## **Programming Exercises**

- 11.1 Write a program using pointers to read in an array of integers and print its elements in reverse order.
- 11.2 We know that the roots of a quadratic equation of the form

$$ax^2 + bx + c = 0$$

are given by the following equatins:

$$x_1 = \frac{-b + \text{square-root}(b^2 - 4ac)}{2a}$$

$$x_2 = \frac{-b - \text{square-root}(b^2 - 4ac)}{2a}$$

Write a function to calculate the roots. The function must use two pointer parameters, one to receive the coefficients a, b, and c, and the other to send the roots to the calling function.

- 11.3 Write a function that receives a sorted array of integers and an integer value, and inserts the value in its correct place.
- 11.4 Write a function using pointers to add two matrices and to return the resultant matrix to the calling function.
- 11.5 Using pointers, write a function that receives a character string and a character as argument and deletes all occurrences of this character in the string. The function should return the corrected string with no holes.
- 11.6 Write a function day\_name that receives a number n and returns a pointer to a character string containing the name of the corresponding day. The day names should be kept in a static table of character strings local to the function.
- 11.7 Write a program to read in an array of names and to sort them in alphabetical order. Use sort function that receives pointers to the functions strcmp and swap.sort in turn should call these functions via the pointers.
- 11.8 Given an array of sorted list of integer numbers, write a function to search for a particular item, using the method of binary search. And also show how this function may be used in a program. Use pointers and pointer arithmetic.
  - (Hint: In binary search, the target value is compared with the array's middle element. Since the table is sorted, if the required value is smaller, we know that all values greater than the middle element can be ignored. That is, in one attempt, we eliminate one half the list. This search can be applied recursively till the target value is found.)
- 11.9 Write a function (using a pointer parameter) that reverses the elements of a given array.
- 11.10 Write a function (using pointer parameters) that compares two integer arrays to see whether they are identical. The function returns 1 if they are identical, 0 otherwise.