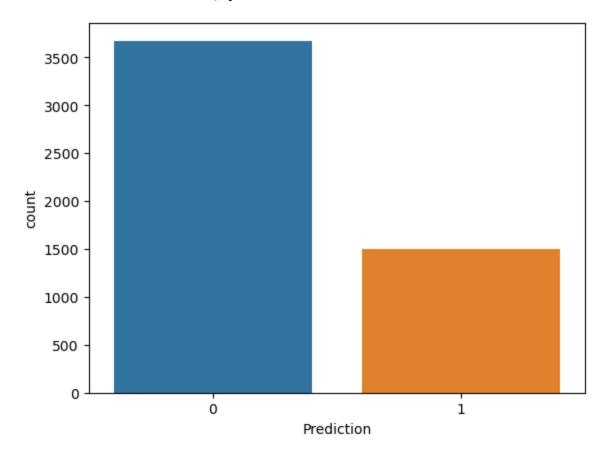
```
In [1]:
         import pandas as pd
         df=pd.read_csv('emails.csv')
In [2]:
In [3]:
         df.shape
Out[3]: (5172, 3002)
In [4]:
         df.head()
Out[4]:
            Email
                                             a you hou ... connevey jay valued lay infrastructu
                       to ect and for of
              No.
             Email
          0
                    0
                        0
                            1
                                 0
                                     0
                                        0
                                             2
                                                 0
                                                      0
                                                                   0
                                                                       0
                                                                              0
                                                                                  0
             Email
                      13
                           24
                                        2 102
                                                     27
                                                                              0
                                                                                  0
             Email
                            1
                                 0
                                     0
                                             8
                                                 0
                                                      0 ...
                                                                              0
                                                                                  0
             Email
          3
                                            51
                           22
                                     5
                                                 2
                                                      10
                                                                              0
                                                                                  0
             Email
                        6
                           17
                                     5
                                       2
                                            57
                                                 0
                                                      9 ...
                                                                       0
                                                                              0
                                                                                  0
         5 rows × 3002 columns
In [5]:
         #input data
         x=df.drop(['Email No.', 'Prediction'], axis=1)
         #output data
         y=df['Prediction']
In [6]: x.shape
Out[6]: (5172, 3000)
In [8]:
         set(x.dtypes)
Out[8]: {dtype('int64')}
```

In [9]: import seaborn as sns
sns.countplot(x=y)

Out[9]: <Axes: xlabel='Prediction', ylabel='count'>



In [10]: y.value_counts()

Out[10]: Prediction 0 3672

1 1500

Name: count, dtype: int64

In [11]: #feature scale

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler

scaler=MinMaxScaler()

x_scaled=scaler.fit_transform(x)

```
In [12]:
         x_scaled
                            , 0.
Out[12]: array([[0.
                                         , 0.
                                                     , ..., 0.
                                                                       , 0.
                            ],
                 [0.03809524, 0.09848485, 0.06705539, ..., 0.
                                                                       , 0.00877193,
                  0.
                            ],
                 [0.
                            , 0.
                                         , 0.
                  0.
                 . . . ,
                                         , 0.
                                                                       , 0.
                 [0.
                            , 0.
                                                     , ..., 0.
                  0.
                                                                       , 0.00877193,
                 [0.00952381, 0.0530303 , 0.
                                                     , ..., 0.
                  0.
                            ],
                 [0.1047619 , 0.18181818, 0.01166181, ..., 0.
                                                                       , 0.
                  0.
                            ]])
In [13]: #cross validation
         from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
         x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test=train_test_split(
         x_scaled,y,random_state=0,test_size=0.25)
In [14]: x scaled.shape
Out[14]: (5172, 3000)
In [15]: x_train.shape
Out[15]: (3879, 3000)
In [16]: x_test.shape
Out[16]: (1293, 3000)
In [35]:
         #import the class
         from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
         from sklearn import metrics
In [36]:
         #create object
         knn=KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)
In [21]: knn.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[21]: KNeighborsClassifier()
         In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust
         the notebook.
```

On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page

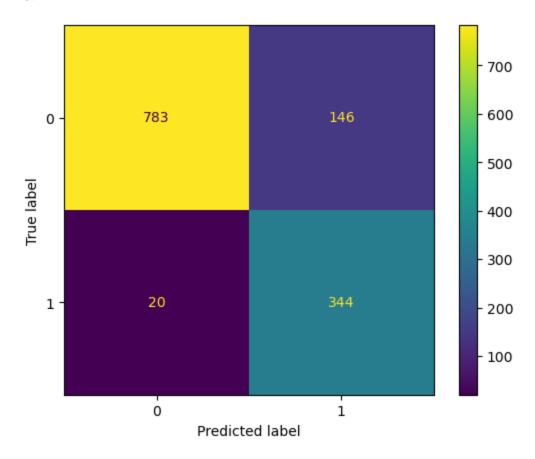
with nbviewer.org.

In [22]: #predict on test data
y_pred=knn.predict(x_test)

In [23]: #import the evaluation metrices
from sklearn.metrics import ConfusionMatrixDisplay,accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import classification_report

In [24]: ConfusionMatrixDisplay.from_predictions(y_test,y_pred)

Out[24]: <sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x1fa69404a
90>



In [25]: y_test.value_counts()

Out[25]: Prediction 0 929 1 364

Name: count, dtype: int64

In [26]: accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)

Out[26]: 0.871616395978345

```
In [29]: print(classification_report(y_test,y_pred))
                                      recall f1-score
                        precision
                                                          support
                     0
                             0.98
                                        0.84
                                                   0.90
                                                              929
                     1
                             0.70
                                        0.95
                                                   0.81
                                                              364
                                                   0.87
                                                             1293
              accuracy
             macro avg
                             0.84
                                        0.89
                                                   0.85
                                                             1293
         weighted avg
                             0.90
                                        0.87
                                                   0.88
                                                             1293
In [37]: metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
Out[37]: array([[911, 18],
                 [ 12, 352]], dtype=int64)
In [39]:
         from sklearn.svm import SVC
In [40]: svm=SVC(kernel='linear')
In [41]: svm.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[41]: SVC(kernel='linear')
         In a Jupyter environment, please rerun this cell to show the HTML representation or trust
         the notebook.
          On GitHub, the HTML representation is unable to render, please try loading this page
          with nbviewer.org.
In [42]: y_pred=svm.predict(x_test)
In [43]: | accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
Out[43]: 0.9767981438515081
In [44]:
         #Linear SVM:0.9767981438515081
         metrics.confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
Out[44]: array([[911, 18],
                 [ 12, 352]], dtype=int64)
 In [ ]:
```