# deep-learning-76

April 24, 2025

## 1 Paso 1: Configuración inicial y librerías

```
[19]: # Paso 1: Importar librerías necesarias
      import numpy as np
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      import tensorflow as tf
      import os
      import time
      from datetime import datetime
      from tensorflow.keras.datasets import cifar10
      from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential, Model
      from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, Dropout, Flatten, Input,
       →BatchNormalization, LeakyReLU
      from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import EarlyStopping, ModelCheckpoint,
       →TensorBoard, ReduceLROnPlateau
      from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import SGD, Adam
      from tensorflow.keras.utils import to_categorical
      from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.image import ImageDataGenerator
      from tensorflow.keras import regularizers
      # Configurar semilla para reproducibilidad
      SEED = 42
      np.random.seed(SEED)
      tf.random.set_seed(SEED)
      # Verificar versión de TensorFlow
      print(f"Versión de TensorFlow: {tf._version_}")
      # Verificar si hay GPU disponible
      print("GPU disponible:", tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU'))
     Versión de TensorFlow: 2.18.0
     GPU disponible: [PhysicalDevice(name='/physical_device:GPU:0',
     device_type='GPU')]
     #Paso 2: Cargar y explorar el dataset CIFAR-10
```

```
[20]: # Paso 2: Cargar el dataset CIFAR-10
      (x_train, y_train), (x_test, y_test) = cifar10.load_data()
      # Nombres de las clases
      class_names = ['avión', 'automóvil', 'pájaro', 'gato', 'ciervo',
                     'perro', 'rana', 'caballo', 'barco', 'camión']
      # Verificar las dimensiones
      print("Tamaño de x_train:", x_train.shape)
      print("Tamaño de y_train:", y_train.shape)
      print("Tamaño de x_test:", x_test.shape)
      print("Tamaño de y_test:", y_test.shape)
      print("Valores de pixeles: min =", x_train.min(), ", max =", x_train.max())
     Tamaño de x train: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
     Tamaño de y_train: (50000, 1)
     Tamaño de x test: (10000, 32, 32, 3)
     Tamaño de y_test: (10000, 1)
     Valores de píxeles: min = 0 , max = 255
```

## 2 Paso 3: Visualización de ejemplos e inspección de clases

```
[21]: # Función para visualizar imágenes del dataset
def plot_sample_images(X, y, class_names, n_samples=10):
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 3))
    for i in range(n_samples):
        idx = np.random.randint(0, X.shape[0])
        plt.subplot(1, n_samples, i+1)
        plt.imshow(X[idx])
        plt.title(class_names[y[idx][0]])
        plt.axis('off')
        plt.tight_layout()
        plt.show()

# Mostrar imágenes de entrenamiento
plot_sample_images(x_train, y_train, class_names)
```



3 Paso 4: Preprocesamiento de datos (normalización y codificación)

```
[22]: # Normalizar valores de píxeles a rango [0, 1]
x_train = x_train.astype("float32") / 255.0
x_test = x_test.astype("float32") / 255.0

# Convertir etiquetas a one-hot encoding
y_train_cat = to_categorical(y_train, 10)
y_test_cat = to_categorical(y_test, 10)

# Confirmar formas
print("x_train:", x_train.shape)
print("y_train_cat:", y_train_cat.shape)

x_train: (50000, 32, 32, 3)
y_train_cat: (50000, 10)
```

## 4 Paso 5: Data Augmentation con ImageDataGenerator

```
[23]: # Crear generador de datos con aumentos
      datagen = ImageDataGenerator(
          rotation_range=15,
          width_shift_range=0.1,
          height shift range=0.1,
          horizontal_flip=True,
          zoom_range=0.1,
          fill_mode='nearest'
      # Ajustar el generador a los datos de entrenamiento
      datagen.fit(x_train)
      # Verificar una muestra aumentada
      it = datagen.flow(x_train, y_train_cat, batch_size=1)
      x_batch, y_batch = next(it)
      plt.imshow(x_batch[0])
      plt.title("Ejemplo con aumento")
      plt.axis("off")
      plt.show()
```

