

# MANUAL DE INSTALACIÓN







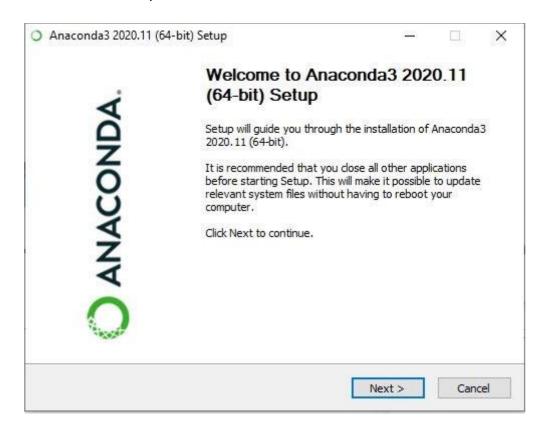


Para poder utilizar estos componentes, una de las formas de descarga es por medio de Anaconda. Para ello se realizan los siguientes pasos.

1. Ir directamente a descargar el instalador de Anaconda, dependiendo del sistema operativo: <a href="https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual#Download">https://www.anaconda.com/products/individual#Download</a> s

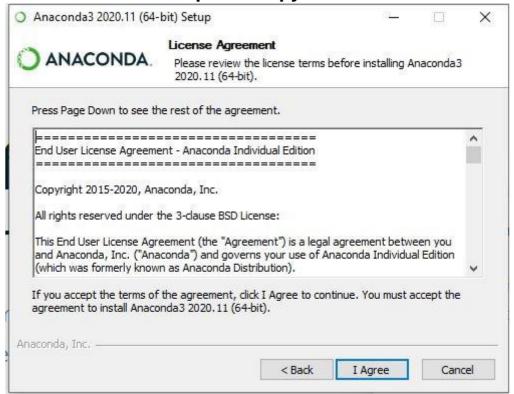


2. Continuamos con el proceso de instalación.

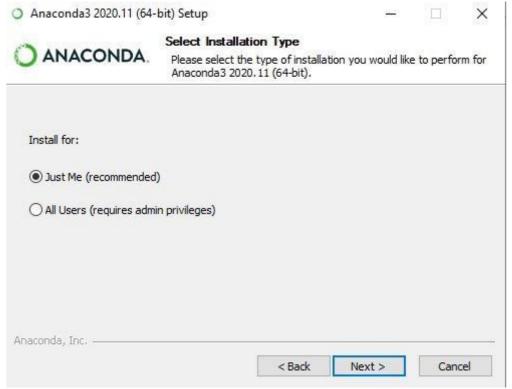


3. Leer y aceptar License Agreement



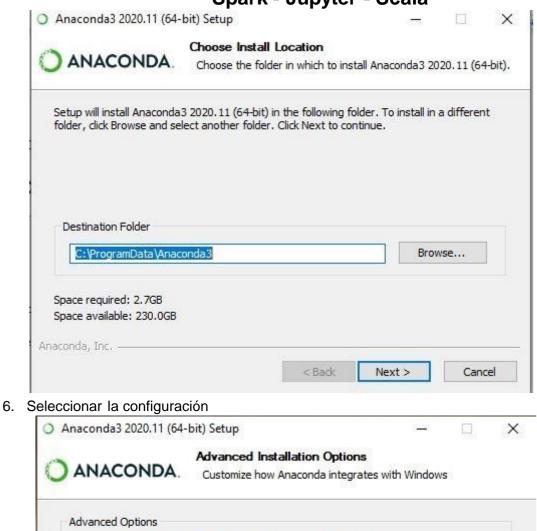


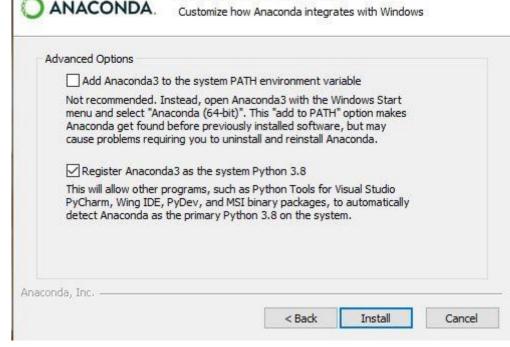
4. Seleccionar el tipo de instalación.



