Ahmed et JS immobilier BONJOUR

Notre EDA:

data = pd.read_csv("housing-train-data-6628a4723213d886993351.csv")

data

	Unnamed: 0	longitude	latitude	housing_median_age	total_rooms	total_bedrooms	population	households	median_income	median_house_value	ocean_
0	2072	-119.84	36.77	6.0	1853.0	473.0	1397.0	417.0	1.4817	72000.0	.03
1	10600	-117.80	33.68	8.0	2032.0	349.0	862.0	340.0	6.9133	274100.0	<1
2	2494	-120.19	36.60	25.0	875.0	214.0	931.0	214.0	1.5536	58300.0	
3	4284	-118.32	34.10	31.0	622.0	229.0	597.0	227.0	1.5284	200000.0	<1
4	16541	-121.23	37.79	21.0	1922.0	373.0	1130.0	372.0	4.0815	117900.0	
	2.20	520						2.0		1123	
16507	1099	-121.90	39.59	20.0	1465.0	278.0	745.0	250.0	3.0625	93800.0	
16508	18898	-122.25	38.11	49.0	2365.0	504.0	1131.0	458.0	2.6133	103100.0	Ν
16509	11798	-121.22	38.92	19.0	2531.0	461.0	1206.0	429.0	4.4958	192600.0	
16510	6637	-118.14	34.16	39.0	2776.0	840.0	2546.0	773.0	2.5750	153500.0	<1
16511	2575	-124.13	40.80	31.0	2152.0	462.0	1259.0	420.0	2.2478	81100.0	NEA

16512 rows × 11 columns

```
data.info()
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 16512 entries, 0 to 16511
Data columns (total 11 columns):
    Column
                       Non-Null Count Dtype
    Unnamed: 0
                       16512 non-null int64
    longitude
                       16512 non-null float64
    latitude
                       16512 non-null float64
    housing_median_age 16512 non-null float64
    total rooms
                       16512 non-null float64
    total bedrooms
                       16336 non-null float64
    population
                       16512 non-null float64
    households
                       16512 non-null float64
    median income
                       16512 non-null float64
    median house value 16512 non-null float64
    ocean proximity
                       16512 non-null object
dtypes: float64(9), int64(1), object(1)
memory usage: 1.4+ MB
```

```
data['ocean_proximity'].value_counts()
```

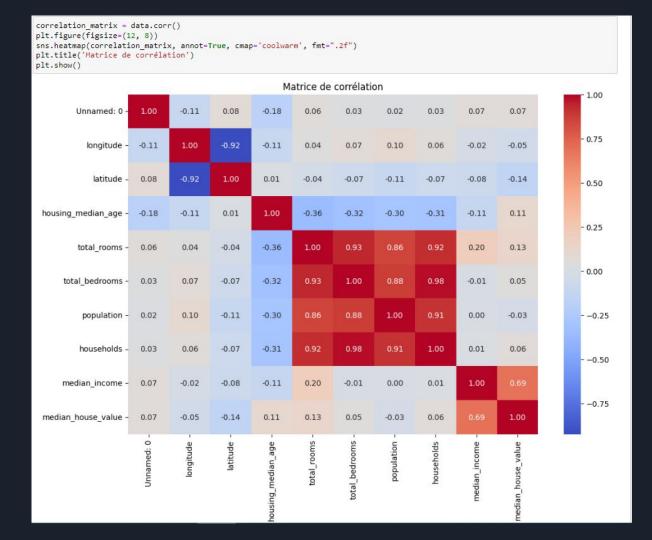
```
<1H OCEAN 7312
INLAND 5235
NEAR OCEAN 2140
NEAR BAY 1821
ISLAND 4
Name: ocean_proximity, dtype: int64</pre>
```

```
data.isnull().sum()

Unnamed: 0 0 0 longitude 0 latitude 0 housing_median_age 0 total_rooms 0 total_bedrooms 176 population 0 households 0 median_income 0 median_house_value 0 ocean_proximity 0 dtype: int64
```

data.duplicated().sum()

data.hist(bins=50, figsize=(20, 15)) plt.show() Unnamed: 0 longitude latitude 2000 -1500 -1000 -500 --124 -122 -120 -118 -116 -114housing median age total_rooms total bedrooms 2000 -1000 -0 5000 10000 15000 20000 25000 30000 35000 40000 2000 3000 4000 5000 6000 population households median income 1000 -200 -5000 10000 15000 20000 25000 30000 35000 median_house_value 100000 200000 300000 400000 500000