Ejemplo con aumento



5 Paso 6: Crear el modelo denso (MLP) con regularización y activaciones modernas

```
[24]: from tensorflow.keras import regularizers

# Aplanar las imágenes (32x32x3 = 3072)
x_train_flat = x_train.reshape(x_train.shape[0], -1)
x_test_flat = x_test.reshape(x_test.shape[0], -1)

# Regularización L1 + L2
regularizador = regularizers.L1L2(11=1e-5, 12=1e-4)

# Definir el modelo secuencial
modelo = Sequential([
    Input(shape=(3072,)),

    Dense(2048, kernel_regularizer=regularizador),
    BatchNormalization(),
    LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01),
    Dropout(0.5),
```

```
Dense(1024, kernel_regularizer=regularizador),
   BatchNormalization(),
   LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01),
   Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(512, kernel_regularizer=regularizador),
   BatchNormalization(),
   LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01),
   Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(256, kernel_regularizer=regularizador),
   BatchNormalization(),
   LeakyReLU(negative_slope=0.01),
   Dropout(0.5),
   Dense(10, activation='softmax') # CIFAR-10 tiene 10 clases
])
# Resumen del modelo
modelo.summary()
```

Model: "sequential\_1"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense_5 (Dense)	(None, 2048)	6,293,504
<pre>batch_normalization_4 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 2048)	8,192
<pre>leaky_re_lu_4 (LeakyReLU)</pre>	(None, 2048)	0
<pre>dropout_4 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 2048)	0
dense_6 (Dense)	(None, 1024)	2,098,176
<pre>batch_normalization_5 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 1024)	4,096
<pre>leaky_re_lu_5 (LeakyReLU)</pre>	(None, 1024)	0
<pre>dropout_5 (Dropout)</pre>	(None, 1024)	0
dense_7 (Dense)	(None, 512)	524,800
batch_normalization_6	(None, 512)	2,048

#### (BatchNormalization)

```
leaky_re_lu_6 (LeakyReLU) (None, 512)
                                                                    0
dropout_6 (Dropout)
                               (None, 512)
                                                                    0
dense_8 (Dense)
                                (None, 256)
                                                              131,328
batch_normalization_7
                               (None, 256)
                                                                1,024
(BatchNormalization)
                            (None, 256)
leaky_re_lu_7 (LeakyReLU)
                                                                    0
dropout_7 (Dropout)
                               (None, 256)
                                                                    0
dense_9 (Dense)
                                (None, 10)
                                                                2,570
```

Total params: 9,065,738 (34.58 MB)

Trainable params: 9,058,058 (34.55 MB)

Non-trainable params: 7,680 (30.00 KB)

# 6 Paso 7: Compilar el modelo (SGD con momentum + Nesterov)

```
[25]: # Definir el optimizador SGD
optimizador = SGD(
     learning_rate=0.01,
     momentum=0.9,
     nesterov=True
)

# Compilar el modelo
modelo.compile(
     optimizer=optimizador,
     loss='categorical_crossentropy',
     metrics=['accuracy']
)
```

