

RESUMEN BORROSO

21/11/19 12:05

Sistema borroso de tipo Mandani

REGLAS

Si x es A AND y es $B \rightarrow z$ es C

antecedente

consecuente

$M_A(x) \rightarrow$ función de pertenencia

$A, B, C \rightarrow$ conjuntos borrosos

AXIOMAS

- directamente una asignación

x es A' , $A' \rightarrow$ conjunto borroso

BORROSIFICADOR

- Junciónamiento: $x_0 \rightarrow M_A'(x_0)$

- Delta

$$M_A'(x) = \begin{cases} 1 & x = x_0 \\ 0 & \text{resto} \end{cases}$$

- Gaussiano

DEBORROSIFICADOR

- convierte un conjunto borroso en un número

$$\text{- COA: } z_0 = \frac{\int M_C(z) z dz}{\int M_C(z) dz}$$

$$\text{- COG: } z_0 = \frac{\sum b_i \cdot \int M_{C_i}(z) dz}{\sum \int M_{C_i}(z) dz}$$

$$\text{- CP: } z_0 = \frac{\sum b_i \cdot M_{C_i}}{\sum M_{C_i}}$$

• Aproximaciones de COA

- Requieren información sobre el

conjunto resultado

↳ Dependen del proceso de inferencia
(hasta paso 2)

PROCESO DE INFERENCIA

- Reglas + Axiomas = conclusión

↳ Borrosificador

- Tabla de reglas

x	y	B_1	B_2
$M_A(x_0)$	$M_B(y_0)$	$M_{B_1}(x_0)$	$M_{B_2}(x_0)$
A_1	A_2	C_1	C_2

x	y	C_1	C_2
$M_A(x_0)$	$M_B(y_0)$	$M_{C_1}(x_0)$	$M_{C_2}(x_0)$
A_1	A_2	C_3	C_4

• Si x es A_i AND y es $B_i \rightarrow z$ es $C_i \quad i=1,2,3,4$

Axiomas tipo delta

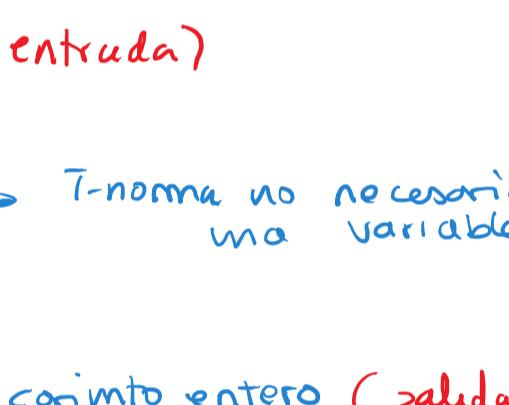
- Paso 1 → calcular grado de activación de cada regla

$$\mu_{R1} = T(M_A(x_0), M_B(y_0))$$

$$\mu_{R2} = T(M_A(x_0), M_B(y_0))$$

$$\mu_{R3} = T(M_A(x_0), M_B(y_0))$$

$$\mu_{R4} = T(M_A(x_0), M_B(y_0))$$



Paso 2

→ calcular el conjunto conclusión de cada regla

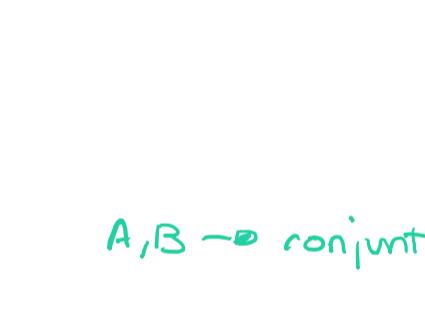
$$M_{C1} = T(M_{R1}, M_{B1})$$

$$M_{C2} = T(M_{R2}, M_{B2})$$

Paso 3

→ obtener el conjunto conclusión

$$M_C(z) = S(M_{C1}(z), \dots, M_{C4}(z))$$



Operadores

- $T \rightarrow \min$

- $\max \rightarrow \text{producto}$

- $S \rightarrow \max \rightarrow S(a,b) = \max(a,b)$

- $S \rightarrow \text{suma} \rightarrow S(a,b) = a+b$

- $S \rightarrow \text{suma prob} \rightarrow S(a,b) = a+b - a \cdot b$

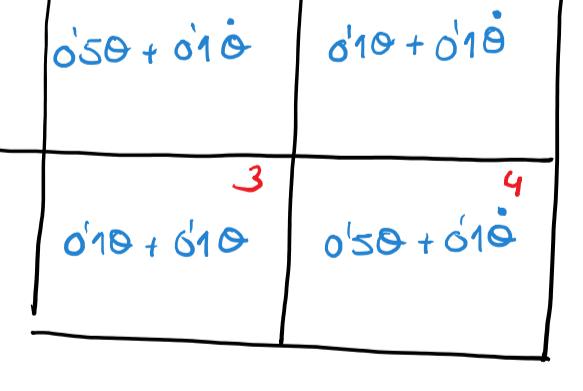
Examen

Borrosificador

• Convertir valor de las entradas en conjuntos borrosos utilizados en los axiomas de la inferencia borrosa

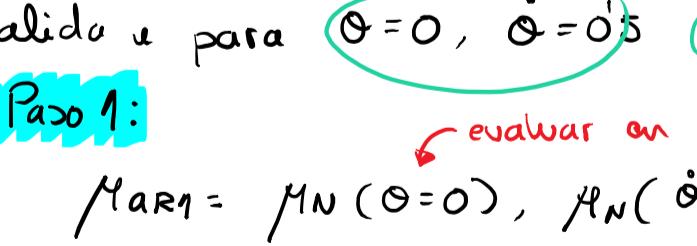
Controlador Mandani

→ T-norma: prod., S-norma: suma-prob., B: delta, D: COG



(1) Si x es NEG → y es POS

(2) Si x es POS → y es NEG



- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 1: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$M_{NEG}(0.9)$ $M_{POS}(1)$ → T-norma no necesaria: solo hay una variable

- $M_{R3}=0$, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

$$M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 2: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 3: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 4: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 5: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 6: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 7: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 8: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 9: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 10: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 11: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 12: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 13: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 14: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 15: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$

- $|x=0.4|$ - Paso 16: $M_{R1}=0$, $M_{R2}=1$ (entrada)

$$M_{R3}=0$$
, $M_{R4}=1$ (salida)

- $M_{C1}(z) = M_{R1}(z) + M_{R2}(z) - M_{R1}(z) \cdot M_{R2}(z) = M_{R2}(z) = M_{NEG}(z) \quad (\text{conjunto entero, salida})$ </p