



— 0–49   — 50–89   — 90–100

### There were issues affecting this run of Lighthouse:

- Chrome extensions negatively affected this page's load performance.  
Try auditing the page in incognito mode or from a Chrome profile without extensions.



## Performance

### Metrics



■ First Contentful Paint	2.5 s	■ First Meaningful Paint	2.5 s
▲ Speed Index	7.1 s	■ First CPU Idle	6.3 s
▲ Time to Interactive	31.5 s	■ Max Potential First Input Delay	190 ms

Values are estimated and may vary.



## Opportunities — These optimizations can speed up your page load.

Opportunity	Estimated Savings
⚠ Defer offscreen images	31.35 ⚡ s

Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. [Learn more](#).

URL	Size	Potential Savings
...Portfolio/terreetmer.jpg (localhost)	1,086 KB	1,086 KB
...Portfolio/prohaies.jpg (localhost)	918 KB	918 KB
...Portfolio/boucherie.jpg (localhost)	817 KB	817 KB
...Portfolio/maltais.jpg (localhost)	694 KB	694 KB
...Portfolio/mecasport.jpg (localhost)	664 KB	664 KB
...Portfolio/img.jpg (localhost)	564 KB	564 KB
...Portfolio/fred.jpg (localhost)	534 KB	534 KB
...Img/diane.jpg (localhost)	457 KB	457 KB
...Img/boutique.jpg (localhost)	170 KB	170 KB
...Img/onepager.jpg (localhost)	115 KB	115 KB
...Banner/PPersonalizado.jpg (localhost)	94 KB	94 KB
...Img/clef.png (localhost)	81 KB	81 KB
...Img/hosting.png (localhost)	47 KB	47 KB

URL		Size	Potential Savings
...Img/graphisme.png (localhost)		43 KB	43 KB
...Img/google.png (localhost)		14 KB	14 KB
...Img/video.png (localhost)		11 KB	11 KB
...Img/correoc.png (localhost)		11 KB	11 KB
...Img/tienda-online.png (localhost)		9 KB	9 KB
...Img/dweb.png (localhost)		8 KB	8 KB
...Img/arriba.png (localhost)		3 KB	3 KB

▲ Properly size images 22.5 s ^

Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time.

[Learn more.](#)

URL		Size	Potential Savings
...Portfolio/terreetmer.jpg (localhost)		1,086 KB	762 KB
...Portfolio/prohaies.jpg (localhost)		918 KB	644 KB
...Portfolio/boucherie.jpg (localhost)		817 KB	573 KB
...Portfolio/maltais.jpg (localhost)		694 KB	487 KB
...Portfolio/mecasport.jpg (localhost)		664 KB	466 KB
...Portfolio/img.jpg (localhost)		564 KB	395 KB
...Portfolio/fred.jpg (localhost)		534 KB	374 KB
...Img/diane.jpg (localhost)		457 KB	321 KB

URL		Size	Potential Savings
 ...Img/boutique.jpg (localhost)		170 KB	133 KB
 ...Img/onepager.jpg (localhost)		115 KB	90 KB
 ...Banner/PPersonalizado.jpg (localhost)		94 KB	75 KB
 ...Img/clef.png (localhost)		81 KB	71 KB
 ...Img/hosting.png (localhost)		47 KB	41 KB
 ...Img/graphisme.png (localhost)		43 KB	38 KB
 ...Img/google.png (localhost)		14 KB	12 KB
 ...Img/video.png (localhost)		11 KB	10 KB
 ...Img/correoc.png (localhost)		11 KB	10 KB
 ...Img/tienda-online.png (localhost)		9 KB	8 KB
 ...Img/dweb.png (localhost)		8 KB	7 KB

Serve images in next-gen formats

 4.35 s ^**Warnings:**

- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/prohaies.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/boucherie.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/maltais.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/mecasport.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/img.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/fred.jpg

