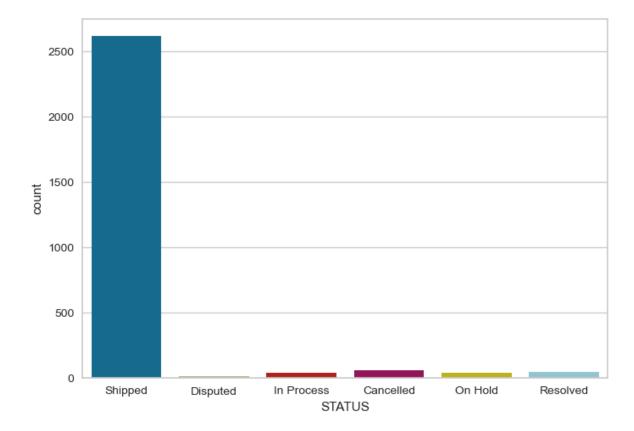
```
In [30]:
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
          import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import seaborn as sns
In [31]:
          import warnings
          warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
          data = pd.read_csv("sales_data_sample.csv", encoding='Latin-1')
In [32]:
          data.head()
Out[32]:
             ORDERNUMBER QUANTITYORDERED PRICEEACH ORDERLINENUMBER SALES ORDERDA
                                                                                        2/24/20
           0
                      10107
                                           30
                                                     95.70
                                                                           2 2871.00
                                                                                            0:
           1
                      10121
                                           34
                                                    81.35
                                                                           5 2765.90 5/7/2003 0:
           2
                      10134
                                                    94.74
                                                                           2 3884.34 7/1/2003 0:
                                           41
                                                                                        8/25/20
           3
                      10145
                                           45
                                                    83.26
                                                                           6 3746.70
                                                                                       10/10/20
                      10159
                                           49
                                                    100.00
                                                                          14 5205.27
          5 rows × 25 columns
In [33]: data.shape
Out[33]: (2823, 25)
```

In [34]: data.isnull().sum()

		• •
Out[34]:	ORDERNUMBER	0
	QUANTITYORDERED	0
	PRICEEACH	0
	ORDERLINENUMBER	0
	SALES	0
	ORDERDATE	0
	STATUS	0
	QTR_ID	0
	MONTH_ID	0
	YEAR_ID	0
	PRODUCTLINE	0
	MSRP	0
	PRODUCTCODE	0
	CUSTOMERNAME	0
	PHONE	0
	ADDRESSLINE1	0
	ADDRESSLINE2	2521
	CITY	0
	STATE	1486
	POSTALCODE	76
	COUNTRY	0
	TERRITORY	1074
	CONTACTLASTNAME	0
	CONTACTFIRSTNAME	0
	DEALSIZE	0
	dtype: int64	

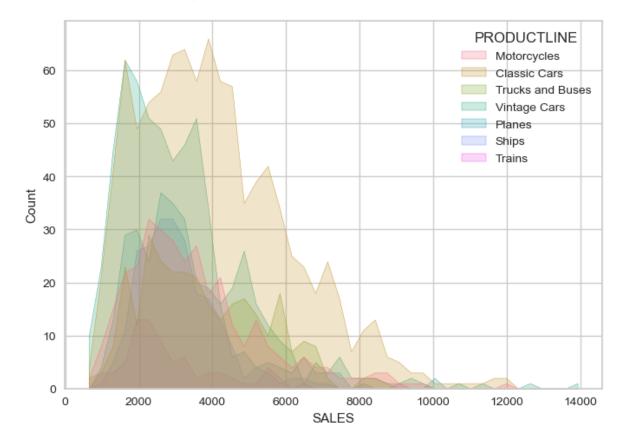
```
In [35]: sns.countplot(data = data , x = 'STATUS')
```

Out[35]: <Axes: xlabel='STATUS', ylabel='count'>



In [36]: import seaborn as sns

Out[37]: <Axes: xlabel='SALES', ylabel='Count'>



```
In [38]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
In [39]: data['PRODUCTLINE'].unique()
```

In [40]: data.drop\_duplicates(inplace=True)

