

Katando Python II

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Agenda

- **args y kwargs**
- **comprehension**
- **yield**

```
def example_args(*args):  
    for num, value in enumerate(args, 1):  
        print('Argument number {}, with value {}'.format(num, value))
```

```
example_args('foo', 'bar', 2, None, True)
```

Argument number 1, with value foo

Argument number 2, with value bar

Argument number 3, with value 2

Argument number 4, with value None

Argument number 5, with value True

```
def example_kwargs(**kwargs):  
    for num, (key, value) in enumerate(kwargs.items(), 1):  
        print('Kwarg {}, key: {}, value {}'.format(num, key, value))
```

```
example_kwargs(name='Guido', surname='van Rossum')
```

Kwarg 1, key: surname, value van Rossum

Kwarg 2, key: name, value Guido

```
def example(*args, **kwargs):  
    print('Arguments list')  
    for num, value in enumerate(args, 1):  
        print('Arg {}, value {}'.format(num, value))  
    print('Keyword Arguments list')  
    for num, (key, value) in enumerate(kwargs.items(), 1):  
        print('Kwarg {}, key: {}, value {}'.format(num, key, value))
```

```
example('python', name='Guido', surname='van Rossum', 'rule')  
SyntaxError: non-keyword arg after keyword arg
```

args y kwargs

```
def example(*args, **kwargs):  
    print('Arguments list')  
    for num, value in enumerate(args, 1):  
        print('Arg {}, value {}'.format(num, value))  
    print('Keyword Arguments list')  
    for num, (key, value) in enumerate(kwargs.items(), 1):  
        print('Kwarg {}, key: {}, value {}'.format(num, key, value))  
  
example('python', 'rules', name='Guido', surname='van Rossum')
```

Arguments **list**
Arg 1, value python
Arg 2, value rules
Keyword Arguments **list**
Kwarg 1, key: surname, value van Rossum
Kwarg 2, key: name, value Guido

List comprehension

```
# Calculate the square of every element of a list
```

```
origin = [1, 3, 4, 6, 8]
```

```
square = []
```

```
for element in origin:
```

```
    square.append(element**2)
```

```
square2 = [element**2 for element in origin]
```

```
print(square)
```

```
print(square2)
```

```
[1, 9, 16, 36, 64]
```

```
[1, 9, 16, 36, 64]
```

List comprehension using conditional

```
# Get a list of even from the list origin
```

```
origin = [1, 2, 3, 4]
```

```
even = []
```

```
for element in origin:
```

```
    if element % 2 == 0:
```

```
        even.append(element)
```

```
even2 = [element for element in origin if element % 2 == 0]
```

```
print(even)
```

```
print(even2)
```

```
[2, 4]
```

```
[2, 4]
```


List comprehension using multiples conditionals

```
# Get a list of even and it divided by 6 from 0 to 49
```

```
divided = []
```

```
for x in range(50):
```

```
    if x%2 == 0 and x%6 == 0 :
```

```
        divided.append(x)
```

```
divided2 = [x for x in range(50) if x % 2 == 0 if x % 6 == 0]
```

```
print(divided)
```

```
print(divided2)
```

```
[0, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48]
```

```
[0, 6, 12, 18, 24, 30, 36, 42, 48]
```

Nested list comprehension

```
# Flat matrix
matrix = [[1, 2, 3],
          [4, 5, 6],
          [7, 8, 9]]

flatten_matrix = []
for row in range(len(matrix)):
    for col in range(len(matrix[row])):
        flatten_matrix.append(matrix[row][col])

flatten_matrix2 = [y for x in matrix for y in x]

print(flatten_matrix)
print(flatten_matrix2)

[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
```

Types of comprehension

```
>>> type( [x for x in [1,2,3]] )  
<class 'list'>  
>>> type( {x for x in [1,2,3]} )  
<class 'set'>  
>>> type( (x for x in [1,2,3]) )  
<class 'generator'>  
>>> type( {x:'foo' for x in [1,2,3]} )  
<class 'dict'>
```

My common use of comprehension

```
>>> sum(x**2 for x in [1,2,3])
```

```
14
```

```
>>> min(x for x in [1,2,3,4] if x%2 == 0)
```

```
2
```

```
>>> any(x%2 == 0 for x in [1,2,3,4])
```

```
True
```

```
>>> all(x%2 == 0 for x in [1,2,3,4])
```

```
False
```

yield

```
>>> def counterGenerator():  
...     i = 0  
...     while True:  
...         yield i  
...         i += 1  
...  
>>> my_counter = counterGenerator()  
>>> next(my_counter)  
0  
>>> next(my_counter)  
1  
>>> next(my_counter)  
2  
>>> next(my_counter)  
3
```

yield

a generator
expression



is

a generator



always is

an iterator



next()

*lazily produce
next value*

a generator
function



is

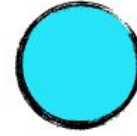
always is

iter()



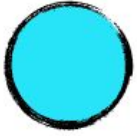
(an) iterable

typically is



a container

produces



{list, set, dict}
comprehension

Questions ?



References

- <https://www.datacamp.com/community/tutorials/python-list-comprehension>
- https://snakify.org/en/lessons/two_dimensional_lists_arrays/
- <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-use-args-and-kwargs-in-python-3>
- <https://python-3-patterns-idioms-test.readthedocs.io/en/latest/Comprehensions.html>