```
import pandas as pd
import statsmodels.api as sm
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
sns.set(style='whitegrid')
```

🛮 Carga de Datos

2

3

4

2

2

4

```
csv path = r"C:\Users\Juan Diego\Downloads\propiedades limpias.csv"
df = pd.read csv(csv path)
print("Primeras filas del DataFrame original:")
df.head()
Primeras filas del DataFrame original:
        id
            camaras
                                             precio habitaciones banos
                                       area
tamano \
0 2821389
                 34
                                         15
                                            1850.0
                                                                     3.5
341
1 2816041
                     Santa Catarina Pinula
                 11
                                              950.0
                                                                     1.5
119
2 2810458
                 45
                                         14 2100.0
                                                                 2
                                                                       2
290
3 2806268
                 45
                                            1800.0
                                                                 2
                                                                       2
                                         14
125
4 2801852
                  9
                                         16 3800.0
                                                                 3
                                                                     3.5
339
   parqueos
0
          2
          2
1
```

☐ Conversión y Limpieza de Datos

```
cols_to_convert = ['habitaciones', 'banos', 'parqueos', 'tamano',
'precio']
for col in cols_to_convert:
    df[col] = pd.to_numeric(df[col], errors='coerce')
# Remover valores nulos
```

```
df.dropna(subset=cols_to_convert, inplace=True)
```

∏ Aplicación de Filtros

```
precio maximo = 100000
tamano maximo = 600
parqueos maximo = 6
df filtrado = df[(df['precio'] <= precio maximo) &</pre>
                  (df['tamano'] <= tamano maximo) &</pre>
                  (df['parqueos'] <= parqueos maximo)]</pre>
print(f"Propiedades después de filtros: {len(df filtrado)} filas")
df filtrado.head()
Propiedades después de filtros: 351 filas
        id
           camaras
                                        area
                                               precio habitaciones
banos \
0 2821389
                  34
                                                                   3
                                          15
                                              1850.0
3.5
                      Santa Catarina Pinula
                                                                   2
1 2816041
                  11
                                                950.0
1.5
                                                                   2
2 2810458
                  45
                                          14
                                              2100.0
2.0
3 2806268
                  45
                                              1800.0
                                                                   2
                                          14
2.0
4 2801852
                   9
                                          16
                                              3800.0
                                                                   3
3.5
   tamano
           parqueos
0
    341.0
                   2
                   2
    119.0
1
                   2
2
    290.0
                   2
3
    125.0
    339.0
```

Il Función de Regresión Lineal Simple

```
def simple_linear_regression(df, independent_var,
dependent_var='precio'):
    df_temp = df[[independent_var, dependent_var]].dropna()

X = sm.add_constant(df_temp[independent_var])
    y = df_temp[dependent_var]
```

```
model = sm.0LS(y, X).fit()
print(model.summary())

plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
sns.scatterplot(x=df_temp[independent_var], y=y, alpha=0.7)
plt.plot(df_temp[independent_var], model.predict(X), color='red')
plt.ticklabel_format(style='plain', axis='y')
plt.xlabel(independent_var)
plt.ylabel(dependent_var)
plt.title(f'Regresión lineal: {dependent_var} vs
{independent_var}')
plt.grid(True)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()

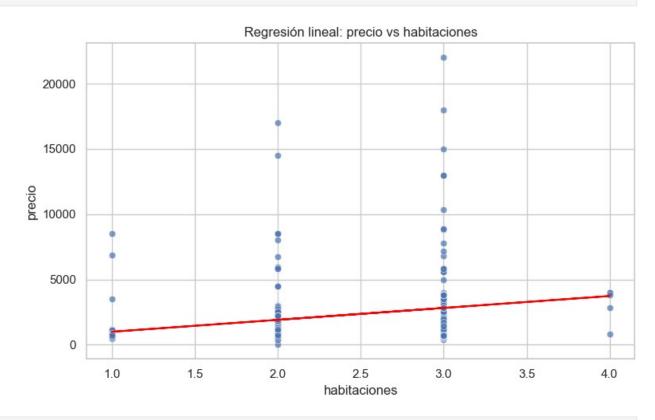
return model
```