- Unable to decode ...Img/diane.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/boutique.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/onepager.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Banner/PPersonalizado.jpg
- Unable to decode ...Img/clef.png
- Unable to decode ...Img/logo.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/hosting.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/graphisme.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/google.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/video.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/correoc.png
- Unable to decode ...Img/tienda-online.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/dweb.png



Image formats like JPEG 2000, JPEG XR, and WebP often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. [Learn more.](#)

URL	Size	Potential Savings
 ...Portfolio/terreetmer.jpg (localhost)	1,086 KB	877 KB

Efficiently encode images

— 3.45 s ^

### Warnings:

- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/prohaies.jpg

- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/boucherie.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/maltais.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/mecasport.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/img.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Portfolio/fred.jpg
- Unable to decode ...Img/diane.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/boutique.jpg
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/onepager.jpg
- ▲
- Unable to decode ...  
Banner/PPersonalizado.jpg
- Unable to decode ...Img/clef.png
- Unable to decode ...Img/logo.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/hosting.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/graphisme.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/google.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/video.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/correoc.png
- Unable to decode ...Img/tienda-online.png
- Unable to decode ...  
Img/dweb.png

Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. [Learn more.](#)

URL	Size	Potential Savings
 ...Portfolio/terreetmer.jpg (localhost)	1,086 KB	696 KB

### ▲ Minify JavaScript

■ 1.8 s ^

URL	Size	Potential Savings
...build/three.js (localhost)	1,096 KB	327 KB
...lightslider/lightslider.js (localhost)	47 KB	25 KB
...renderers/CanvasRenderer.js (localhost)	26 KB	7 KB
...renderers/Projector.js (localhost)	25 KB	7 KB

### ▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources

■ 0.93 s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. [Learn more.](#)

Show 3rd-party resources (5)

URL	Size	Potential Savings
...css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	21 KB	1,450 ms
/css?family=Great+Vibes (fonts.googleapis.com)	0 KB	840 ms
...lightslider/lightslider.css (localhost)	8 KB	630 ms
...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css?v=2.1.5 (localhost)	4 KB	480 ms
...Css/style.css (localhost)	8 KB	780 ms
...css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	9 KB	1,330 ms
...3.3.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	30 KB	1,520 ms

URL	Size	Potential Savings
/css?family=Raleway:200,100,400 (fonts.googleapis.com)	1 KB	840 ms
...wow/animate.css (localhost)	52 KB	1,680 ms

## ■ Remove unused CSS

0.6 s ^

Remove dead rules from stylesheets and defer the loading of CSS not used for above-the-fold content to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [Learn more.](#)

Show 3rd-party resources (4)

URL	Size	Potential Savings
...wow/animate.css (localhost)	52 KB	52 KB
...css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	21 KB	20 KB
...css/bootstrap.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	19 KB	19 KB
/vista/clef.php (localhost)	21 KB	16 KB
...css/all.css (use.fontawesome.com)	9 KB	9 KB
...lightslider/lightslider.css (localhost)	8 KB	8 KB
...Css/style.css (localhost)	8 KB	5 KB
...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css?v=2.1.5 (localhost)	4 KB	4 KB
...css/bootstrap-theme.min.css (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	3 KB	3 KB
.textosombra { font-family: "Avant Garde", Avantgarde, "Century Gothic", CenturyGothic, "AppleGothic... } ...	4 KB	3 KB
.swal-icon--error{border-color:#f27474;-webkit-animation:animateErrorIcon .5s; ... } ...	2 KB	2 KB

## ■ Preconnect to required origins

0.38 s ^

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. [Learn more](#).

URL	Potential Savings
<a href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com">https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com</a>	380 ms
<a href="http://subpyramidal.she-nding.com">http://subpyramidal.she-nding.com</a>	230 ms
<a href="http://a.ssl-checking.com">http://a.ssl-checking.com</a>	210 ms

**Diagnostics** — More information about the performance of your application.

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — **35 resources found** ^

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. [Learn more](#).

Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Cache TTL	Size
...build/three.js (localhost)	None	1,096 KB
...Portfolio/terreetmer.jpg (localhost)	None	1,087 KB
...Portfolio/prohaies.jpg (localhost)	None	918 KB
...Portfolio/boucherie.jpg (localhost)	None	818 KB
...Portfolio/maltais.jpg (localhost)	None	695 KB
...Portfolio/mecasport.jpg (localhost)	None	664 KB
...Portfolio/img.jpg (localhost)	None	564 KB
...Portfolio/fred.jpg (localhost)	None	534 KB
...Img/diane.jpg (localhost)	None	458 KB
...Img/boutique.jpg (localhost)	None	170 KB
...Img/onepager.jpg (localhost)	None	115 KB

URL	Cache TTL	Size
...Banner/PPersonalizado.jpg (localhost)	None	94 KB
...Img/clef.png (localhost)	None	81 KB
...Img/logo.png (localhost)	None	75 KB
...wow/animate.css (localhost)	None	52 KB
...lightslider/lightslider.js (localhost)	None	47 KB
...Img/hosting.png (localhost)	None	47 KB
...Img/graphisme.png (localhost)	None	44 KB
...js/jquery.carouFredSel-6.2.0-packed.js (localhost)	None	36 KB
...renderers/CanvasRenderer.js (localhost)	None	26 KB
...renderers/Projector.js (localhost)	None	25 KB
...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.js?v=2.1.5 (localhost)	None	23 KB
...Img/google.png (localhost)	None	14 KB
...Img/video.png (localhost)	None	12 KB
...Img/ correoc.png (localhost)	None	11 KB
...Img/tienda-online.png (localhost)	None	9 KB
...Css/style.css (localhost)	None	8 KB
...wow-wow.min.js (localhost)	None	8 KB
...wow-wow.js (localhost)	None	8 KB
...lightslider/lightslider.css (localhost)	None	8 KB
...Img/dweb.png (localhost)	None	8 KB
...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css?v=2.1.5 (localhost)	None	4 KB
...Img/arriba.png (localhost)	None	4 KB

URL		Cache TTL	Size
/?a=MGYyMTA4e... (subpyramidal.she-nding.com)		None	0 KB
...api2/logo_48.png (www.gstatic.com)		7 d	2 KB

### ▲ Ensure text remains visible during webfont load ^

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. [Learn more.](#)

URL	Potential Savings
...webfonts/fa-solid-900.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)	350 ms
...v6/RWmMoKWR9....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	50 ms
...webfonts/fa-brands-400.woff2 (use.fontawesome.com)	390 ms
...v15/S6u9w4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	50 ms
...v15/S6uyw4BMU....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	60 ms
...fonts/glyphicons-halflings-regular.woff2 (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	80 ms
...v18/KFOmCnqEu....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	60 ms

### ▲ Avoid enormous network payloads — Total size was 8,393 KB ^

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. [Learn more.](#)

URL	Size
...build/three.js (localhost)	1,096 KB
...Portfolio/terreetermer.jpg (localhost)	1,087 KB
...Portfolio/prohaies.jpg (localhost)	918 KB
...Portfolio/boucherie.jpg (localhost)	818 KB

URL	Size
...Portfolio/maltais.jpg (localhost)	695 KB
...Portfolio/mecasport.jpg (localhost)	664 KB
...Portfolio/img.jpg (localhost)	564 KB
...Portfolio/fred.jpg (localhost)	534 KB
...Img/diane.jpg (localhost)	458 KB
...Img/boutique.jpg (localhost)	170 KB

▲ Minimize main-thread work — **8.7 s** ^

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this.

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	3,268 ms
Other	2,002 ms
Style & Layout	1,312 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	865 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	774 ms
Rendering	415 ms
Garbage Collection	112 ms

▲ Reduce JavaScript execution time — **3.8 s** ^

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. [Learn more](#).

Show 3rd-party resources (7)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
blob:chrome-extension://blipmdconlkpinefehnmjammmfjmpbjk/dd4d7e9a-4797-48f6-9d20-0f2f69f7d973			

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Other	5,034 ms	347 ms	93 ms
...banner-principal/canvas_lines.html (localhost)	991 ms	933 ms	3 ms
...v155.../recaptcha__fr.js (www.gstatic.com)	786 ms	718 ms	63 ms
chrome-extension://kejbdjndbnbjgmefkgdddjlbokphdefk/tag_assistant_compiled.js	494 ms	252 ms	242 ms
...1.12.4/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	200 ms	179 ms	15 ms
...build/three.js (localhost)	137 ms	58 ms	80 ms
chrome-extension://nlipoenfbzikpbjkfpfillcgkoblgpmj/javascripts/libs/jquery-3.4.0.min.js	125 ms	97 ms	25 ms
...2.2.0/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	123 ms	96 ms	5 ms
...dist/sweetalert.min.js (unpkg.com)	96 ms	89 ms	7 ms
...3.3.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	86 ms	78 ms	6 ms
...wow/wow.min.js (localhost)	84 ms	68 ms	4 ms
chrome-extension://cplklnmnlnbnpmjogncfgfijoopmnlemp/content_scripts/recorder.js	76 ms	32 ms	44 ms
/vista/ (localhost)	72 ms	66 ms	4 ms
chrome-extension://cplklnmnlnbnpmjogncfgfijoopmnlemp/content_scripts/player.js	71 ms	23 ms	48 ms
...2.1.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	65 ms	55 ms	9 ms

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
...js/bootstrap.min.js (maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com)	61 ms	48 ms	13 ms

● Minimize Critical Requests Depth — 21 chains found ^

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load.

[Learn more.](#)

Maximum critical path latency: **2,200 ms**

*Initial Navigation*



 ...favicon/manifest.json (localhost) - **20 ms, 1.01 KB**

- Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 69 requests • 8,393 KB ^

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. [Learn more.](#)

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	69	8,393 KB
Image	23	6,424 KB
Script	18	1,507 KB
Stylesheet	13	216 KB
Font	7	167 KB
Document	5	73 KB
Other	3	7 KB
Media	0	0 KB
Third-party	31	558 KB

## Passed audits (8)

- Minify CSS — Potential savings of 6 KB ^

Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. [Learn more.](#)

URL	Size	Potential Savings
/vista/clef.php (localhost)	21 KB	3 KB
...lightslider/lightslider.css (localhost)	8 KB	2 KB

## Enable text compression

Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. [Learn more](#).

## Server response times are low (TTFB) — Root document took 10 ms

Time To First Byte identifies the time at which your server sends a response. [Learn more](#).

## Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. [Learn more](#).

## Preload key requests

Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. [Learn more](#).

## Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. [Learn more](#)

## Avoids an excessive DOM size — 375 elements

Browser engineers recommend pages contain fewer than ~1,500 DOM elements. The sweet spot is a tree depth < 32 elements and fewer than 60 children/parent element. A large DOM can increase memory usage, cause longer [style calculations](#), and produce costly [layout reflows](#). [Learn more](#).

Statistic	Element	Value
Total DOM Elements		375
Maximum DOM Depth	 	9

Statistic	Element	Value
Maximum Child Elements	<body>	32

## ● User Timing marks and measures ^

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. [Learn more](#).



## Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to [improve the accessibility of your web app](#). Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

**Navigation** — These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

### [accesskey] values are unique — Error! ^

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. [Learn more](#).

The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region — Error! ^

Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. [Learn more](#).

No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0 — Error! ^

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies.

[Learn more.](#)

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**ARIA** — These are opportunities to improve the usage of ARIA in your application which may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

[aria-\*] attributes match their roles — **Error!** ^

Each ARIA `role` supports a specific subset of `aria-\*` attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the `aria-\*` attributes. [Learn more.](#)

[role]s have all required [aria-\*] attributes — **Error!** ^

Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. [Learn more.](#)

Elements with [role] that require specific children [role]s, are present — **Error!** ^

Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. [Learn more.](#)

[role]s are contained by their required parent element — **Error!** ^

Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility functions. [Learn more.](#)

[role] values are valid — **Error!** ^

ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. [Learn more.](#)

[aria-\*] attributes have valid values — **Error!** ^

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. [Learn more.](#)

[aria-\*] attributes are valid and not misspelled — **Error!** ^

Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. [Learn more.](#)

**Audio and video** — These are opportunities to provide alternative content for audio and video. This may improve the experience for users with hearing or vision impairments.

<audio> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] — Error! ^

Captions make audio elements usable for deaf or hearing-impaired users, providing critical information such as who is talking, what they're saying, and other non-speech information. [Learn more](#).

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] — Error! ^

When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. [Learn more](#).

<video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="description"] — Error! ^

Audio descriptions provide relevant information for videos that dialogue cannot, such as facial expressions and scenes. [Learn more](#).

**Names and labels** — These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

Buttons have an accessible name — Error! ^

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. [Learn more](#).

Document has a <title> element — Error! ^

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. [Learn more](#).

<frame> or <iframe> elements have a title — Error! ^

Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. [Learn more](#).

Image elements have [alt] attributes — Error! ^

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. [Learn more](#).

<input type="image"> elements have [alt] text — Error! ^

When an image is being used as an `<input>` button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. [Learn more](#).

## Form elements have associated labels — Error!

Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. [Learn more](#).

## Links have a discernible name — Error!

Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. [Learn more](#).

## <object> elements have [ alt ] text — Error!

Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alt text to `<object>` elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. [Learn more](#).

## Contrast — These are opportunities to improve the legibility of your content.

### Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio — Error!

Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. [Learn more](#).

## Tables and lists — These are opportunities to to improve the experience of reading tabular or list data using assistive technology, like a screen reader.

### <dl>'s contain only properly-ordered <dt> and <dd> groups, <script> or <template> elements. — Error!

When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. [Learn more](#).

### Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements — Error!

Definition list items (`<dt>` and `<dd>`) must be wrapped in a parent `<dl>` element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. [Learn more](#).

### Presentational <table> elements avoid using <th>, <caption> or the [ summary ] attribute. — Error!

A table being used for layout purposes should not include data elements, such as the `th` or `caption` elements or the `summary` attribute, because this can create a confusing experience for screen reader users. [Learn more](#).

Lists contain only `<li>` elements and script supporting elements (`<script>` and `<template>`). — **Error!**

Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. [Learn more](#).

List items (`<li>`) are contained within `<ul>` or `<ol>` parent elements — **Error!**

Screen readers require list items (``<li>``) to be contained within a parent `<ul>` or `<ol>` to be announced properly. [Learn more](#).

Cells in a `<table>` element that use the `[ headers ]` attribute only refer to other cells of that same table. — **Error!**

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring `<td>` cells using the `[headers]` attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more](#).

`<th>` elements and elements with `[ role="columnheader" / "rowheader" ]` have data cells they describe. — **Error!**

Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. [Learn more](#).

**Best practices** — These items highlight common accessibility best practices.

`[ id ]` attributes on the page are unique — **Error!**

The value of an `id` attribute must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. [Learn more](#).

The document does not use `<meta http-equiv="refresh">` — **Error!**

Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. [Learn more](#).

`[ user-scalable="no" ]` is not used in the `<meta name="viewport">` element and

the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5. — Error!

Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. [Learn more](#).

**Internationalization and localization** — These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

<html> element has a [lang] attribute — Error! ^

If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. [Learn more](#).

<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute — Error! ^

Specifying a valid [BCP 47 language](#) helps screen readers announce text properly. [Learn more](#).

[lang] attributes have a valid value — Error! ^

Specifying a valid [BCP 47 language](#) on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. [Learn more](#).

**Additional items to manually check (11)** — These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on [conducting an accessibility review](#). ^

- The page has a logical tab order ^

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. [Learn more](#).

- Interactive controls are keyboard focusable ^

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. [Learn more](#).

## Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state ^

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. [Learn more.](#)

### ● The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page ^

If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. [Learn more.](#)

### ● User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region ^

A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. [Learn more.](#)

### ● Custom controls have associated labels ^

Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. [Learn more.](#)

### ● Custom controls have ARIA roles ^

Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. [Learn more.](#)

### ● Visual order on the page follows DOM order ^

DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. [Learn more.](#)

### ● Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology ^

Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. [Learn more.](#)

### ● Headings don't skip levels ^

Headings are used to create an outline for the page and heading levels are not skipped. [Learn more.](#)

### ● HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation ^

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. [Learn more.](#)



## Best Practices

### ▲ Does not use HTTPS — 2 insecure requests found ^

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. [Learn more](#).

#### Insecure URL

/?q=ZHEDyBtpk...&t=156...&ti=undefined&tu=undefined (a.ssl-checking.com)

/?a=MGYyMTA4e... (subpyramidal.she-nding.com)

### ▲ Does not use HTTP/2 for all of its resources — 38 requests not served via HTTP/2 ^

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers, multiplexing, and server push. [Learn more](#).

URL	Protocol
/vista/ (localhost)	http/1.1
...lightslider/lightslider.css (localhost)	http/1.1
...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.css?v=2.1.5 (localhost)	http/1.1
...Css/style.css (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/logo.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/dweb.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/tienda-online.png (localhost)	http/1.1

URL	Protocol
...Img/correoc.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/clef.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/hosting.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/video.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/google.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/graphisme.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/boucherie.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/mecasport.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/terreetmer.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/fred.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/img.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/maltais.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/diane.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Portfolio/prohaies.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/onepager.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Banner/PPersonalizado.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/boutique.jpg (localhost)	http/1.1
...fancybox/jquery.fancybox.js?v=2.1.5 (localhost)	http/1.1
...js/jquery.carouFredSel-6.2.0-packed.js (localhost)	http/1.1
...lightslider/lightslider.js (localhost)	http/1.1
...wow/animate.css (localhost)	http/1.1
...wow-wow.js (localhost)	http/1.1
...wow-wow.min.js (localhost)	http/1.1

URL	Protocol
...banner-principal/canvas_lines.html (localhost)	http/1.1
/vista/clef.php (localhost)	http/1.1
...checker/index.php (localhost)	http/1.1
...Img/arriba.png (localhost)	http/1.1
...build/three.js (localhost)	http/1.1
...renderers/Projector.js (localhost)	http/1.1
...renderers/CanvasRenderer.js (localhost)	http/1.1
...favicon/manifest.json (localhost)	http/1.1

▲ Links to cross-origin destinations are unsafe ^

Add `rel="noopener"` or `rel="noreferrer"` to any external links to improve performance and prevent security vulnerabilities. [Learn more](#).

URL	Target	Rel
/VistaWebQc/ (www.facebook.com)	_blank	
/sharer/sharer.php?u=http%3A//vistaweb.ca/ (www.facebook.com)	_blank	
/home?status=http%3A//vistaweb.ca/ (twitter.com)	_blank	
...create/button?url=&media=http%3A//vistaweb.ca/&description= (pinterest.com)	_blank	
/share?url=http%3A//vistaweb.ca/ (plus.google.com)	_blank	
/shareArticle?mini=... (www.linkedin.com)	_blank	
http://boucheriechristianhoule.ca	_blank	

