

HW/SW Entwurfssprachen am Beispiel System-C

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1 HW/SW Design Languages

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2 What is SystemC

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2.1 History

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2.5 SysC vs. VHDL

3 Automatic Partitioning

3.1 What is Partitioning?

Partitioning means the separation of hardware and software parts with focus on hardware/software co-design. Traditionally the hardware part of an embedded system is written in VHDL (*more present in Europe*) or Verilog (*more present in*

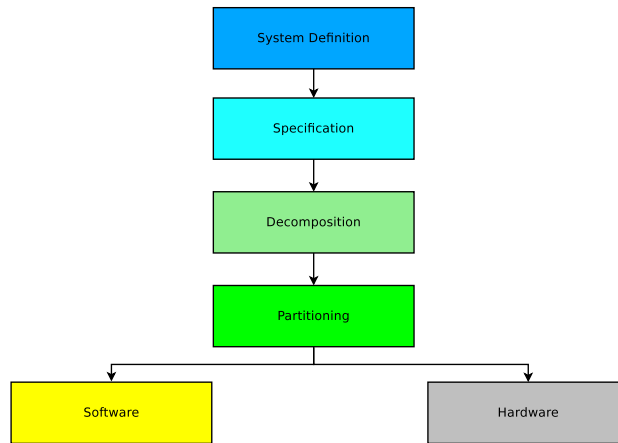


Figure 1: Design flow (*c.f. Hardware Modelling VO*).

the USA) while the software part is written in *assembly*, *C* or *C++*. The common design-flow (depicted in Figure 1) shows that partitioning splits the design in hardware and software. The software part is the shorter one of this two paths because it needs only an compiler to translate it to machine-code. Therefore, the hardware part is the much longer way because of the hardware design-flow which is necessary for every chip-design. If the hardware and software parts should be modified because of, e.g., performance reasons, these two parts must be modified or completely redesigned in order to fit the specifications. This leads to an much higher and probably expensive procedure for the hardware part, thus its design-flow is much longer and every change in the *VHDL/Verilog* code leads to a new compilation, technology-mapping and place and route.

3.2 Tools for Automatic Partitioning

4 Tools

5 Users