### 7 Paso 8: Entrenamiento del modelo con callbacks

```
[30]: # Directorio para logs y checkpoints
      log_dir = "logs/" + datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S")
      checkpoint_path = "mejor_modelo.keras"
      # Callbacks
      callbacks = [
          TensorBoard(log_dir=log_dir),
          ModelCheckpoint(filepath=checkpoint_path, save_best_only=True,_

→monitor='val_loss', mode='min', verbose=1),
          EarlyStopping(monitor='val_loss', patience=10, restore_best_weights=True, __
       →verbose=1),
          ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.5, patience=5, min_lr=1e-6, ___
       →verbose=1)
      1
      # Entrenamiento
      historial = modelo.fit(
          x_train_flat, y_train_cat,
          validation_data=(x_test_flat, y_test_cat),
          epochs=100,
          batch_size=128,
          callbacks=callbacks
      )
```

```
Epoch 1/100
388/391
                    Os 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7062 - loss: 1.5353
Epoch 1: val_loss improved from inf to 2.00539, saving model to
mejor modelo.keras
391/391
                    4s 10ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7063 - loss: 1.5351 - val_accuracy: 0.5741 - val_loss: 2.0054 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 2/100
389/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7224 - loss: 1.5031
Epoch 2: val_loss did not improve from 2.00539
391/391
                    4s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7224 - loss: 1.5030 - val_accuracy: 0.5708 - val_loss: 2.0268 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 3/100
383/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7210 - loss: 1.4911
Epoch 3: val_loss did not improve from 2.00539
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7211 - loss: 1.4908 - val_accuracy: 0.5710 - val_loss: 2.0323 -
```

```
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 4/100
391/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7258 - loss: 1.4794
Epoch 4: val loss did not improve from 2.00539
391/391
                    3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7258 - loss: 1.4794 - val accuracy: 0.5749 - val loss: 2.0171 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 5/100
391/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7316 - loss: 1.4601
Epoch 5: val_loss improved from 2.00539 to 1.99887, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                    3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7316 - loss: 1.4601 - val_accuracy: 0.5766 - val_loss: 1.9989 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 6/100
389/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7295 - loss: 1.4668
Epoch 6: val loss did not improve from 1.99887
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7295 - loss: 1.4667 - val_accuracy: 0.5663 - val_loss: 2.0735 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 7/100
386/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7324 - loss: 1.4567
Epoch 7: val_loss did not improve from 1.99887
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7325 - loss: 1.4565 - val_accuracy: 0.5761 - val_loss: 2.0360 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 8/100
388/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7301 - loss: 1.4510
Epoch 8: val_loss improved from 1.99887 to 1.98585, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                    3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7302 - loss: 1.4509 - val_accuracy: 0.5812 - val_loss: 1.9858 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 9/100
388/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7363 - loss: 1.4408
Epoch 9: val_loss did not improve from 1.98585
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7363 - loss: 1.4407 - val_accuracy: 0.5625 - val_loss: 2.0839 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 10/100
388/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7397 - loss: 1.4381
```

```
Epoch 10: val_loss did not improve from 1.98585
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7398 - loss: 1.4380 - val_accuracy: 0.5634 - val_loss: 2.1013 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 11/100
385/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7376 - loss: 1.4337
Epoch 11: val_loss did not improve from 1.98585
                    3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7376 - loss: 1.4336 - val_accuracy: 0.5645 - val_loss: 2.0739 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 12/100
387/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7436 - loss: 1.4259
Epoch 12: val_loss did not improve from 1.98585
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7436 - loss: 1.4258 - val_accuracy: 0.5828 - val_loss: 1.9959 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 13/100
386/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7444 - loss: 1.4114
Epoch 13: val loss did not improve from 1.98585
Epoch 13: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0003124999930150807.
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7444 - loss: 1.4114 - val accuracy: 0.5756 - val loss: 2.0152 -
learning_rate: 6.2500e-04
Epoch 14/100
388/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7433 - loss: 1.4132
Epoch 14: val_loss improved from 1.98585 to 1.98095, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                    4s 9ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7433 - loss: 1.4130 - val_accuracy: 0.5887 - val_loss: 1.9810 -
learning rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 15/100
383/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7454 - loss: 1.4057
Epoch 15: val_loss improved from 1.98095 to 1.96078, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                    5s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7455 - loss: 1.4055 - val_accuracy: 0.5929 - val_loss: 1.9608 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 16/100
387/391
                    Os 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7505 - loss: 1.3942
Epoch 16: val_loss did not improve from 1.96078
391/391
                    5s 8ms/step -
```

```
accuracy: 0.7505 - loss: 1.3941 - val_accuracy: 0.5864 - val_loss: 1.9937 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 17/100
383/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7533 - loss: 1.3865
Epoch 17: val_loss did not improve from 1.96078
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7534 - loss: 1.3862 - val_accuracy: 0.5869 - val_loss: 2.0064 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 18/100
383/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7514 - loss: 1.3841
Epoch 18: val_loss did not improve from 1.96078
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7515 - loss: 1.3839 - val_accuracy: 0.5873 - val_loss: 1.9844 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 19/100
384/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7580 - loss: 1.3755
Epoch 19: val loss improved from 1.96078 to 1.95904, saving model to
mejor modelo.keras
391/391
                    5s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7581 - loss: 1.3754 - val_accuracy: 0.5935 - val_loss: 1.9590 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 20/100
384/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7559 - loss: 1.3755
Epoch 20: val_loss did not improve from 1.95904
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7559 - loss: 1.3754 - val_accuracy: 0.5887 - val_loss: 1.9984 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 21/100
388/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7554 - loss: 1.3724
Epoch 21: val loss did not improve from 1.95904
391/391
                    6s 9ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7554 - loss: 1.3723 - val accuracy: 0.5927 - val loss: 1.9807 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 22/100
386/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7547 - loss: 1.3734
Epoch 22: val_loss did not improve from 1.95904
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7548 - loss: 1.3733 - val_accuracy: 0.5934 - val_loss: 1.9975 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 23/100
391/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7580 - loss: 1.3605
```

```
Epoch 23: val_loss did not improve from 1.95904
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7580 - loss: 1.3605 - val_accuracy: 0.5890 - val_loss: 1.9882 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 24/100
390/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7577 - loss: 1.3625
Epoch 24: val_loss did not improve from 1.95904
Epoch 24: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.00015624999650754035.
391/391
                    5s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7577 - loss: 1.3625 - val_accuracy: 0.5889 - val_loss: 2.0048 -
learning_rate: 3.1250e-04
Epoch 25/100
387/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7603 - loss: 1.3589
Epoch 25: val_loss improved from 1.95904 to 1.94940, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7604 - loss: 1.3588 - val_accuracy: 0.5981 - val_loss: 1.9494 -
learning_rate: 1.5625e-04
Epoch 26/100
384/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7610 - loss: 1.3528
Epoch 26: val_loss did not improve from 1.94940
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7611 - loss: 1.3526 - val_accuracy: 0.5967 - val_loss: 1.9501 -
learning_rate: 1.5625e-04
Epoch 27/100
384/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7593 - loss: 1.3550
Epoch 27: val_loss did not improve from 1.94940
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7594 - loss: 1.3549 - val_accuracy: 0.5974 - val_loss: 1.9568 -
learning rate: 1.5625e-04
Epoch 28/100
391/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7660 - loss: 1.3372
Epoch 28: val_loss did not improve from 1.94940
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7660 - loss: 1.3372 - val_accuracy: 0.5958 - val_loss: 1.9665 -
learning_rate: 1.5625e-04
Epoch 29/100
                    Os 6ms/step -
390/391
accuracy: 0.7624 - loss: 1.3456
Epoch 29: val_loss did not improve from 1.94940
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7625 - loss: 1.3455 - val_accuracy: 0.5980 - val_loss: 1.9560 -
```

