

1. Compute the derivative  $f'(x)$  of the logistic sigmoid

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + \exp(-x)} = f(x) - (1 - f(x))$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{d}{dx} f(x) = \frac{d}{dx} \frac{1}{1 + e^x} = \frac{d}{dx} (1 + e^x)^{-1} = -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot \frac{d}{dx} (1 + e^x)$$

$$= -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot \left( \frac{d}{dx} \cdot 1 + \frac{d}{dx} \cdot e^x \right) = -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot \left( 0 + \frac{d}{dx} \cdot e^x \right)$$

$$= -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot \left( \frac{d}{dx} e^x \right) = -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot \left( e^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x \right)$$

$$= -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot \left( e^x \cdot \frac{d}{dx} x \right) = -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot (e^x \cdot 1) = -(1 + e^x)^{-2} \cdot e^x$$

$$= \boxed{\frac{e^x}{(1 + e^x)^2}} \stackrel{\text{미분꼴}}{=} \frac{e^x}{(1 + e^x)} \cdot \frac{1}{(1 + e^x)} = \frac{1}{(1 + e^x)} \cdot \left( \frac{1 + e^x}{1 + e^x} - \frac{1}{1 + e^x} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^x} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^x} \right) = \boxed{f(x) - (1 - f(x))} \stackrel{\text{정리}}{=}$$

2. Compute the  $df/dt$  of the  $f(x_1, x_2) = x_1^2 + 2x_2$ , where  $x_1 = \sin t$  and  $x_2 = \cos t$

$$2\sin t(\cos t - 1)$$

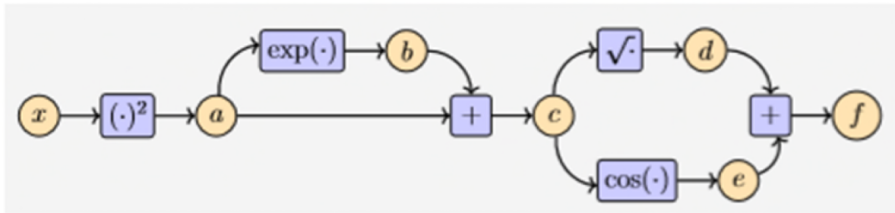
$$\frac{d}{dt}f(x_1, x_2) = \frac{d}{dt}(x_1^2 + 2x_2) =$$

$$\frac{dx_1^2}{dx_1} \cdot \frac{dx_1}{dt} + \frac{d2x_2}{dx_2} \cdot \frac{dx_2}{dt} =$$

$$2 \cdot \sin t \cdot \frac{d\sin t}{dt} + 2 \cdot \frac{d\cos t}{dt} = 2 \cdot \sin t \cdot \cos t + 2(-\sin t)$$

$$= 2\sin t \cdot \cos t - 2\sin t = \boxed{2\sin t(\cos t - 1)}$$

### 3. Fill the blank



- $a = x^2$
- $b = e^{a^3}$
- $c = x^2 + e^{a^3}$
- $d = \sqrt{x^2 + e^{a^3}}$
- $e = \cos(x^2 + e^{a^3})$
- $f = \sqrt{x^2 + e^{a^3}} + \cos(x^2 + e^{a^3})$

- ▶  $\frac{\partial a}{\partial x} = 2x$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial b}{\partial a} = e^a$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial c}{\partial a} = 2a + 1$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial d}{\partial c} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c}}$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial e}{\partial c} = -\sin(c)$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial d} = 1 - 2d \cdot \sin(d^2)$

- ▶  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial c} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sin(c)$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial b} = -\frac{(b+1) \cdot \sin(\frac{1}{2}b^2 + b) - b^{-1}}{b}$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial a} = -\frac{(2e^{a^3} + 1) \cdot \sin(e^{a^3} + a^2) - e^{-a^3}}{\sqrt{e^{a^3} + a^2}}$
- ▶  $\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = x(1 + e^{a^3}) \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + e^{a^3}}} - 2\sin(x^2 + e^{a^3}) \right)$

$$b = e^a = e^{x^2} / c = a + b = x^2 + e^{a^3} / d = \sqrt{c} = \sqrt{x^2 + e^{a^3}}$$

$$e = \cos(c) = \cos(x^2 + e^{a^3}) / f = d + e = \sqrt{x^2 + e^{a^3}} + \cos(x^2 + e^{a^3})$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} a = \frac{d}{dx} x^2 = 2x / \frac{d}{da} b = \frac{d}{da} e^a = e^a / \frac{d}{da} c = \frac{d}{da} (a + e^a) = 2a + 1$$

$$\frac{d}{dc} d = \frac{d}{dc} \sqrt{c} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{c}} / \frac{d}{dc} e = \frac{d}{dc} \cos(c) = -\sin(c)$$

$$\frac{d}{dd} f = \frac{d}{dd} d + \cos(d^2) = 1 - 2d \sin(d^2)$$

$$\frac{d}{dc} f = \frac{d}{dc} \sqrt{c} + \cos(c) = \boxed{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{c}} - \sin(c)}$$

$$\frac{d}{db} f = \sqrt{\log_e b + b} + \cos(\log_e b + b) = \boxed{-\frac{(b+1) \cdot \sin(\log_e b + b) - b - 1}{b}}$$

$$\frac{d}{da} f = \frac{d}{da} \sqrt{ate^a} + \cos(ate^a) = \boxed{-\frac{(2e^a + 2) \cdot \sin(e^a + a) - e^a - 1}{\sqrt{e^a + a}}}$$

$$\frac{d}{dx} f = \frac{d}{dx} \sqrt{x^2 + e^{x^2}} + \cos(x^2 + e^{x^2})$$

$$= \boxed{x(1 + e^{x^2}) \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 + e^{x^2}}} - 2 \sin(x^2 + e^{x^2}) \right)}$$