

April 2021

Subject: Theory of Computation [CS2209]

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Q1) a) Statement is True

→ A finite Language L on alphabet Σ is a finite set of strings containing symbol ~~an~~ of Σ

→ Each string can be treated as a symbol for some other ~~an~~ alphabet Σ' , hence L can be alphabet for some other Language ~~be~~

L

Q1) b) given

$G = (V, \Sigma, R, S)$ regular. iff it is context free

This is not true, consider following counter example.

Rules: $S \rightarrow a S b$
 $S \rightarrow \epsilon$

$$L = \{a^n b^n, n \geq 0\}$$

$$V = \{a, S, b\}$$

$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

$$R = \{S \rightarrow a S b, S \rightarrow \epsilon\}$$

$$S = S$$

→ This Language can't be made in form of xy^iz ,
 $x \neq \epsilon$, hence it doesn't follow Pumping Lemma and hence is not Regular.

Q1) c) consider $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$

any Language will be subset of Σ^*

$$\therefore L \subseteq \Sigma^*$$

now subset of Σ^* contains both ϕ and $\{a\}$

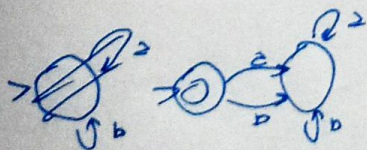
→ So ϕ and $\{a\}$ are Languages over Σ

→ Now we need to see if they are Regular or not

→ ϕ is automatically Regular (by definition of RE)

→ $\{a\}$ can be accepted by following DFA

→ hence $\{a\}$ is also RE.



\therefore Statement is True

2) a) $L = \{a^m b^n c^l \mid l, m, n \geq 0, m \leq l + n\}$ [CFG]

Rules

~~$S_1 \rightarrow aS_1$~~
 ~~$S_1 \rightarrow aS_1 c$~~ ~~$S_1 \rightarrow e$~~
 ~~$S_1 \rightarrow aS_2$~~
 ~~$S_1 \rightarrow abS_2$~~
 ~~$S_2 \rightarrow aS_2$~~
 ~~$S_2 \rightarrow aS_2 b$~~ ~~$S_2 \rightarrow e$~~

Eg of strings generated: $abc, abbc, abcc, acc$
 $aabbc, aabcc, aabc$

Rules

$S_1 \rightarrow S_1 c$
 $S_1 \rightarrow aS_1 c$ $S_1 \rightarrow e$
 $S_1 \rightarrow S_2$
 $S_2 \rightarrow S_2 b$
 $S_2 \rightarrow aS_2 b$ $S_2 \rightarrow e$

$\therefore G = (V, \Sigma, R, S)$

$V = \{S_1, c, a, S_2, b\}$

$\Sigma = \{a, b, c\}$

$R = \{S_1 \rightarrow S_1 c, S_1 \rightarrow aS_1 c, S_1 \rightarrow S_2, S_1 \rightarrow e, S_2 \rightarrow S_2 b, S_2 \rightarrow aS_2 b, S_2 \rightarrow e\}$

$S = S_1$

2b) $L = \{a^m b^n \mid m, n \geq 0 \text{ and } m \neq n\}$

[PDA]