learning\_rate: 1.5625e-04 Epoch 30/100 386/391 Os 6ms/step accuracy: 0.7657 - loss: 1.3431 Epoch 30: val\_loss did not improve from 1.94940 Epoch 30: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 7.812499825377017e-05. 391/391 3s 7ms/step accuracy: 0.7657 - loss: 1.3430 - val\_accuracy: 0.6010 - val\_loss: 1.9573 learning\_rate: 1.5625e-04 Epoch 31/100 387/391 0s 7ms/step accuracy: 0.7683 - loss: 1.3319 Epoch 31: val\_loss improved from 1.94940 to 1.94078, saving model to mejor\_modelo.keras 391/391 6s 9ms/step accuracy: 0.7683 - loss: 1.3318 - val\_accuracy: 0.6007 - val\_loss: 1.9408 learning\_rate: 7.8125e-05 Epoch 32/100 384/391 Os 6ms/step accuracy: 0.7676 - loss: 1.3278 Epoch 32: val loss did not improve from 1.94078 4s 7ms/step accuracy: 0.7677 - loss: 1.3277 - val\_accuracy: 0.6006 - val\_loss: 1.9465 learning\_rate: 7.8125e-05 Epoch 33/100 383/391 Os 6ms/step accuracy: 0.7674 - loss: 1.3291 Epoch 33: val\_loss did not improve from 1.94078 391/391 3s 7ms/step accuracy: 0.7675 - loss: 1.3290 - val\_accuracy: 0.6001 - val\_loss: 1.9473 learning\_rate: 7.8125e-05 Epoch 34/100 386/391 0s 7ms/step accuracy: 0.7666 - loss: 1.3287 Epoch 34: val\_loss did not improve from 1.94078 3s 8ms/step accuracy: 0.7667 - loss: 1.3287 - val\_accuracy: 0.5993 - val\_loss: 1.9415 learning\_rate: 7.8125e-05 Epoch 35/100 391/391 Os 6ms/step accuracy: 0.7655 - loss: 1.3351 Epoch 35: val\_loss did not improve from 1.94078 3s 7ms/step -391/391 accuracy: 0.7655 - loss: 1.3351 - val\_accuracy: 0.6003 - val\_loss: 1.9436 learning\_rate: 7.8125e-05 Epoch 36/100 385/391 Os 6ms/step -

```
accuracy: 0.7709 - loss: 1.3304
Epoch 36: val_loss did not improve from 1.94078
Epoch 36: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 3.9062499126885086e-05.
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7710 - loss: 1.3303 - val_accuracy: 0.6007 - val_loss: 1.9458 -
learning rate: 7.8125e-05
Epoch 37/100
385/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7674 - loss: 1.3260
Epoch 37: val_loss improved from 1.94078 to 1.93696, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                    6s 9ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7675 - loss: 1.3260 - val_accuracy: 0.6024 - val_loss: 1.9370 -
learning_rate: 3.9062e-05
Epoch 38/100
383/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7711 - loss: 1.3217
Epoch 38: val_loss did not improve from 1.93696
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7711 - loss: 1.3216 - val_accuracy: 0.6017 - val_loss: 1.9420 -
learning_rate: 3.9062e-05
Epoch 39/100
391/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7715 - loss: 1.3220
Epoch 39: val_loss did not improve from 1.93696
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7715 - loss: 1.3220 - val_accuracy: 0.6011 - val_loss: 1.9418 -
learning_rate: 3.9062e-05
Epoch 40/100
386/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7657 - loss: 1.3307
Epoch 40: val_loss did not improve from 1.93696
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7658 - loss: 1.3306 - val accuracy: 0.6017 - val loss: 1.9409 -
learning_rate: 3.9062e-05
Epoch 41/100
390/391
                   Os 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7721 - loss: 1.3153
Epoch 41: val_loss did not improve from 1.93696
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7721 - loss: 1.3153 - val_accuracy: 0.6026 - val_loss: 1.9376 -
learning_rate: 3.9062e-05
Epoch 42/100
385/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7674 - loss: 1.3293
```

