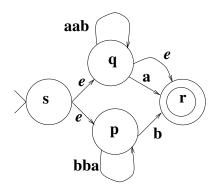
Indian Institute of Engineering Science and Technology, Shibpur

B. Tech. (CST) 4th Semester Class Test, April 12, 2021

Theory of Computation (CS2204)

Full Marks: 20 Time: 45 Minutes

- Attempt all questions. The number within square brackets ([]) at the end of each question indicates its marks.
- Answers should be precise and to the point.
- Make your own assumptions, if necessary, and state them at proper places.
- 1. State whether the statement is true or false (1 mark)! Formally justify your answer (remaining marks)!
 - (a) Any Context-Free Language over some alphabet Σ is a subset of some Regular Language over the same alphabet. [1 + 1]
 - (b) From a given Non-Deterministic Finite Automaton (NDFA) M, a Push-Down Automatonn (PDA) M' can be systematically constructed, such that, L(M) = L(M'). [1+2]
 - (c) Let Σ_1 and Σ_2 be two alphabets, such that, they do not have any common symbol (that is, $\Sigma_1 \cap \Sigma_2 = \phi$). There cannot be any common string between L_1 , a language over Σ_1 , and L_2 , a language over Σ_2 . [1+1]
- 2. From the following State Transition Diagram of a Non-Deterministic Finite Automaton (NDFA), systemetically construct an equivalent Deterministic Finite Automaton (DFA). Please show all the steps.



- 3. As stated at its side, for **each** of the following languages construct a Finite Automaton (FA) **OR** a Pushdown Automaton (PDA) that accepts **OR** a Context-Free Grammar (CFG) that generates the language.
 - (a) $\{\omega \in \{a,b\}^* \mid \text{The number of } a\text{'s in } \omega \text{ is divisible by 3.}\}$ [FA]
 - (b) $\{a^m b^n c^l \mid l, m, n \ge 0 \text{ and } m \ne l + n\}$ [CFG]
 - (c) $\{a^m b^n \mid m, n \ge 0 \text{ and } m \ge n\}$ [PDA]