Class Declaration

```
public class CashRegister
{
   private int itemCount;
   private double totalPrice;

public void addItem(double price)
   {
     itemCount++;
     totalPrice = totalPrice + price;
   }
   . . .
}
Method
```

Selected Operators and Their Precedence

(See Appendix B for the complete list.)

```
[] Array element access
++ --! Increment, decrement, Boolean not
* / % Multiplication, division, remainder
+ - Addition, subtraction
< <=>>= Comparisons
==!= Equal, not equal
&& Boolean and
|| Boolean or
= Assignment
```

Conditional Statement

Variable and Constant Declarations

```
Type Name Initial value
/
int cansPerPack = 6;
final double CAN_VOLUME = 0.335;
```

Method Declaration

```
Modifiers Return type type and name

/ \ / \ /

public static double cubeVolume(double sideLength)
{
   double volume = sideLength * sideLength * sideLength;
   return volume;
}

Exits method and
returns result.
```

Mathematical Operations

```
 \begin{array}{lll} \operatorname{Math.pow}(x, \ y) & \operatorname{Raising to a power} & x^{\mathcal{Y}} \\ \operatorname{Math.sqrt}(x) & \operatorname{Square root} & \sqrt{x} \\ \operatorname{Math.log10}(x) & \operatorname{Decimal log} & \log_{10}(x) \\ \operatorname{Math.abs}(x) & \operatorname{Absolute value} & |x| \\ \operatorname{Math.sin}(x) & \\ \operatorname{Math.cos}(x) & \\ \operatorname{Math.tan}(x) & \\ \end{array} \right\} \\ \operatorname{Sine, cosine, tangent of } x \ (x \ \text{in radians})
```

String Operations

```
String s = "Hello";
int n = s.length(); // 5
char ch = s.charAt(1); // 'e'
String t = s.substring(1, 4); // "ell"
String u = s.toUpperCase(); // "HELLO"
if (u.equals("HELLO")) ... // Use equals, not ==
for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++)
{
   char ch = s.charAt(i);
   Process ch
}</pre>
```

Loop Statements

for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++)

System.out.println(i);

}

```
Condition

while (balance < TARGET)
{
    year++;
    balance = balance * (1 + rate / 100);
}

Initialization Condition Update
```

```
Loop body executed

do at least once
{

    System.out.print("Enter a positive integer: ");
    input = in.nextInt();

e    }

while (input <= 0);

Set to a new element in each iteration

According to the second of the second
```

```
An array or collection

for (double value : values)

{
    sum = sum + value;
}

Executed for each element
}
```