

## Scene Graph Hierarchy

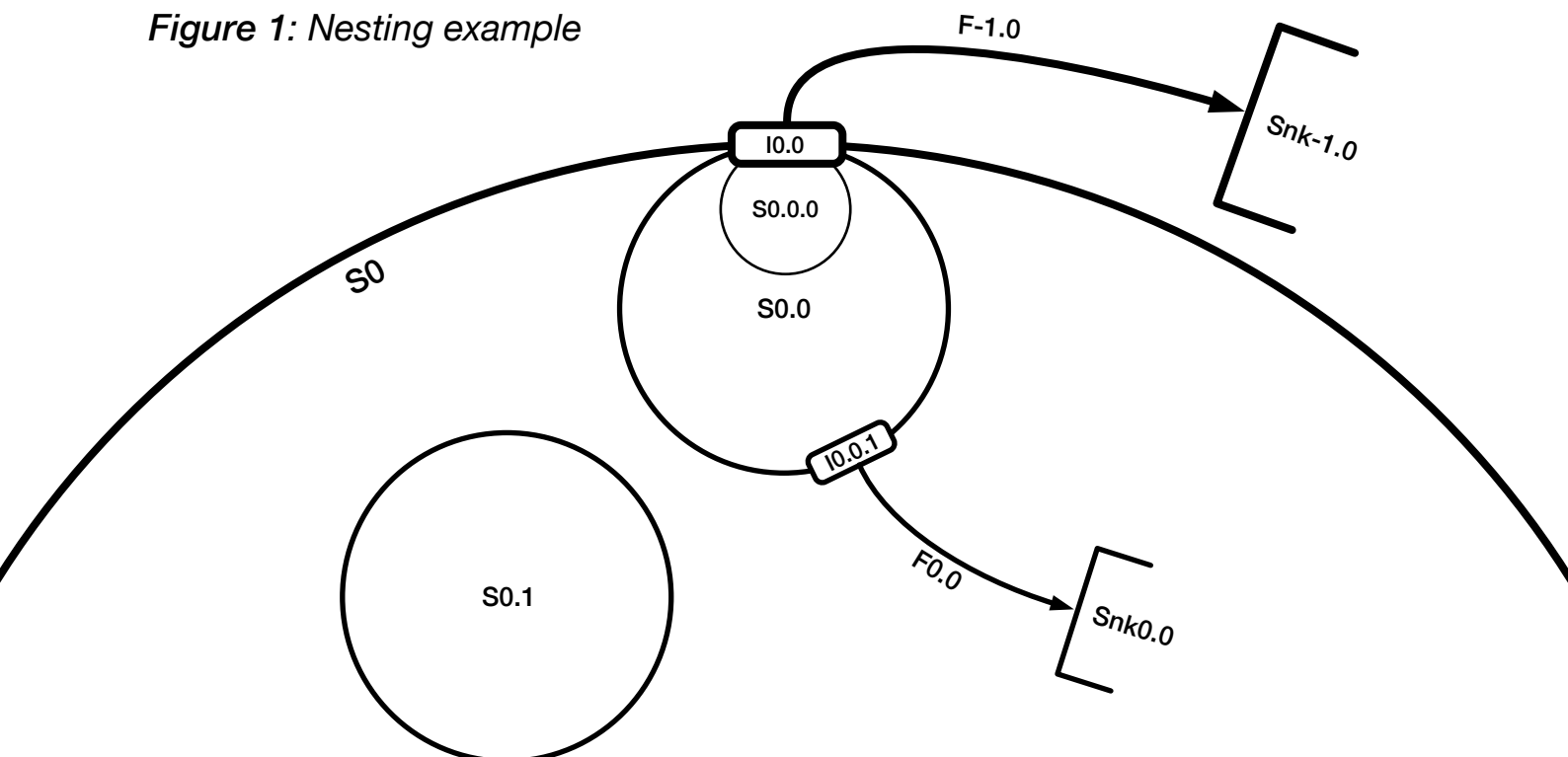
This shows how all the elements pictured below (*Figure 1*) are hierarchically related in the program.

Please note that, even though S0.0.0 is an interface subsystem, it is a child of S0.0 and not of I0.0 because it is a second level interface subsystem.

All labels (not illustrated here) are root level entities.

Entities	Description
Snk-1.0	External sink
F-1.0	External outflow
S0	Root system
Snk0.0	Internal Sink
F0.0	Internal flow
S0.1	Subsystem
I0.0	Interface
S0.0	Interface subsystem
I0.0.1	Nested interface
S0.0.0	Nested interface subsystem

*Figure 1: Nesting example*



## Zoom, Scale, Visibility and Nesting Level

Zoom is stored and modified as a **Resource**. It is not applied to the camera's matrix in the form of a scaling factor. The camera is moved however to always be centered on the same point relative to the world entities.

The zoom value is multiplied to the translations x and y of all entities. The z component stays unchanged. To provide a base value at zoom level 1 the component **InitialPosition** is used.

### Systems

Only system entities change size according to the current zoom value. This is done by drawing a circle with it's base radius multiplied by zoom. The transform's scale is not changed.

### Nesting Level

Labels, external entities and interfaces all have a maximum size and are only scaled down when the zoom factor falls below a certain threshold. To compute their scale their nesting level together with the zoom factor is considered.

All of these types of entities have a component **NestingLevel** attached which is just a **u16**. The table below illustrates what nesting levels the entities shown in *Figure 1* have.

The scale is computed like the following:

$$s = \min\{f^l \cdot z, 1\}$$

Entity	Nesting Level
Snk-1.0	0
F-1.0	0
S0	(No component) 0
Snk0.0	1
F0.0	1
S0.1	1
I0.0	1
S0.0	1
I0.0.1	2
S0.0.0	2

where

$s$	Resulting scale
$f$	Nesting factor. A fixed constant $< 1$ called SUBSYSTEM_SCALING_FACTOR
$l$	Nesting level
$z$	Zoom factor

This same scale calculation is also used to determine the line width of all entities (including systems).

### **Visibility**

It is also used to determine the visibility of an entity. If the scale falls below a certain threshold the entity is hidden (`SCALE_VISIBILITY_THRESHOLD`, `LABEL_SCALE_VISIBILITY_THRESHOLD`).