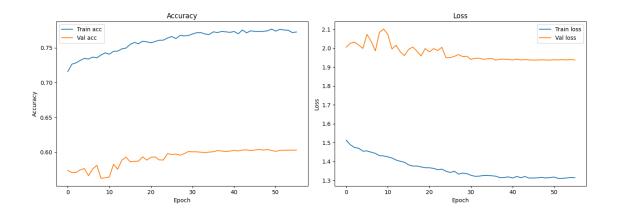
Epoch 42: val\_loss did not improve from 1.93696

```
Epoch 42: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 1.9531249563442543e-05.
391/391
                   5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7675 - loss: 1.3292 - val_accuracy: 0.6019 - val_loss: 1.9418 -
learning_rate: 3.9062e-05
Epoch 43/100
391/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7750 - loss: 1.3207
Epoch 43: val_loss did not improve from 1.93696
                   5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7750 - loss: 1.3207 - val_accuracy: 0.6032 - val_loss: 1.9380 -
learning_rate: 1.9531e-05
Epoch 44/100
391/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7677 - loss: 1.3253
Epoch 44: val_loss did not improve from 1.93696
391/391
                   5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7677 - loss: 1.3252 - val_accuracy: 0.6034 - val_loss: 1.9393 -
learning_rate: 1.9531e-05
Epoch 45/100
384/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7698 - loss: 1.3212
Epoch 45: val loss did not improve from 1.93696
                   3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7698 - loss: 1.3210 - val_accuracy: 0.6025 - val_loss: 1.9381 -
learning_rate: 1.9531e-05
Epoch 46/100
383/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7695 - loss: 1.3207
Epoch 46: val_loss improved from 1.93696 to 1.93692, saving model to
mejor_modelo.keras
391/391
                   3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7696 - loss: 1.3205 - val_accuracy: 0.6032 - val_loss: 1.9369 -
learning_rate: 1.9531e-05
Epoch 47/100
384/391
                   Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7715 - loss: 1.3203
Epoch 47: val loss did not improve from 1.93692
Epoch 47: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 9.765624781721272e-06.
391/391
                   5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7716 - loss: 1.3201 - val_accuracy: 0.6040 - val_loss: 1.9374 -
learning_rate: 1.9531e-05
Epoch 48/100
                   0s 7ms/step -
386/391
accuracy: 0.7707 - loss: 1.3213
Epoch 48: val_loss did not improve from 1.93692
                   5s 8ms/step -
391/391
accuracy: 0.7707 - loss: 1.3212 - val_accuracy: 0.6031 - val_loss: 1.9386 -
```

```
learning_rate: 9.7656e-06
Epoch 49/100
385/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7701 - loss: 1.3183
Epoch 49: val loss did not improve from 1.93692
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7702 - loss: 1.3182 - val accuracy: 0.6039 - val loss: 1.9377 -
learning_rate: 9.7656e-06
Epoch 50/100
383/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7736 - loss: 1.3233
Epoch 50: val_loss did not improve from 1.93692
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7737 - loss: 1.3231 - val_accuracy: 0.6025 - val_loss: 1.9370 -
learning_rate: 9.7656e-06
Epoch 51/100
387/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7671 - loss: 1.3319
Epoch 51: val_loss did not improve from 1.93692
391/391
                    5s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7672 - loss: 1.3317 - val_accuracy: 0.6013 - val_loss: 1.9390 -
learning_rate: 9.7656e-06
Epoch 52/100
387/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7744 - loss: 1.3139
Epoch 52: val_loss did not improve from 1.93692
Epoch 52: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 4.882812390860636e-06.
391/391
                    5s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7744 - loss: 1.3139 - val_accuracy: 0.6026 - val_loss: 1.9379 -
learning_rate: 9.7656e-06
Epoch 53/100
387/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7713 - loss: 1.3202
Epoch 53: val loss did not improve from 1.93692
391/391
                    3s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7713 - loss: 1.3200 - val accuracy: 0.6030 - val loss: 1.9393 -
learning_rate: 4.8828e-06
Epoch 54/100
389/391
                    0s 7ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7694 - loss: 1.3260
Epoch 54: val_loss did not improve from 1.93692
391/391
                    3s 8ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7694 - loss: 1.3259 - val_accuracy: 0.6030 - val_loss: 1.9380 -
learning_rate: 4.8828e-06
Epoch 55/100
390/391
                    Os 6ms/step -
accuracy: 0.7711 - loss: 1.3191
```

