

Three Limits to Find

$$1. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 - x + 1 + \frac{1}{x+1} = 2$$

$$2. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^2 - x + 1) \cdot \cos(x) = 1$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{3x^2 - 1}{1 + 2x} = \frac{3 - 1}{1 + 2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} (3x^2 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2x}} = (3 - 1)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$5. \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{2x - 4 \cos(x-2)}{x+1} =$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 2 - 4 \cos(2-2)}{2+1} = \frac{0}{3} = 0$$

$$6. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^2 - x + 1)^{1 - \cos(x)} =$$

$$(0 - 0 + 1)^{1 - 1} = 1^0 = 1$$

$$7. \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [x^2 + \cos(x)] =$$

$$+\infty + \cos(+\infty) = +\infty$$

$$8. \lim_{\lambda \rightarrow -\infty} [x^2 + \cos(\lambda)] =$$

$$\lambda \rightarrow -\infty$$

$$(-\infty)^2 + \cos(-\infty) = +\infty$$

9.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} \cdot \frac{1}{x+1} = \frac{1}{x^2+x} = \frac{1}{0}$$

$$= \pm \infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} = -\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} = +\infty$$

Asymptote verläuft: $x=0$

10.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x - 1} = \frac{1 - 3 + 2}{1 - 1} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x - 1} = \frac{2x - 3}{1} = 2 - 3 = -1$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^+} \frac{x-1}{\sqrt{x-1}} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)^2}{x-1} = \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{(x-1)} = x-1$$

$$= 1-1 = 0$$

12 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{x-1} = \frac{0}{0}$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{1} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1-x}}{x} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{1-0}}{0} = \frac{0}{0}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \sqrt{1-x}}{x} = \frac{\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x}}}{x} = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-x}}$$

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$$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{1-0}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

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$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x-2} = +\infty - \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x-2} =$$

$$x \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x-2}) \cdot (\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2})}{\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{x+2} - \sqrt{x-2}}{\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2}} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{x+2} + \sqrt{x-2}} =$$

$$\frac{4}{\sqrt{+\infty+2} + \sqrt{+\infty-2}} = \frac{4}{+\infty} = 0$$

Asymptote horizontal: $y = 0$