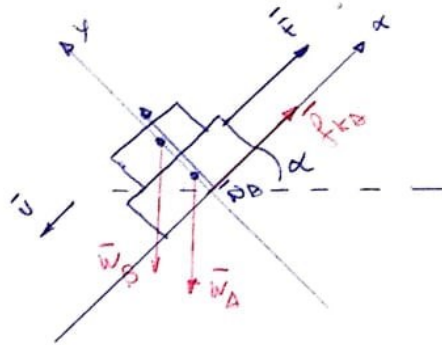


Primero, dado que las cajas se mueven juntas, solo consideremos las fuerzas externas al sistema constituido por las dos cajas.



~~$$\sum F_x = F + f_k - (m_A + m_B)g \sin \alpha = 0$$~~

$$\alpha = \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2.50}{4.75} \right) = 27.8^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1) \quad \sum F_x = 0 &= F + f_k - (m_A + m_B)g \sin \alpha \\ (2) \quad \sum F_y = 0 &= N_B - (m_A + m_B)g \cos \alpha \end{aligned} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \text{dado que el movimiento} \\ \text{es a velocidad constante.} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$(1): F = (m_A + m_B)g \sin \alpha - N_B \mu_k$$

$$(2): N_B = (m_A + m_B)g \cos \alpha$$

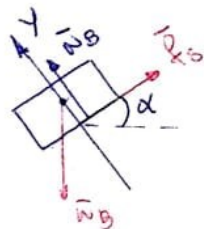
$$\text{Luego: } F = (m_A + m_B)g \sin \alpha - (m_A + m_B)g \cos \alpha \mu_k$$

$$F = (m_A + m_B)g [\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha \mu_k]$$

$$F = (48.0 \text{ kg} + 32.0 \text{ kg}) \cdot 9.80 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} [\sin 27.8^\circ - \cos 27.8^\circ \cdot 0.444] = 57.1 \text{ N}$$

a)  $F = 57.1 \text{ N}$  → fuerza que debe ejercer el obrero.

b) Ahora consideremos la caja superior.



$$(1) \quad \sum F_y = N_B - m_B g \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$(2) \quad \sum F_x = 0 = -m_B g \sin \alpha + f_s$$

$$(1): N_B = m_B g \cos \alpha$$

$$(2) \quad f_s = m_B g \sin \alpha$$

$$f_s = 32.0 \text{ kg} \cdot 9.80 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2} \sin 27.8^\circ$$

$$f_s = 146 \text{ N}$$

fuerza de fricción sobre la caja superior

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