5. Seleccionar la ubicación de la instalación

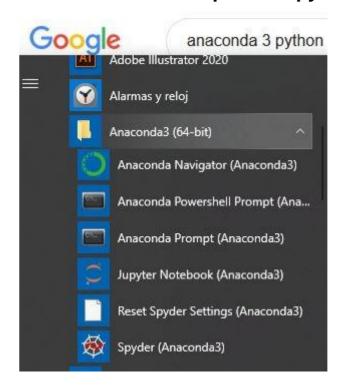




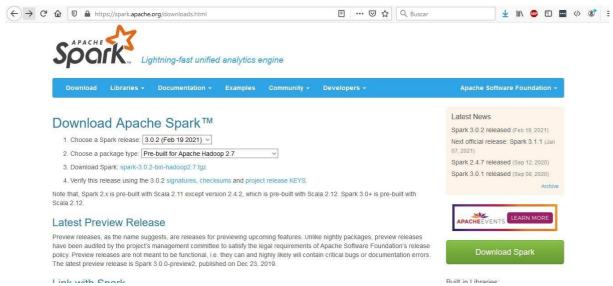


7. Al terminar la instalación ya deberá tener los accesos a las aplicaciones



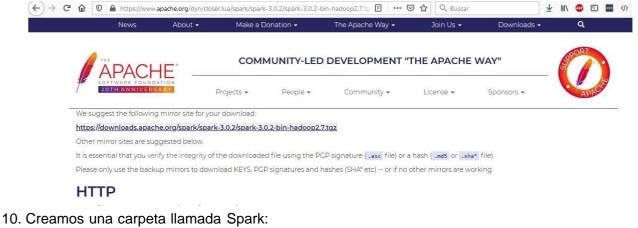


8. Descargar Spark, para ello nos dirigimos a la siguiente página: https://spark.apache.org/downloads.html.



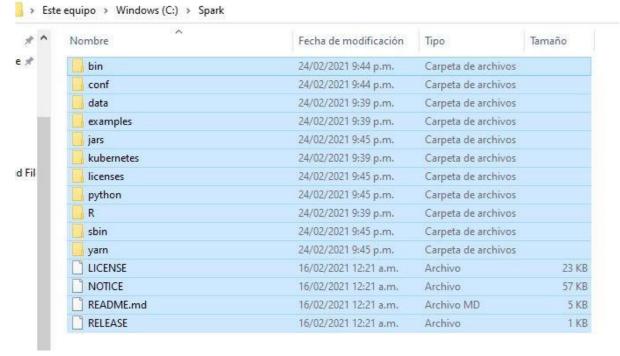
9. Procedemos con la descarga seleccionada