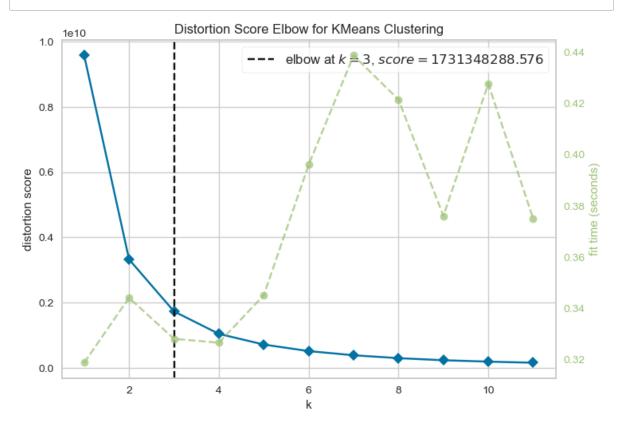
In [41]: list\_cat = data.select\_dtypes(include=['object']).columns.tolist()

```
list_cat
In [42]:
Out[42]: ['ORDERDATE',
           'STATUS',
           'PRODUCTLINE',
           'PRODUCTCODE',
           'CUSTOMERNAME',
           'PHONE',
           'ADDRESSLINE1',
           'ADDRESSLINE2',
           'CITY',
           'STATE',
           'POSTALCODE',
           'COUNTRY',
           'TERRITORY',
           'CONTACTLASTNAME',
           'CONTACTFIRSTNAME',
           'DEALSIZE']
In [43]:
         for i in list_cat:
           sns.countplot(data = data , x = i)
           plt.xticks(rotation = 90)
           plt.show()
             100
              50
                                                PHONE
         #dealing with the catagorical features
In [44]:
         from sklearn import preprocessing
         le = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
         # Encode labels in column 'species'.
         for i in list_cat:
              data[i]= le.fit_transform(data[i])
```

```
In [45]: data['SALES'] = data['SALES'].astype(int)
```

```
In [46]: ## taget feature are Sales and productline
X = data[['SALES','PRODUCTCODE']]
```

```
In [47]: from yellowbrick.cluster import KElbowVisualizer
model = KMeans()
visualizer = KElbowVisualizer(model, k=(1,12)).fit(X)
visualizer.show()
```



Out[47]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Distortion Score Elbow for KMeans Clustering'}, xlab el='k', ylabel='distortion score'>

```
In [48]: from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=4, init='k-means++', random_state=0).fit(X)
```

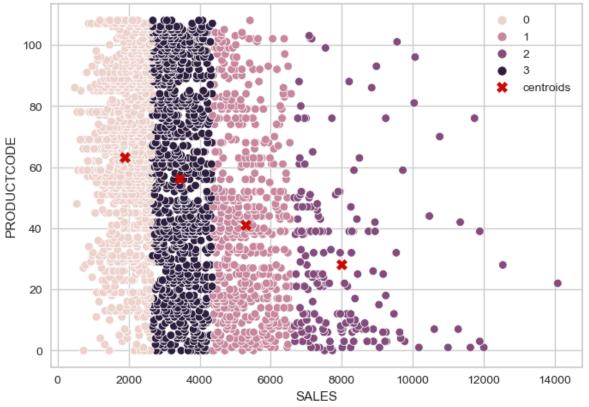
```
In [49]: kmeans.labels_
```

Out[49]: array([3, 3, 3, ..., 1, 0, 3])

In [50]: kmeans.inertia\_

Out[50]: 1042124306.2124939

```
In [51]: kmeans.n_iter_
Out[51]: 4
In [52]: kmeans.cluster_centers_
Out[52]: array([[1882.98554913,
                                  63.28420039],
                [5295.90973451,
                                  40.97522124],
                [7983.1758794 ,
                                  28.05025126],
                [3424.0244858,
                                  56.19980411]])
In [53]:
         #getting the size of the clusters
         from collections import Counter
         Counter(kmeans.labels_)
Out[53]: Counter({0: 1038, 3: 1023, 1: 563, 2: 199})
In [54]:
         sns.scatterplot(data=X, x="SALES", y="PRODUCTCODE", hue=kmeans.labels_)
         plt.scatter(kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,0], kmeans.cluster_centers_[:,1],
                     marker="X", c="r", s=80, label="centroids")
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
                                                                              0
```



```
In [ ]:
```

In [ ]: