# **Air Canvas Documentation**

# **System Requirements**

- Raspberry Pi with camera module
- Python 3.x
- OpenCV
- MediaPipe
- NumPy
- Picamera2 library
- Hailo hardware acceleration (optional)

## Installation

Ensure all dependencies are installed:

1. pip install opency-python mediapipe numpy

Set up Picamera2 for Raspberry Pi:

- 2. sudo apt-get install python3-picamera2
- Place overlay images in the configured folder path (my path): /home/cotadmin/Downloads/Interfaces)

To pull from github:

1. <a href="https://github.com/Jsopaseuth/AirCanvas.git">https://github.com/Jsopaseuth/AirCanvas.git</a>

Or

2. gh repo clone Jsopaseuth/AirCanvas

To start/end program:

- In command line change directory to where python file is stored (my path): cd/picamera2/examples/hailo
- 2. To start the program call the file in the command line: python3 AirCanvas.py
- 3. To end the program while the "Canvas" frame is selected: Press 'q' on the keyboard

# **Configuration (AirConfig.py)**

The application uses a centralized configuration module (AirConfig.py) to manage settings:

(See Configuration File tab for a more detailed descriptions)

### **Canvas Settings**

- CANVAS WIDTH: Width of the canvas (default: 1280 pixels)
- CANVAS\_HEIGHT: Height of the canvas (default: 720 pixels)
- HEADER HEIGHT: Height of the UI header (default: 125 pixels)
- STROKE\_LIFETIME: Duration before strokes fade (default: 30 seconds)

### **Drawing Parameters**

- default\_color: Initial drawing color (default: red)
- default brush thickness: Initial brush thickness (default: 5 pixels)
- eraser brush multiplier: Eraser size multiplier (default: 2x brush thickness)

## **Detection Settings**

- detection\_confidence: Hand detection confidence threshold (default: 0.85)
- tracking\_confidence: Hand tracking confidence threshold (default: 0.5)
- hand\_timeout: Time before canvas auto-clears when no hand is detected (default: 10 seconds)

#### **Color Definitions**

- RED COLOR: Red in BGR format (0, 0, 255)
- BLUE COLOR: Blue in BGR format (255, 50, 10)
- GREEN COLOR: Green in BGR format (0, 255, 0)
- ERASER\_COLOR: Eraser color in BGR format (255, 192, 203)

#### **UI Elements**

- color\_regions: Defines "clickable" regions for color selection
- brush control regions: Defines regions for brush size adjustment
- overlay paths: Maps color names to overlay image filenames
- show\_countdown: Enables/disables auto-clear countdown display

## **Features**

# **Drawing Capabilities**

- Real-time drawing using index finger movement
- Multiple color options (red, blue, green)
- Dedicated eraser tool
- Adjustable brush thickness

- Strokes automatically fade after x amount of time
- Auto-clear functionality when no hand is detected for x amount of time

#### **User Interface**

- Interactive header with color selection options
- Visual indicators for current drawing mode
- Brush size adjustment controls
- Visual feedback for current brush position
- Auto-clear countdown display

## **Controls**

#### **Hand Gestures**

- **Selection Mode** (index finger + middle finger raised):
  - Move over header area to select colors
  - Move over brush controls to adjust brush size
- **Drawing Mode** (only index finger raised):
  - Move finger to draw on canvas
  - Strokes only appear below the header area
- No Gesture (no fingers raised or no hand detected):
  - Resets drawing position
  - Auto-clear after timeout period

# **Keyboard Controls**

- q: Quit application
- c: Cycle through color options
- x: Clear canvas
- +: Increase brush thickness
- -: Decrease brush thickness
- Number keys (0-9): Enter custom RGB color values (nine digits total: three each for blue, green, and red)

# **Technical Implementation**

### **Hand Detection**

The HandDetectorMP class encapsulates MediaPipe's hand tracking functionality:

- Detects hands in camera frames
- Identifies hand landmarks (21 points on each hand)

- Determines which fingers are raised
- Converts normalized coordinates to pixel positions

#### Key methods:

- find\_hands(): Detects and visualizes hand landmarks
- find position(): Extracts landmark coordinates
- fingers\_up(): Returns an array indicating which fingers are extended [0,0,0,0,0] when:
  - Thumb is up: index 0 = 1
  - o Index finger is up: index 1 = 1
  - Middle finger is up: index 2 = 1
  - Ring finger is up: index 3 = 1
  - Little finger is up: index 4 = 1

### **Drawing Pipeline**

- 1. Capture: Obtain frame from Raspberry Pi camera
- 2. **Process**: Detect hand and finger positions
- 3. **Interact**: Interpret gestures as drawing or UI commands
- 4. Render: Update canvas with new strokes or UI changes
- 5. **Display**: Combine camera feed, drawings, and UI elements

### **Stroke Management**

Strokes are stored as tuples with the following information:

- Start coordinates (x\_start, y\_start)
- End coordinates (x\_end, y\_end)
- Color (BGR tuple)
- Thickness (pixel width)
- Timestamp (creation time)
- Eraser flag (boolean)

The application uses a two-pass rendering system:

- 1. First pass: Identifies eraser strokes and builds a list of active erasers
- 2. Second pass: Processes each normal stroke to:
  - Check if it has expired (based on STROKE\_LIFETIME)
  - Determine if it collides with any eraser strokes
  - Render only non-erased, non-expired strokes
  - Update the strokes list for the next frame

## **Eraser Functionality**

The eraser implements a sophisticated collision detection system:

- 1. When in eraser mode, finger movements don't create visible strokes
- 2. Instead, they create invisible "eraser strokes" with a wider area of effect
- 3. For each existing stroke, the system:
  - Creates a bounding box around the eraser path (with margins)
  - Creates a bounding box around the existing stroke (with margins)
  - Uses rectangle intersection test to detect collisions
  - Removes strokes that intersect with the eraser path
- 4. This approach allows for precise erasing of specific strokes without affecting nearby content

The eraser provides visual feedback with a larger white circle showing the exact area being erased.

# **Customization**

### **Adding New Colors**

- Add color definition to AirConfig.py
- 2. Add color to color\_options list
- 3. Create corresponding overlay image
- 4. Add entry to overlay\_paths dictionary
- 5. Add region definition to color\_regions list

# **Modifying Behavior**

- Adjust STROKE LIFETIME to change how long strokes remain visible
- Modify hand\_timeout to change auto-clear behavior
- Adjust detection and tracking confidence thresholds for different lighting conditions
- Set show countdown to False to hide the auto-clear countdown
- Enable debug\_mode for troubleshooting and development

# **Troubleshooting**

#### **Common Issues**

- Overlay Images Not Loading:
  - Verify the correct path in folder path
  - Check that image files exist and have correct permissions
  - The application will create a basic gray header if images aren't found
- Hand Detection Issues:

- Adjust lighting for better hand visibility
- o Try lowering detection\_confidence if hands aren't being detected
- o Ensure hands are within camera frame

### • Drawing Performance:

- o If the application runs slowly, consider reducing canvas resolution
- o Verify Hailo hardware acceleration is properly configured
- Decrease STROKE\_LIFETIME value

## **Debugging**

Enable debug\_mode in AirConfig.py to view detailed information about:

- Overlay image loading
- Color selection events
- Brush size changes
- Auto-clear operations