## 8 Paso 9: Visualizar el accuracy y loss

```
[33]: # Graficar precisión y pérdida
      plt.figure(figsize=(14, 5))
      # Accuracy
      plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
      plt.plot(historial.history['accuracy'], label='Train acc')
      plt.plot(historial.history['val_accuracy'], label='Val acc')
      plt.title('Accuracy')
      plt.xlabel('Epoch')
      plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
      plt.legend()
      # Loss
      plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
      plt.plot(historial.history['loss'], label='Train loss')
      plt.plot(historial.history['val_loss'], label='Val loss')
      plt.title('Loss')
      plt.xlabel('Epoch')
      plt.ylabel('Loss')
      plt.legend()
      plt.tight_layout()
      plt.show()
```



## 9 Paso 10: Evaluación del modelo y reporte por clase

```
[34]: from sklearn.metrics import classification_report, confusion_matrix
      import seaborn as sns
      # Predecir en el set de test
      y_pred_probs = modelo.predict(x_test_flat)
      y_pred = np.argmax(y_pred_probs, axis=1)
      y_true = np.argmax(y_test_cat, axis=1)
      # Mostrar clasificación por clase
      print(classification_report(y_true, y_pred, target_names=class_names))
      # Matriz de confusión
      conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred)
      plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
      sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
                  xticklabels=class_names,
                  yticklabels=class_names)
      plt.xlabel('Predicción')
      plt.ylabel('Etiqueta real')
      plt.title('Matriz de confusión')
      plt.show()
```

313/313	1s 2ms			
	precision	recall	f1-score	support
avión	0.68	0.67	0.67	1000
automóvil	0.72	0.68	0.70	1000
pájaro	0.53	0.45	0.49	1000
gato	0.41	0.45	0.43	1000

ciervo	0.51	0.57	0.54	1000
perro	0.52	0.47	0.49	1000
rana	0.65	0.69	0.67	1000
caballo	0.67	0.66	0.67	1000
barco	0.71	0.74	0.73	1000
camión	0.64	0.65	0.65	1000
accuracy			0.60	10000
macro avg	0.60	0.60	0.60	10000
weighted avg	0.60	0.60	0.60	10000

#### Matriz de confusión pájaro automóvil avión Etiqueta real perro ciervo camión barco caballo rana avión automóvil pájaro gato ciervo perro caballo barco camión Predicción

- 700

- 600

- 500

- 400

- 300

- 200

- 100

## 10 Paso 11: Probar el modelo con imágenes individuales

```
[35]: # Mostrar 40 imágenes aleatorias con predicciones
num_images = 40
indices = np.random.choice(len(x_test_flat), num_images, replace=False)

plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10))
for i, idx in enumerate(indices):
    img = x_test[idx]
    true_label = class_names[y_true[idx]]
    pred_label = class_names[y_pred[idx]]

plt.subplot(5, 8, i + 1)
    plt.imshow(img)
    plt.title(f"R: {true_label}\nP: {pred_label}", fontsize=8)
    plt.axis("off")

plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

