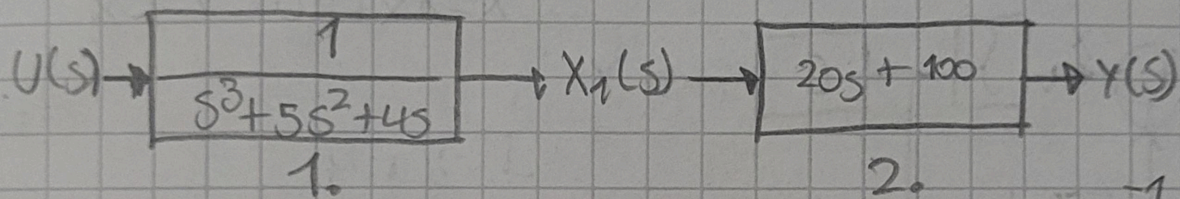


Transcripción del Video 1

$$G(s) = \frac{20(s+5)}{s(s+1)(s+4)} \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \sigma_s = -9,5\% \\ t_s = 0,74s \end{array} \right\}$$



1. Para el bloque 1 $U(s) = X_1(s^3 + 5s^2 + 4s) \xrightarrow{\mathcal{L}^{-1}} \ddot{x} + 5\dot{x} + 4x = u$

Para el bloque 2 $(20s + 100)X_1(s) = Y(s) \xrightarrow{Z^{-1}} 20\dot{x} + 100 = y$

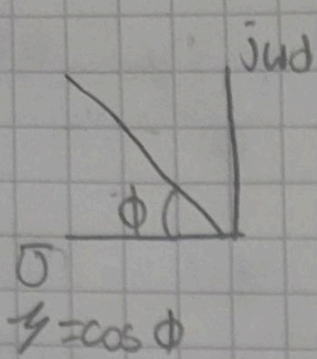
$$x_1 = x \quad x_2 = \overset{\circ}{x}_1 \quad x_3 = \overset{\circ\circ}{x}_1 \quad \overset{\circ}{x}_3 = \overset{\circ\circ\circ}{x}_1$$

$$\dot{x}_3 + 5x_3 + 4x_2 = 0 \rightarrow \dot{x}_3 = -11 - 5x_3 - 4x_2 \quad y = 20x_2 + 100x_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -4 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \mu \quad y = \begin{bmatrix} 100 & 20 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} v$$

Considerando el amortiguamiento

$$\begin{aligned} 1.05 &= e^{-(\pi/\sqrt{1-\phi^2}) \cdot 100} & (\text{Despejo } \phi) \\ 0.995 &= e^{-(\pi/\sqrt{1-\phi^2}) \cdot 100} & \phi = 0,5996 \end{aligned}$$



$$S = \sigma + j\omega d \rightarrow \sigma = \zeta \omega_n$$

$$\phi = \cos^{-1}(0,5996) = 53,16^\circ$$

$$t_s = \frac{4}{\sigma} \rightarrow 0,74 = \frac{4}{\sigma}$$

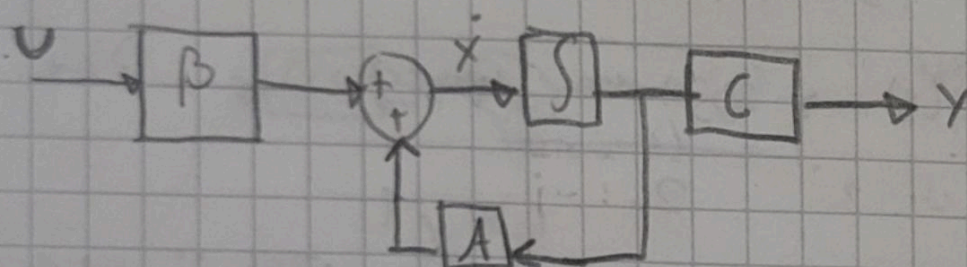
$$\boxed{\sigma = 5,41}$$

$$\sigma = \zeta \omega_n \quad \omega_d = \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \zeta^2}$$