Preprocess:

```
X = df.drop(columns=["median_house_value", 'Unnamed: 0'])
y = df['median_house_value']
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
numerical_pipe = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
    ('scaler', RobustScaler())])
categorical_pipe = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most_frequent')),
    ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle_unknown='ignore', sparse_output=False))])
```

Le choix du modèle:

```
model = XGBRegressor()
pipeline = Pipeline([('preprocessor', preprocessor),
                     ('model', model)])
pipeline.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = pipeline.predict(X test)
mse = mean squared error(y test, y pred)
r2 = r2 score(y test, y pred)
print("RMSE", np.sqrt(mse))
print("R^2", r2)
```

R^2 0.6501222997867013

RMSE 49689.047469139674 R^2 0.8130031723227926

Model final et pipeline:

```
df = pd.read csv("housing-train-data-6628a4723213d886993351.csv")
numerical cols = ['longitude', 'latitude', 'housing median age',
       'total rooms', 'total bedrooms', 'population', 'households',
       'median income'l
categorical cols = ['ocean_proximity']
X = df.drop(columns=["median house value", 'Unnamed: 0'])
v = df['median house value']
X train, X test, y train, y test = train test split(X, y, test size=0.2, random state=42)
numerical pipe = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='median')),
    ('scaler', RobustScaler())1)
categorical pipe = Pipeline(steps=[
    ('imputer', SimpleImputer(strategy='most frequent')),
    ('onehot', OneHotEncoder(handle unknown='ignore', sparse output=False))])
preprocessor = ColumnTransformer(
    transformers=[
        ('num', numerical pipe, numerical cols),
        ('cat', categorical pipe, categorical cols)])
model = KNeighborsRegressor()
pipeline = Pipeline([('preprocessor', preprocessor),
                     ('model', model)])
pipeline.fit(X train, y train)
y pred = pipeline.predict(X test)
mse = mean squared error(y test, y pred)
r2 = r2 score(y test, y pred)
```

Gridsearch:

```
param grid = {
    'model n neighbors': [5, 7, 9, 12, 15, 20],
    'model weights': ['uniform', 'distance'],
    'model metric': ['euclidean', 'manhattan']
grid pipeline = GridSearchCV(pipeline, param grid, cv=5, scoring='neg mean squared error')
grid pipeline.fit(X train, y train)
v pred = grid pipeline.predict(X test)
mse = mean squared error(y test, y pred)
r2 = r2 score(y test, y pred)
print("RMSE", np.sqrt(mse))
print("R^2", r2)
print("Meilleurs paramètres:", grid pipeline.best params )
RMSE 58146.19510340582
R^2 0.7439318885987141
Meilleurs paramètres: {'model metric': 'manhattan', 'model n neighbors': 9, 'model weights': 'distance'}
```

Joblib et utilisation du modèle:

```
loaded model = joblib.load('modele knn.joblib')
new data = pd.read csv("housing-tra.csv")
X new = new data.drop(columns=["median house value"])
y new = new data['median house value']
y pred new = loaded model.predict(X new)
mse new = mean squared error(y new, y pred new)
r2 new = r2 score(y new, y pred new)
print("Mean Squared Error (Nouveau jeu de données):", np.sqrt(mse new))
print("R^2 Score (Nouveau jeu de données):", r2 new)
Mean Squared Error (Nouveau jeu de données): 26686.794469891785
R^2 Score (Nouveau jeu de données): 0.9463563312930844
```

```
longitude = -122.22
latitude = 37.87
housing median age = 52
total rooms = 1627
total bedrooms = 280
population = 564
households = 260
median income = 3.8547
ocean proximity = 'NEAR BAY'
import pandas as pd
nouvelle ligne df = pd.DataFrame({
    'longitude': [longitude],
    'latitude': [latitude],
    'housing median age': [housing median age],
    'median income': [median_income],
    'ocean proximity': [ocean proximity],
    'total rooms': [total rooms],
    'total bedrooms':[total bedrooms],
    'population':[population],
    'households':[households]
})
prix predit = model.predict(nouvelle ligne df)
print("Prix prédit :", prix_predit)
Prix prédit : [284301.75649987]
```

Planning:

Mercredi: EDA + PREPROCESS

JEUDI: TEST MODEL + IT2RATION PREPROCESS

VENDREDI: TEST MODEL PIPELINES GRIDSEARCH:

LUNDI: JOBLIB STREAMLIT SLIDES GIT