Math Camp 2017

Christopher D. Grady August 11, 2017

Resources:

- Basic R tutorial
 - Going to recommend Swirl: http://swirlstats.com/students.html
 - Could use codeschool: https://www.codeschool.com/courses/try-r
 - Could use Datacamp: https://www.datacamp.com/
 - Others?
- Github with R
 - http://happygitwithr.com/

Instructors:

- Faculty: Alicia.
- Graduate Students: Jae, Chris, Gustavo, Wei, Ekrem, Nuole

Topics:

- Algebra and Calculus
- Probability & Statistics
- General R
- Workflow (Organized & replicable data, Rmarkdown/LaTex, GitHub)
- Interpreting tables/figures

Style

• Interactive: ask the students to do things, rather than tell them how to do things.

Schedule

- Five days, two 2-hour sessions per day, start with 30 minute review of previous day.
- Review: 9:30am-10:00am
- Session1: 10:00am-12:00pm
- Lunch: 12:00pm-1:30pm
- Session2: 1:30pm-3:30pm
- 1. Day 1 (Aug 14): Algebra & calculus.
 - Professor Uribe-McGuire
- 2. Day 2 (Aug 15): Probability & statistics.
 - Ekrem and Lula
- 3. Day 3 (Aug 16) Introduction to R.

- Gustavo and??
- 4. Day 4 (Aug 17): Workflow Rmarkdown, LaTex, GitHub.
 - Wei (Rmarkdown/Latex) and Chris (GitHub)
- 5. Day 5 (Aug 18): Reading tables/plots & conclusion.
 - Ekrem (conclusion) and Jae (reading tables/plots)

Details

Day 1 (Aug 14): Algebra + calc

- Introduction (9:30am)
 - What we use math for:
 - Identifying an effect of X on Y
 - Conditions: when $X \rightarrow Y$?
 - Mechanism: how $X \rightarrow Y$?
 - Need mathematics to determine if Y increases as X increases (simple version).
- Module One (10:00am-12:00pm)
 - Algebra & calculus
- Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)
 - Algebra & calculus

Day 2 (Aug 15): Probability & Statistics

- Review (9:30am)
 - Review & questions from algebra & calculus
- Module One (10:00am-12:00pm)
 - Probability & statistics
 - Statistics as describing variation
 - Descriptive statistics (means, modes, medians, etc...)
 - Logic
 - More advanced topics
- Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)
 - Probability & statistics
 - Statistics as describing variation
 - Descriptive statistics (means, modes, medians, etc...)
 - Logic
 - More advanced topics

Day 3 (Aug 16): Introduction to R

- Review (9:30am)
 - Review & questions from probability & statistics
- Module One (10:00am-12:00pm)
 - Types of data
 - * Characters, factors, numerics
 - * Types of objects
 - * Scalars, vectors, matrices, dataframes.
 - R programming as a language
 - * Functions are verbs
 - * Objects as direct objects (thing verb acts on)

- Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)
 - Basic functions
 - Structure of data
 - * rows (units of analysis) and columns (variables/characteristics that describe units of analysis)
 - * Indexing [row,column]
 - Troubleshooting with Google (stackoverflow)

Day 4 (Aug 17): Workflow – Rmarkdown, LaTex, GitHub

- Review (9:30am)
 - Review & questions from probability & statistics
- Module One (10:00am-12:00pm)
 - Workflow: what is workflow?
 - Data management & replicability
 - Tools for Workflow: Rmarkdown
 - $\ast\,$ code chunks & their options
 - * plots in rmarkdown
 - * inline code
 - * knitting
 - Tools for Workflow: LaTex
- Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)
 - Tools for Workflow: GitHub
 - * Repositories, initializing, cloning, status, pulling, committing, pushing.

Day 5 (Aug 18): Reading tables/plots & conclusion

- Review
 - Workflow
- Module One (10:00am-12:00pm)
 - Regression Tables
 - * coefficients
 - * standard errors
 - * statistical significance
 - Typical plots:
 - * barplots
 - * histograms
 - * line graphs
 - * others
- Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)
 - Goal of methods:
 - * detect effect of X on Y
 - * conditions under which X effects Y
 - * mechanism through which X effects Y
 - How do algebra, calculus, and statistics help us do social science?
 - What is a statistical model?
 - Why do we want to use statistical models?

Modified/Shortened Schedule

- Three days, short sessions.
- Review: 9:30am-10:00am

- Session1: 10:00am-12:00pm
- Lunch: 12:00pm-1:30pm
- Session2: 1:30pm-3:30pm
- 1. Day 1 (Aug 24): Algebra & calculus.
 - Professor Uribe-McGuire
- 2. Day 2 (Aug 25): Probability & statistics + reading tables/plots
 - Ekrem and Lula, Jae
- 3. Day 3 (Aug 26) R, workflow (Rmarkdown, LaTex, GitHub basics), conclusion.
 - Gustavo, Wei, Ekrem

Details

Day 1 (Aug 24): Algebra + calc

- Introduction (1:30pm): math camp, why we did it, how it will prepare them. who is teaching it, any questions?
- Module Zero: Point of it all
 - What we use math for:
 - Identifying an effect of X on Y
 - Conditions: when $X \rightarrow Y$?
 - Mechanism: how X -> Y?
 - Need mathematics to determine if Y increases as X increases (simple version).
- Module One (1:40pm-3:30pm)
 - Algebra & calculus
- Module Two (3:45pm-5:30pm)
 - Algebra & calculus

Day 2 (Aug 15): Probability & Statistics, Reading tables & plots

- Review (9:30am)
 - Review & questions from algebra & calculus
- Module One (9:45am-12:00pm)
 - Probability & statistics
 - Statistics as describing variation
 - Descriptive statistics (means, modes, medians, etc...)
 - Logic
 - More advanced topics
- Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)
 - Probability & statistics
 - Statistics as describing variation
 - Descriptive statistics (means, modes, medians, etc...)
 - Logic
 - More advanced topics
- Module Three (3:45pm-5:30pm)
 - Reading tables & plots
 - Regression Tables
 - * coefficients
 - * standard errors
 - * statistical significance
 - Typical plots:
 - * barplots

- * histograms
- * line graphs
- * others

Day 3 (Aug 16): R, Workflow, Conclusion

- Review (9:30am)
 - Review & questions from probability & statistics + reading tables/plots
- Module One (9:45am-12:00pm)
 - Types of data
 - * Characters, factors, numerics
 - * Types of objects
 - * Scalars, vectors, matrices, dataframes.
 - R programming as a language
 - * Functions are verbs
 - * Objects as direct objects (thing verb acts on)
 - Basic functions
 - Structure of data
 - * rows (units of analysis) and columns (variables/characteristics that describe units of analysis)
 - * Indexing [row,column]
 - Troubleshooting with Google (stackoverflow)

• Module Two (1:30pm-3:30pm)

- Workflow: what is workflow?
- Data management & replicability
- Tools for Workflow: Rmarkdown
 - * code chunks & their options
 - * plots in rmarkdown
 - * inline code
 - * knitting
- Tools for Workflow: LaTex
- Tools for Workflow: GitHub
 - * Repositories, initializing, cloning, status, pulling, committing, pushing.

• Module Three (3:45pm-5:30pm)

- Conclusion
 - * Goal of methods:
 - * detect effect of X on Y
 - * conditions under which X effects Y
 - * mechanism through which X effects Y
- How do algebra, calculus, and statistics help us do social science?
- What is a statistical model?
- Why do we want to use statistical models?
- Asking political science questions