

Otsu Method

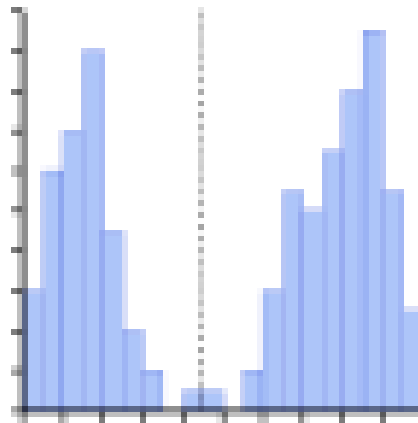
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Otsu thresholding

- Converting a grayscale image to monochrome
- Otsu's method, named after its inventor *Nobuyuki Otsu*, is one of many binarization algorithms

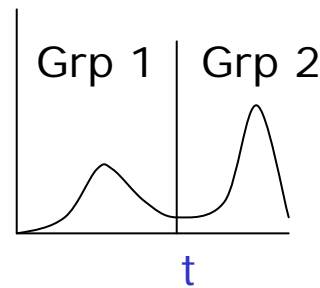


Assumption: the histogram is bimodal



Cont.

- This method *involves iterating* through all the possible threshold values and calculating a measure of spread for the pixel levels each side of the threshold, i.e. *the pixels that either fall in foreground or background*
- The aim is to find the threshold value where the sum of foreground and background spreads is at its minimum

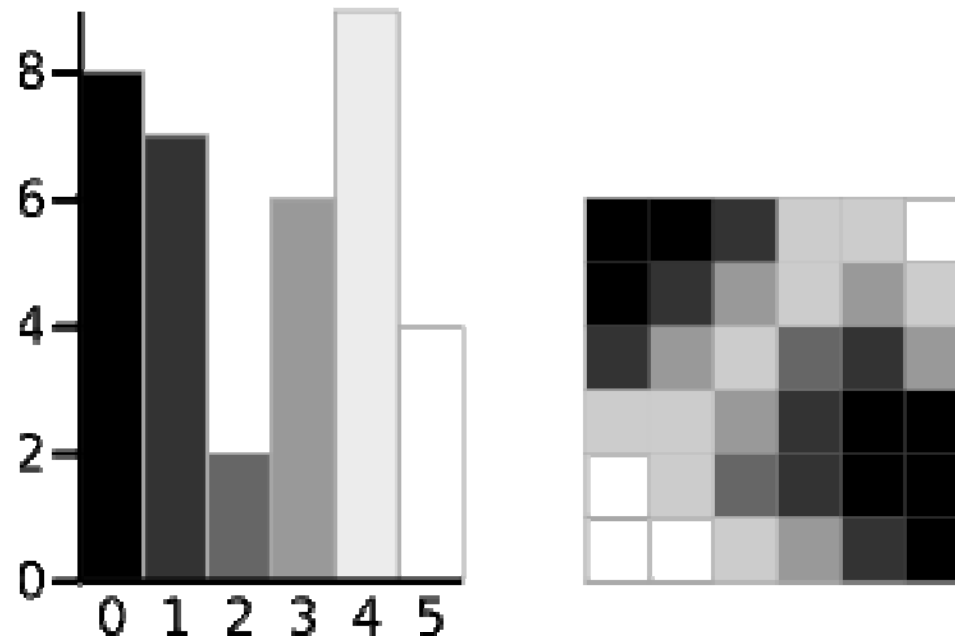


Assumption: the histogram is bimodal



Cont.

