FDS-1.2 (Optional)- for IEEE Report/Conference-Text clustering

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import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import pairwise distances
from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import dendrogram, linkage, fcluster
# Step 1: Load your data from CSV file
df = pd.read csv('your file.csv') # Replace with your CSV file path
# Assuming your comments are in a column named 'comments'
comments = df['comments'] # Replace 'comments' with your actual column name
# Step 2: Create a bag-of-words representation
vectorizer = CountVectorizer(stop words='english')
X = vectorizer.fit transform(comments)
# Step 3: Compute the distance matrix
distances = pairwise distances(X.toarray(), metric='euclidean')
# --- Top Words Visualization ---
word counts = X.toarray().sum(axis=0)
words = vectorizer.get_feature_names_out()
top words = pd.DataFrame({'word': words, 'count': word counts})
top words = top words.sort values(by='count', ascending=False).head(10)
# Plot top words
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
plt.barh(top_words['word'], top_words['count'], color='skyblue')
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plt.xlabel('Frequency')
plt.title('Top Words in Corpus')
plt.gca().invert yaxis() # Invert y-axis to have the highest frequency on
top
plt.show()
# --- Bag-of-Words Visualization ---
# Convert bag-of-words to DataFrame for better visualization
bag of words df = pd.DataFrame(X.toarray(),
columns=vectorizer.get_feature_names_out())
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
plt.imshow(bag of words df, cmap='Greys', aspect='auto')
plt.colorbar(label='Frequency')
plt.title('Bag-of-Words Representation')
plt.xlabel('Words')
plt.ylabel('Comments')
plt.xticks(ticks=np.arange(len(bag of words df.columns)),
labels=bag of words df.columns, rotation=90)
plt.yticks(ticks=np.arange(len(bag of words df)), labels=df.index)
plt.show()
# --- Agglomerative Clustering ---
# Step 4: Perform Agglomerative Clustering
agglo model = AgglomerativeClustering(distance threshold=0, n clusters=None)
agglo model.fit(distances)
# Step 5: Plot Dendrogram for Agglomerative Clustering
linkage matrix agglo = linkage(distances, method='ward')
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
dendrogram(linkage matrix agglo, labels=comments.values, leaf rotation=90)
plt.title('Agglomerative Clustering Dendrogram')
plt.xlabel('Comments')
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plt.ylabel('Distance')
plt.show()
# --- Hierarchical Clustering ---
# Step 6: Perform Hierarchical Clustering and plot dendrogram
linkage matrix hierarchical = linkage(distances, method='ward')
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
dendrogram(linkage matrix hierarchical, labels=comments.values,
leaf rotation=90)
plt.title('Hierarchical Clustering Dendrogram')
plt.xlabel('Comments')
plt.ylabel('Distance')
plt.show()
# Optional: Cut the dendrogram to form flat clusters
\max d = 5 # Adjust this threshold based on your dendrogram
clusters agglo = fcluster(linkage matrix agglo, max d, criterion='distance')
clusters_hierarchical = fcluster(linkage_matrix_hierarchical, max_d,
criterion='distance')
# Adding the cluster labels to the DataFrame
df['agglo cluster'] = clusters agglo
df['hierarchical_cluster'] = clusters_hierarchical
# Print out the comments with their corresponding cluster labels
print(df[['comments', 'agglo cluster', 'hierarchical cluster']])
```