→ first let us draw CFG, then we convert to PDA

$$m \neq n \rightarrow m < n \cup m > n$$

I) $L_1 = \{a^m b^n \mid m, n \geq 0, m < n\}$

1) $S_1 \rightarrow \epsilon S_1 b$

2) $S_1 \rightarrow a S_1 b$

3) $S_1 \rightarrow \epsilon b$

strings generated: $abb, aabbb, \dots$

strings not generated: ab

II) $L_2 = \{a^m b^n \mid m, n \geq 0, m > n\}$

4) $S_2 \rightarrow a S_2$

5) $S_2 \rightarrow a S_2 b$

6) $S_2 \rightarrow a$

strings generated: $a, aab, aaaaab$

strings not generated: $ab, abbb$

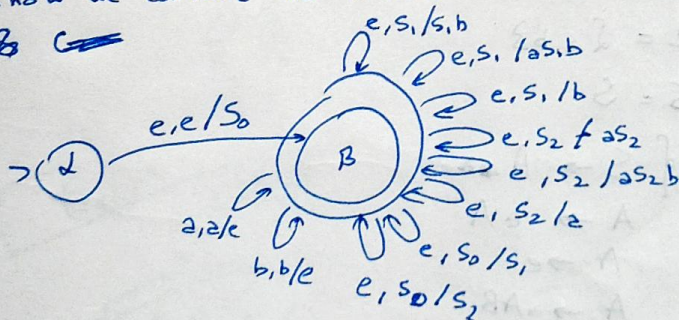
III) $L = L_1 \cup L_2$

7) $S_0 \rightarrow S_1$

8) $S_0 \rightarrow S_2$

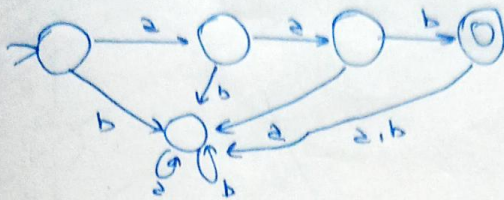
→ now we convert to PDA

∴ δ

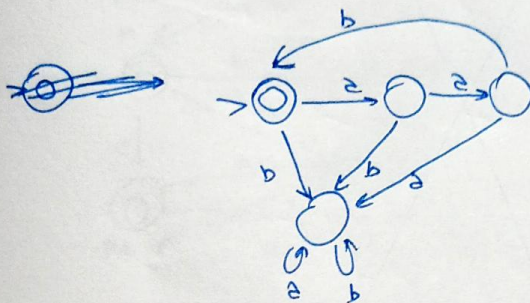


Q9) a) $RE \Rightarrow (aab)^* \cdot (bba)^*$

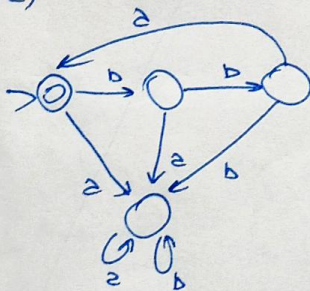
I) for aab



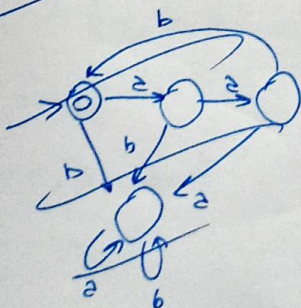
II) ~~for~~ for $(aab)^*$



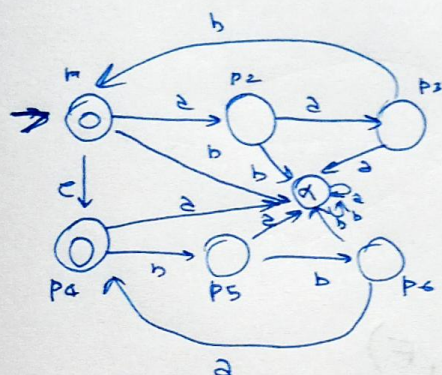
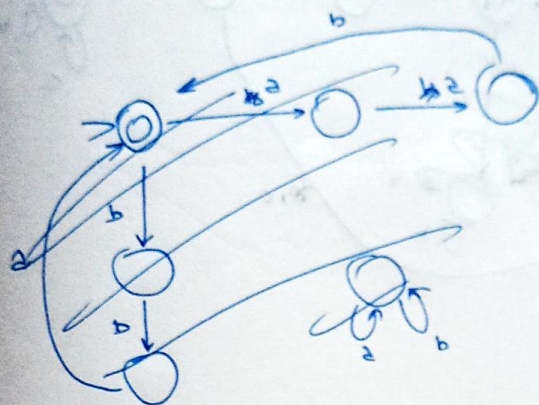
III) for $(bba)^*$