- Simple 6x6 image shown below and the histogram for the image is shown next
- To simplify the explanation, only 6 grayscale levels are used

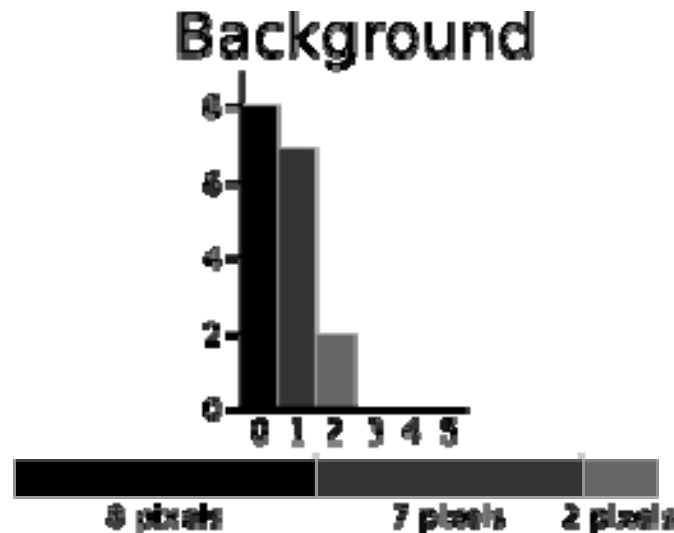


A 6-level grayscale image and its histogram



Cont. (For Background)

- The calculations are bellow for finding the foreground & background variances (*the measure of spread*) for a single threshold



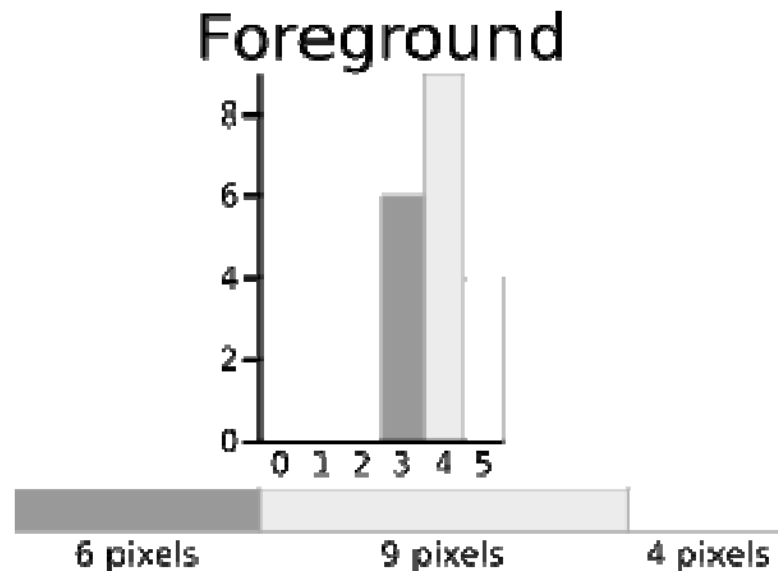
$$\text{Weight } W_b = \frac{8 + 7 + 2}{36} = 0.4722$$

$$\text{Mean } \mu_b = \frac{(0 \times 8) + (1 \times 7) + (2 \times 2)}{17} = 0.6471$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Variance } \sigma_b^2 &= \frac{((0 - 0.6471)^2 \times 8) + ((1 - 0.6471)^2 \times 7) + ((2 - 0.6471)^2 \times 2)}{17} \\ &= \frac{(0.4187 \times 8) + (0.1246 \times 7) + (1.8304 \times 2)}{17} \\ &= 0.4637 \end{aligned}$$



Cont. (For Foreground)



Weight $W_f = \frac{6 + 9 + 4}{36} = 0.5278$

Mean $\mu_f = \frac{(3 \times 6) + (4 \times 9) + (5 \times 4)}{19} = 3.8947$

Variance $\sigma_f^2 = \frac{((3 - 3.8947)^2 \times 6) + ((4 - 3.8947)^2 \times 9) + ((5 - 3.8947)^2 \times 4)}{19}$