☐ Regresión para cada Variable

```
# Regresión para 'habitaciones'
model habitaciones = simple linear regression(df filtrado,
'habitaciones')
                             OLS Regression Results
Dep. Variable:
                                precio R-squared:
0.065
Model:
                                         Adi. R-squared:
                                   0LS
0.063
Method:
                        Least Squares F-statistic:
24.45
                     Wed, 05 Mar 2025 Prob (F-statistic):
Date:
1.19e-06
                              15:48:06 Log-Likelihood:
Time:
-3247.4
No. Observations:
                                   351
                                         AIC:
6499.
Df Residuals:
                                   349
                                         BIC:
6507.
Df Model:
                                     1
Covariance Type:
                             nonrobust
```

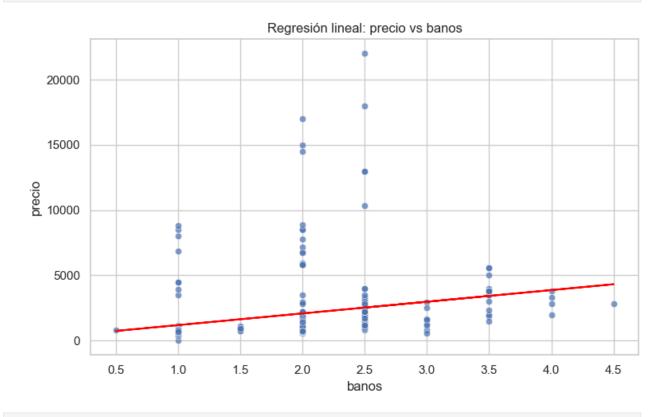
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
0.975]					-
const	73.9314	424.464	0.174	0.862	-760.899
908.761					
habitaciones	913.0086	184.639	4.945	0.000	549.864
1276.153					
=========	=======	========		========	========
		224			
Omnibus:		324.579	Durbin-Watson:		
1.475					
Prob(Omnibus):		0.000	Jarque-B	era (JB):	
6881.338					
Skew:		3.994	Prob(JB)	:	
0.00					
Kurtosis:		23.167	Cond. No		
8.48					
======					
Notoo.					
Notes:					

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.



```
# Regresión para 'banos'
model_banos = simple_linear_regression(df_filtrado, 'banos')
                           OLS Regression Results
Dep. Variable:
                              precio
                                       R-squared:
0.060
Model:
                                 OLS Adj. R-squared:
0.058
Method:
                       Least Squares F-statistic:
22.46
                    Wed, 05 Mar 2025 Prob (F-statistic):
Date:
3.12e-06
Time:
                            15:48:06 Log-Likelihood:
-3248.3
No. Observations:
                                 351
                                       AIC:
6501.
Df Residuals:
                                 349
                                       BIC:
6508.
Df Model:
                                   1
Covariance Type:
                           nonrobust
                coef std err
                                                P>|t| [0.025
                                         t
0.9751
            293.8340
                        397.236
                                     0.740 0.460
                                                        -487.444
const
1075.112
            895.1956
                                     4.739
banos
                        188.880
                                                0.000
                                                         523.709
1266.682
_____
======
Omnibus:
                             338.897
                                       Durbin-Watson:
1.409
Prob(Omnibus):
                               0.000
                                       Jarque-Bera (JB):
7715.757
                               4.246 Prob(JB):
Skew:
0.00
                              24.341
                                       Cond. No.
Kurtosis:
7.43
_____
Notes:
```