~~IV) for $(aab)^* \cdot (bba)^*$~~



II) for $(a \geq b)^* \cdot (bba)^*$



$$M = (K, \Sigma, \sigma, \delta, F)$$

$$K = \{p_1, p_2, p_3, p_4, p_5, p_6, \Delta\}$$

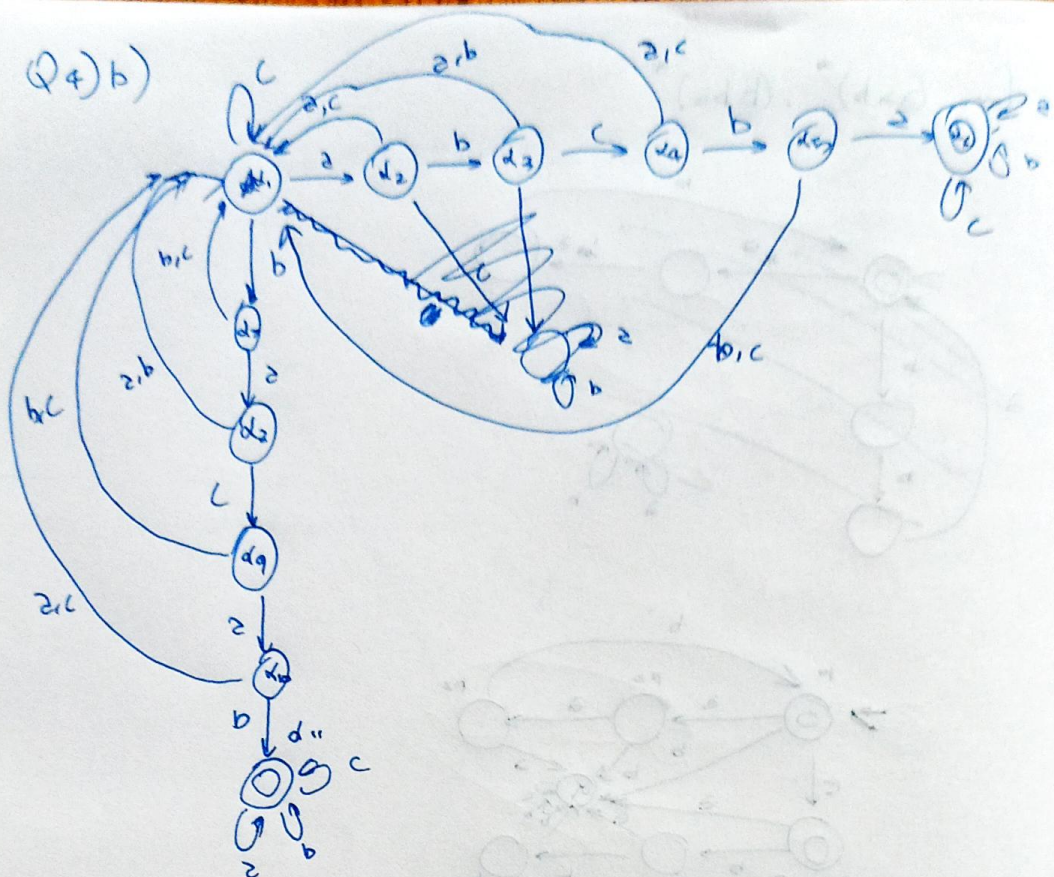
$$\Sigma = \{a, b\}$$

$$\sigma = \{(p_1, a, p_2), (p_2, a, p_3), (p_3, b, p_1), (p_1, b, \Delta), (p_2, b, \Delta), (p_3, a, \Delta), (\Delta, a, \Delta), (\Delta, b, \Delta), (p_1, c, p_4), (p_4, b, p_5), (p_5, b, p_6), (p_6, a, p_4), (p_4, a, \Delta), (p_5, a, \Delta), (p_6, ab, \Delta)\}$$

$$\Delta = p_1$$

$$F = \{p_1, p_4\}$$

Q4) b)



$$M = (K, \Sigma, \overset{\circ}{q}, \delta, F)$$

$$K = \{d_1, d_2, d_3, d_4, d_5, d_6, d_7, d_8, d_9, d_{10}, d_{11}\}$$

$$\delta = \{(d_1, c, d_1), (d_1, a, d_2), (d_2, b, d_3), (d_3, c, d_4), (d_4, b, d_5), (d_5, a, d_6), (d_6, b, d_7), (d_7, c, d_8), (d_8, a, d_9), (d_9, b, d_{10}), (d_{10}, c, d_{11}), (d_{11}, a, d_1), (d_{11}, b, d_2), (d_{11}, c, d_3), (d_{11}, a, d_4), (d_{11}, b, d_5), (d_{11}, c, d_6), (d_{11}, a, d_7), (d_{11}, b, d_8), (d_{11}, c, d_9), (d_{11}, a, d_{10}), (d_{11}, b, d_{11})\}$$

$$s = d_1$$

$$F = \{d_{11}\}$$

$$s = d_1$$

$$F = \{d_{11}\}$$