$$= \frac{(4.8033 \times 6) + (0.0997 \times 9) + (4.8864 \times 4)}{19}$$

$$= 0.5152$$



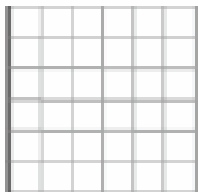
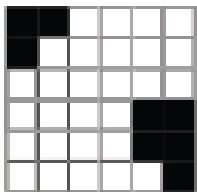
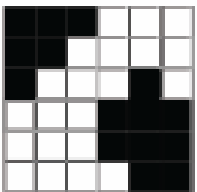
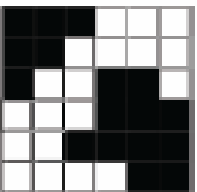
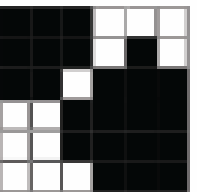
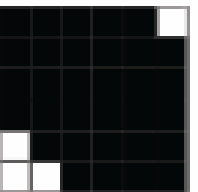
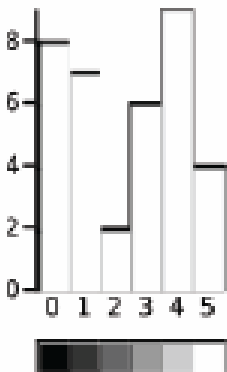
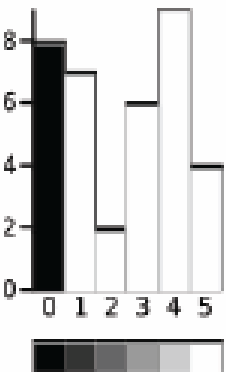
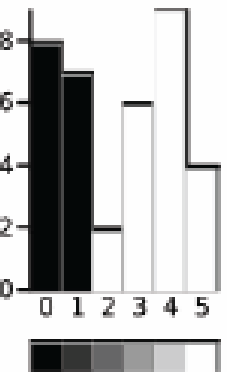
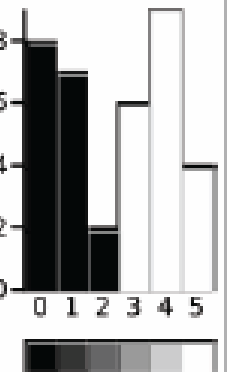

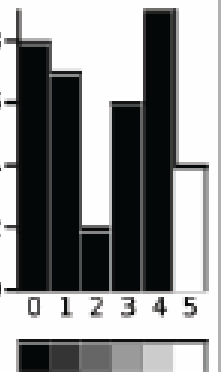
Cont.

- The next step is to calculate the '*Within-Class Variance*' i.e. this is simply the sum of the two variances multiplied by their associated weights

$$\begin{aligned}\text{Within Class Variance } \sigma_W^2 &= W_b \sigma_b^2 + W_f \sigma_f^2 = 0.4722 * 0.4637 + 0.5278 * 0.5152 \\ &= 0.4909\end{aligned}$$