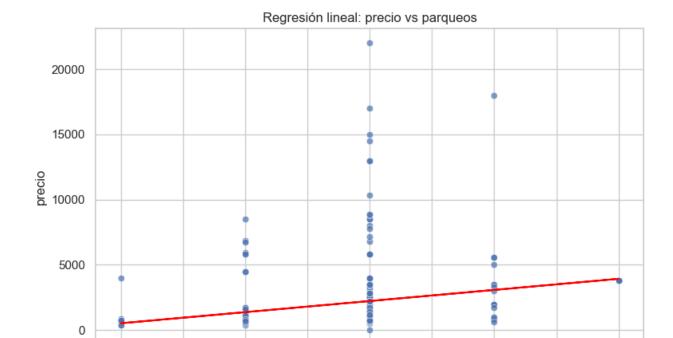
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.



```
# Regresión para 'parqueos'
model parqueos = simple linear regression(df filtrado, 'parqueos')
                            OLS Regression Results
Dep. Variable:
                               precio
                                        R-squared:
0.049
Model:
                                  OLS Adj. R-squared:
0.047
                        Least Squares F-statistic:
Method:
18.17
                     Wed, 05 Mar 2025 Prob (F-statistic):
Date:
2.60e-05
Time:
                             15:48:07 Log-Likelihood:
-3250.4
No. Observations:
                                  351
                                        AIC:
6505.
Df Residuals:
                                  349
                                        BIC:
6512.
```

Df Model:			1		
Covariance Type:		nonrobus	nonrobust		
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
0.975]					-
const	524.4052	385.937	1.359	0.175	-234.649
1283.460	052 2620	100 024	4 262	0 000	450 055
parqueos 1245.472	852.2638	199.924	4.263	0.000	459.055
			=======		
Omnibus:		331.51	5 Durbir	n-Watson:	
1.424					
Prob(Omnibu7234.107	ıs):	0.00	0 Jarque	e-Bera (JB)	:
7234.107 Skew:		4.11	8 Prob(3	JB):	
0.00			•		
Kurtosis: 6.79		23.65	9 Cond.	No.	
0.79					
======					
Notes:					
[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is					

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.



3.5

4.0

3.0

0.0

0.5

1.0

1.5

2.0

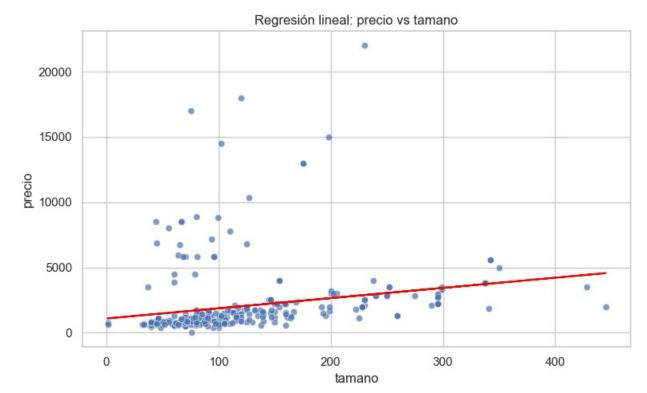
parqueos

2.5

```
# Regresión para 'tamano'
model_tamano = simple_linear_regression(df_filtrado, 'tamano')
                            OLS Regression Results
Dep. Variable:
                               precio
                                         R-squared:
0.061
                                  OLS Adj. R-squared:
Model:
0.059
                        Least Squares F-statistic:
Method:
22.83
Date:
                     Wed, 05 Mar 2025 Prob (F-statistic):
2.61e-06
Time:
                             15:48:08 Log-Likelihood:
-3248.2
No. Observations:
                                  351
                                        AIC:
6500.
Df Residuals:
                                         BIC:
                                   349
6508.
Df Model:
                                     1
Covariance Type:
                            nonrobust
```

=======	========				
	coef	std err	t	P> t	[0.025
0.975]					
const	1083.2369	245.814	4.407	0.000	599.775
1566.699 tamano 11.035	7.8172	1.636	4.778	0.000	4.600
	========		=======		
Omnibus:		343.11	.8 Durbin	n-Watson:	
1.413 Prob(Omnib	us):	0.00	00 Jarque	e-Bera (JB):	
7918.432 Skew:		4.32	?7 Prob(J	ID\.	
0.00		4.32	./ PIOD(J	ID).	
Kurtosis: 273.		24.60	00 Cond.	No.	
			=======		
Notes:					
[1] Standa	rd Errors ass	ume that the	covariance	e matrix of	the errors is

correctly specified.



☐ Guardar Resultados

```
df_filtrado.to_csv("propiedades_filtradas.csv", index=False)
print("Archivo guardado exitosamente como
'propiedades_filtradas.csv'")
Archivo guardado exitosamente como 'propiedades_filtradas.csv'
```