URL	Target	Rel
<a href="http://www.flowridermecasport.com">http://www.flowridermecasport.com</a>	_blank	
<a href="http://www.boucherieterreetmer.ca">http://www.boucherieterreetmer.ca</a>	_blank	
<a href="http://www.fredgosselin.com">http://www.fredgosselin.com</a>	_blank	
<a href="http://www.imglocations.com">http://www.imglocations.com</a>	_blank	
<a href="http://www.emondeurmaltaisetfils.com">http://www.emondeurmaltaisetfils.com</a>	_blank	
<a href="http://www.cliniquedianelapointe.ca">http://www.cliniquedianelapointe.ca</a>	_blank	
<a href="http://www.prohaies.ca">http://www.prohaies.ca</a>	_blank	

▲ Includes front-end JavaScript libraries with known security vulnerabilities — 2  
**vulnerabilities detected**

Some third-party scripts may contain known security vulnerabilities that are easily identified and exploited by attackers. [Learn more.](#)

Library Version	Vulnerability Count	Highest Severity
<a href="#">jQuery@2.2.0</a>	2	Medium

▲ Browser errors were logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns.

URL	Description
/vista/clef.php (localhost)	SyntaxError: Unexpected token ,

^

## Passed audits (10)

### ● Avoids Application Cache

^

Application Cache is deprecated. [Learn more](#).

### ● Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

^

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as `passive` to improve your page's scroll performance. [Learn more](#).

### ● Avoids document.write()

^

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via `document.write()` can delay page load by tens of seconds. [Learn more](#).

### ● Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

^

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. [Learn more](#).

### ● Page has the HTML doctype

^

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Read more on the [MDN Web Docs page](#)

### ● Detected JavaScript libraries

^

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page.

Name	Version
jQuery	2.2.0

### ● Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

^

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. [Learn more](#).

- **Avoids deprecated APIs**

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. [Learn more.](#)

---

- **Allows users to paste into password fields**

Preventing password pasting undermines good security policy. [Learn more.](#)

---

- **Displays images with correct aspect ratio**

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. [Learn more.](#)



## SEO

These checks ensure that your page is optimized for search engine results ranking. There are additional factors Lighthouse does not check that may affect your search ranking. [Learn more.](#)

**Content Best Practices** — Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

---

Document has a <title> element — **Error!**

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. [Learn more.](#)

Document does not have a meta description

▲ **Description text is empty.**

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. [Learn more.](#)

### Image elements have [ alt ] attributes — Error!

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. [Learn more.](#)

**Mobile Friendly** — Make sure your pages are mobile friendly so users don't have to pinch or zoom in order to read the content pages. [Learn more.](#)

### Tap targets are sized appropriately — Error!

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), and have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. [Learn more.](#)

**Additional items to manually check (1)** — Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

#### ● Structured data is valid

Run the [Structured Data Testing Tool](#) and the [Structured Data Linter](#) to validate structured data. [Learn more.](#)

### Passed audits (7)

#### ● Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

Add a viewport meta tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. [Learn more.](#)

#### ● Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. [Learn more.](#)

## ● Links have descriptive text ^

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. [Learn more.](#)

## ● Page isn't blocked from indexing ^

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. [Learn more.](#)

## ● Document has a valid hreflang ^

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. [Learn more.](#)

## ● Document uses legible font sizes — 99.87% legible text ^

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to “pinch to zoom” in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text  $\geq 12\text{px}$ . [Learn more.](#)

Source	Selector	% of Page Text	Font Size
/vista/ (localhost)	<span style="font-size: 10px;">	0.04%	10px
/vista/ (localhost)	<span style="font-size: 10px;">	0.04%	10px
/vista/ (localhost)	<span style="font-size: 10px;">	0.04%	10px
Legible text		99.87%	$\geq 12\text{px}$

## ● Document avoids plugins ^

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. [Learn more.](#)

## Not applicable (2) ^

## ● robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed.

## ● Document has a valid `rel=canonical`

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. [Learn more.](#)