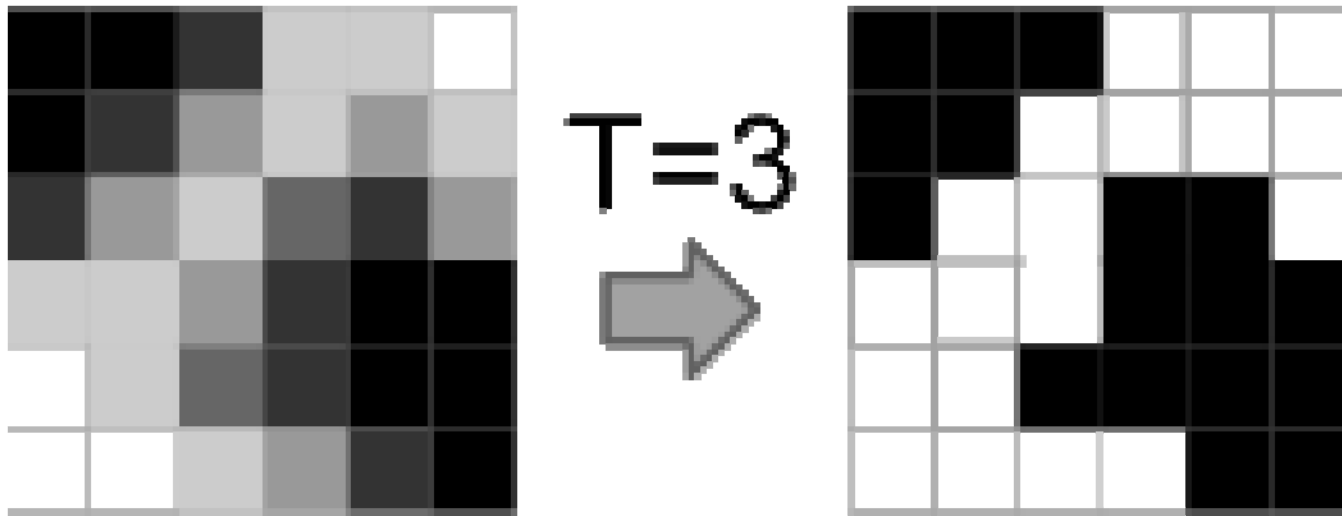


Cont.

| Threshold | T=0 | T=1 | T=2 | T=3 | T=4 | T=5 |
|-----------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weight, Background | $W_b = 0$ | $W_b = 0.222$ | $W_b = 0.4167$ | $W_b = 0.4722$ | $W_b = 0.6389$ | $W_b = 0.8889$ |
| Mean, Background | $M_b = 0$ | $M_b = 0$ | $M_b = 0.4667$ | $M_b = 0.6471$ | $M_b = 1.2609$ | $M_b = 2.0313$ |
| Variance, Background | $\sigma_b^2 = 0$ | $\sigma_b^2 = 0$ | $\sigma_b^2 = 0.2489$ | $\sigma_b^2 = 0.4637$ | $\sigma_b^2 = 1.4102$ | $\sigma_b^2 = 2.5303$ |
| Weight, Foreground | $W_f = 1$ | $W_f = 0.7778$ | $W_f = 0.5833$ | $W_f = 0.5278$ | $W_f = 0.3611$ | $W_f = 0.1111$ |
| Mean, Foreground | $M_f = 2.3611$ | $M_f = 2.0357$ | $M_f = 3.7143$ | $M_f = 3.8947$ | $M_f = 4.3077$ | $M_f = 5.000$ |
| Variance, Foreground | $\sigma_f^2 = 3.1196$ | $\sigma_f^2 = 1.9639$ | $\sigma_f^2 = 0.7755$ | $\sigma_f^2 = 0.5152$ | $\sigma_f^2 = 0.2130$ | $\sigma_f^2 = 0$ |
| Within Class Variance | $\sigma_W^2 = 3.1196$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 1.5268$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 0.5561$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 0.4909$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 0.9779$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 2.2491$ |

the threshold equal to 3, as well as being used for the example, also has the lowest sum of weighted variances

Conclusion



Result of Otsu method



Between class variance

Within Class Variance $\sigma_W^2 = W_b \sigma_b^2 + W_f \sigma_f^2$ (as seen above)

Between Class Variance $\sigma_B^2 = \sigma^2 - \sigma_W^2$
 $= W_b(\mu_b - \mu)^2 + W_f(\mu_f - \mu)^2$ (where $\mu = W_b \mu_b + W_f \mu_f$)
 $= W_b W_f (\mu_b - \mu_f)^2$

| Threshold | T=0 | T=1 | T=2 | T=3 | T=4 | T=5 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Within Class Variance | $\sigma_W^2 = 3.1196$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 1.5268$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 0.5561$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 0.4909$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 0.9779$ | $\sigma_W^2 = 2.2491$ |
| Between Class Variance | $\sigma_B^2 = 0$ | $\sigma_B^2 = 1.5928$ | $\sigma_B^2 = 2.5635$ | $\sigma_B^2 = 2.6287$ | $\sigma_B^2 = 2.1417$ | $\sigma_B^2 = 0.8705$ |



