- ▶ Set disjointness. Given n sets S_1, \dots, S_n each of which is a subset of $1, 2, \dots, n$, is there some pair of these which are disjoint?
 $O(n^3)$ solution: For each pairs of sets, determine if they are disjoint.

```
foreach set  $S_i$  {  
    foreach other set  $S_j$  {  
        foreach element  $p$  of  $S_i$  {  
            determine whether  $p$  also belongs to  $S_j$   
        }  
        if (no element of  $S_i$  belongs to  $S_j$ )  
            report that  $S_i$  and  $S_j$  are disjoint  
    }  
}
```

ExponentialTimeTest

- ▶ Given n bits, enumerate all possible Number.

FactorialTimeTest

- ▶ Brute force to compute factorial n
- ▶ Use addition instead of multiplication

Optional: KPolynomialTimeTest

- ▶ Independent set of size k. Given a graph, are there k nodes such that no two are joined by an edge?
- ▶ $O(nk)$ solution. Enumerate all subsets of k nodes.

```
foreach subset S of k nodes {  
    check whether S is an independent set  
    if (S is an independent set)  
        report S is an independent set  
}  
}
```

Running result of the frame:

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Excel interface with the following components:

- Title Bar:** RunningTimeSurvey.xls... | Q - 在工作表中搜索
- Ribbon Tabs:** 开始 (Home), 插入 (Insert), 页面布局 (Layout), 公式 (Formulas), 数据 (Data), 审阅 (Review), 视图 (View)
- Quick Launch Icons:** 粘贴 (Paste), 字体 (Font), 对齐方式 (Alignment), 编号 (Numbering), 条件格式 (Conditional Formatting), 套用表格格式 (Table Styles), 单元格样式 (Cell Styles), 单元格 (Cells), 编辑 (Edit)
- Name Box:** A1
- Formula Bar:** fx
- Data Table:**

	A	B	C <small>n = 10</small>	D <small>n = 100</small>	E <small>n = 1000</small>	F <small>n = 10000</small>	G <small>n = 100000</small>	H <small>n = 1000000</small>	I <small>n = 10000000</small>	J <small>n = 100000000</small>
1										
2	LinearTimeTest	linearTime	6	6	6	6	5	5	6	75
3	LinearTimeTest	linearTimeCollections	0	0	0	1	5	20	191	3743
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										
9										
10										
11										
12										
13										
14										
15										
16										
17										
- Status Bar:** RunningTime + 100%

100

[illegible]

Submission

Java:

Please submit two files, **RunningTimeSurvey.java** and **RunningTimeSurvey.xls**, zip these two files into a **.zip** file named **"Name-StudentID-Lab0"** (e.g., **Zhangsan-12011000-Lab0.zip**).

C:

Please submit three files, **running_time_survey.c**, **running_time_survey.h** and **c_result.csv**, zip these three files into a **.zip** file named **"Name-StudentID-Lab0"** (e.g., **Zhangsan-12011000-Lab0.zip**).