# Progressive Web App

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. [Learn more.](#)

## ⚡ Fast and reliable

Page load is not fast enough on mobile networks

- ▲ Your page loads too slowly and is not interactive within 10 seconds. Look at the opportunities and diagnostics in the "Performance" section to learn how to improve.
- Interactive at 31.5 s

A fast page load over a cellular network ensures a good mobile user experience. [Learn more.](#)

- ▲ Current page does not respond with a 200 when offline

If you're building a Progressive Web App, consider using a service worker so that your app can work offline. [Learn more.](#)

start\_url does not respond with a 200 when offline

- ▲ Unable to fetch start URL via service worker.

A service worker enables your web app to be reliable in unpredictable network conditions. [Learn more](#).

## **Installable**

### ▲ Does not use HTTPS — 2 insecure requests found

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. [Learn more](#).

#### Insecure URL

/?q=ZHEDyBtpk...&t=156...&ti=undefined&tu=undefined (a.ssl-checking.com)

/?a=MGYyMTA4e... (subpyramidal.she-nding.com)

### ▲ Does not register a service worker that controls page and start\_url

The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. [Learn more](#).

Web app manifest does not meet the installability requirements

### ▲ Failures: Manifest's `display` value is not one of: minimal-ui | fullscreen | standalone, Manifest does not have `short\_name`.

Browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. [Learn more](#).

## **PWA Optimized**

### ▲ Does not redirect HTTP traffic to HTTPS

If you've already set up HTTPS, make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS. [Learn more](#).

Is not configured for a custom splash screen

- ▲ Failures: Manifest does not have a PNG icon of at least 512px, Manifest does not have `background\_color`, Manifest does not have `theme\_color`.

A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. [Learn more](#).

Does not set an address-bar theme color

- ▲ Failures: Manifest does not have `theme\_color`.

The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. [Learn more](#).

- Content is sized correctly for the viewport

If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. [Learn more](#).

- Has a `<meta name="viewport">` tag with `width` or `initial-scale`

Add a viewport meta tag to optimize your app for mobile screens. [Learn more](#).

- Contains some content when JavaScript is not available

Your app should display some content when JavaScript is disabled, even if it's just a warning to the user that JavaScript is required to use the app. [Learn more](#).

- ▲ Does not provide a valid `apple-touch-icon`

For ideal appearance on iOS when users add to the home screen, define an apple-touch-icon. It must point to a non-transparent 192px (or 180px) square PNG. [Learn More](#).

**Additional items to manually check (3)** — These checks are required by the baseline [PWA Checklist](#) but are not automatically checked by Lighthouse. They do not affect your score but it's important that you verify them manually.

- Site works cross-browser

To reach the most number of users, sites should work across every major browser.

[Learn more](#).

● Page transitions don't feel like they block on the network ^

Transitions should feel snappy as you tap around, even on a slow network, a key to perceived performance. [Learn more](#).

● Each page has a URL ^

Ensure individual pages are deep linkable via the URLs and that URLs are unique for the purpose of shareability on social media. [Learn more](#).

## Runtime Settings

<b>URL</b>	http://localhost:8080/vista/
<b>Fetch time</b>	Jun 17, 2019, 10:44 AM GMT-5
<b>Device</b>	Emulated Nexus 5X
<b>Network throttling</b>	150 ms TCP RTT, 1,638.4 Kbps throughput (Simulated)
<b>CPU throttling</b>	4x slowdown (Simulated)
<b>User agent (host)</b>	Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; Intel Mac OS X 10_14_4) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/73.0.3683.86 Safari/537.36
<b>User agent (network)</b>	Mozilla/5.0 (Linux; Android 6.0.1; Nexus 5 Build/MRA58N) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/74.0.3694.0 Mobile Safari/537.36 Chrome-Lighthouse
<b>CPU/Memory Power</b>	391