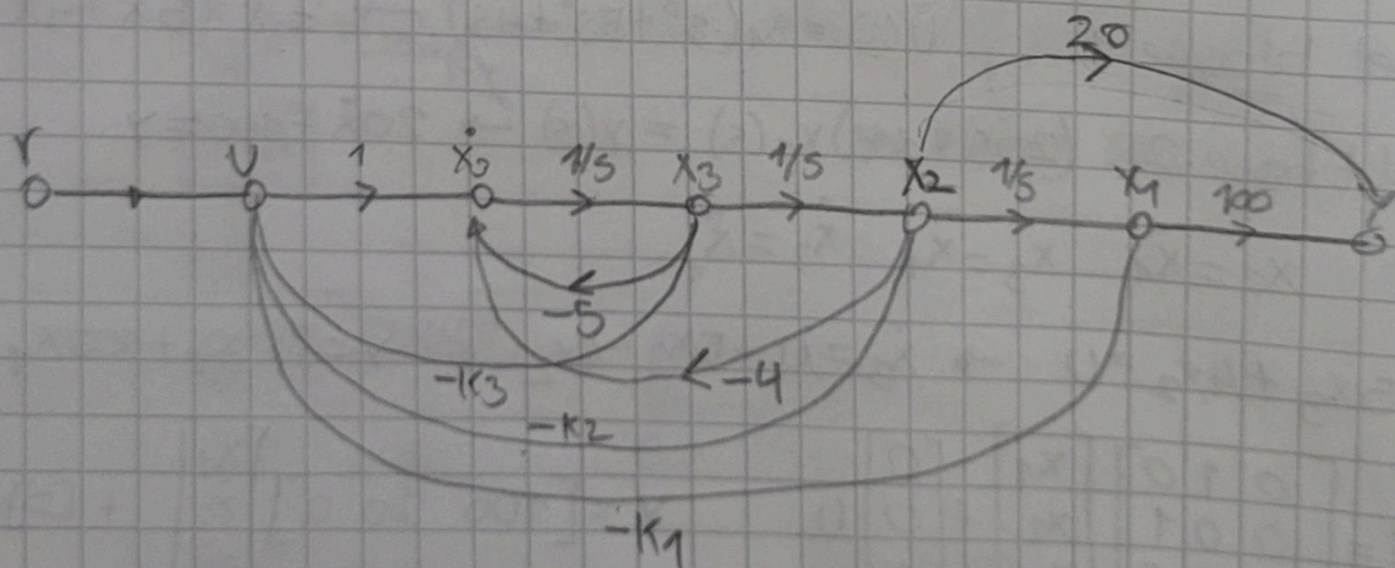
$$5,41 = 0,5996 \omega_n \rightarrow \omega_n = 9,02 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$\tan(\phi) = \frac{\omega_d}{\sigma} \quad \omega_d = \tan(53,16) 5,41$$

$$\omega_d = 7,21$$



$$\dot{X} = AX + BU \quad Y = CX$$



$$\dot{x}_3 = -4x_2 - 5x_3 + U \rightarrow \dot{x}_3 = -4x_2 - 5x_3 + (-k_3x_3 - k_2x_2 - k_1x_1) + U$$

$$= -k_1x_1 - (4+k_2)x_2 - (5+k_3)x_3 + U$$

$$S = -5,41 + j7,21 \text{ Pol}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -k_1 & -(4+k_2) & -(5+k_3) \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} U$$

$$\det(SI - A) = S^3 + (5+k_3)S^2 + (4+k_2)S + k_1 = 0$$

Transcription Video 2

$$X(s) = \frac{2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8}{s(s+1)(s^2 + 4s + 8)} = \frac{K_1}{s} + \frac{K_2}{s+1} + \frac{A}{s+2+j2} + \frac{A^*}{s+2-j2}$$

$$K_1 = sX(s) \Big|_{s=0} = \frac{s(2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8)}{s(s+1)(s^2 + 4s + 8)} = \frac{8}{8} = 1$$

$$K_2 = (s+1)X(s) \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{(s+1)(2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8)}{s(s+1)(s^2 + 4s + 8)} = -2$$

$$A = (s+2+j2)X(s) \Big|_{s=-2-j2} = (s+2+j2) \left[\frac{2s^3 + 8s^2 + 4s + 8}{s(s+1)(s+2+j2)(s+2-j2)} \right] = \frac{3}{2} + j\frac{1}{2}$$

$$A^* = \frac{3}{2} - j\frac{1}{2}$$

$$X(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{2}{s+1} + \frac{3/2 + j1/2}{s+2+j2} + \frac{3/2 - j1/2}{s+2-j2}$$