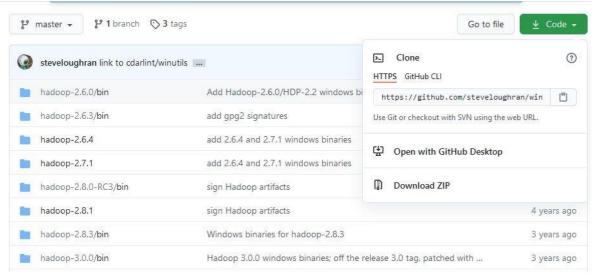


11. Allí pegamos todo lo que se ha descargado en el punto 9.

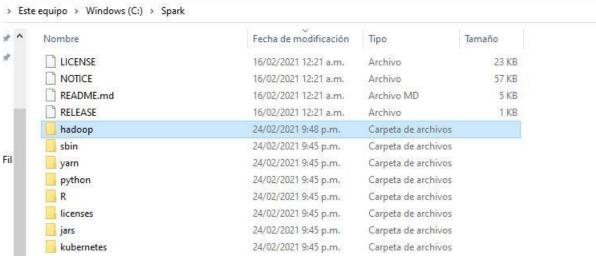


12. Procedemos a descargar el WinUtils. https://github.com/steveloughran/winutil

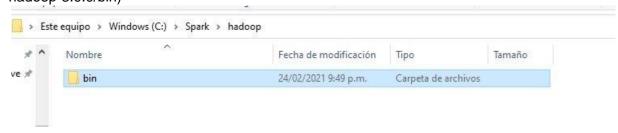




13. Dentro de la carpeta de Spark creada en el punto 10, creamos una llamada hadoop.



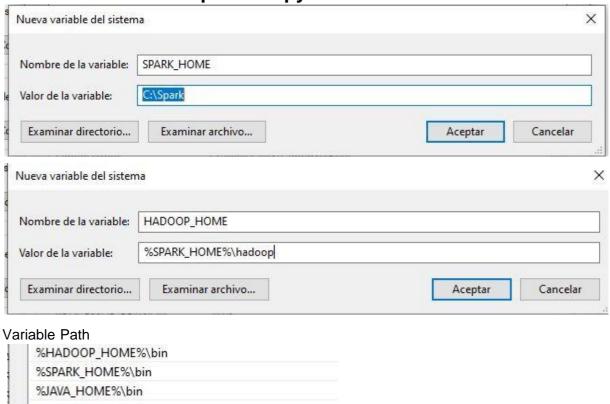
14. Dentro de esta pegamos lo descargado en el punto 12. (En mi caso solo descargue hadoop-3.0.0/bin)



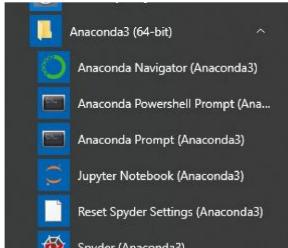
15. Creamos las variables de entorno correspondientes:

JAVA\_HOME C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0\_144





16. Abrimos la consola de Anaconda como administradores (Anaconda Prompt)



- 17. Ejecutamos los siguientes comandos:
  - a. pip install spylon-kernel



```
Administrator: Command Prompt
                                                                                                                                                                    11:47:43.691 NotebookApp] Kernel shutdown: 6520a8ec-cde2-427a-ac90-984e0975cf4c
11:47:43.692 NotebookApp] Kernel shutdown: 3e6eb459-8e16-45c2-9ee5-0451635f3cb5
 \Windows\system32>pip install spylon-kernel
ollecting spylon-kernel
Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/3b/26/0clc289ab535489b0e290461b0f2c45a00d2033a50a58a45f6d00c5fb205
/spylon-kernel-0.4.1.tar.gz
 quirement already satisfied: ipykernel in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from spylon-kernel) (5.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: jedi>=0.10 in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from spylon-kernel) (0.14.1)
collecting metakernel (from spylon-kernel)

Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/bb/bd/658103e652c2c12a791c83539496541e8f8d755c1cc3293861983f0a6742
(metakernel-0.24.2-py2.py3-none-any.whl (208k8)

| 215k8 1.7M8/s
ollecting spylon[spark] (from spylon-kernel)
Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/a1/1b/236051a959a6cc76f5962e32aa743a31e77e3acd27a742e625d49eef4c7a
spylon-0.3.0.tar.gz (140kB)
                                                      143k8 3.3MB/s
equirement already satisfied: tornado in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from spylon-kernel) (6.0.3)
equirement already satisfied: traitlets>=4.1.0 in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from ipykernel->spylon-k
 nel) (4.3.2)
 quirement already satisfied: jupyter-client in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from ipykernel->spylon-ker
 equirement already satisfied: ipython>=5.0.0 in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from ipykernel->spylon-ker
el) (7.6.1)
equirement already satisfied: parso>=0.5.0 in c:\program files\python37\lib\site-packages (from jedi>=0.10->spylon-kern
1) (0.5.1)
ollecting ipyparallel (from metakernel->spylon-kernel)

Downloading https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/3f/82/aaa7a357845a98d4028f27c799f0d3bb2fe55fc1247c73dc712b4ae2344c/ipyparallel-6.2.4-py2.py3-none-any.whl (198kB)
```

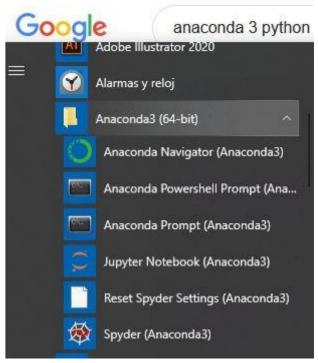
b. Creamos el kernel spec, el cual nos permitirá seleccionar el kernel de scala a la hora de usar Jupyter notebook. Comando: *python -m spylon\_kernel install* 



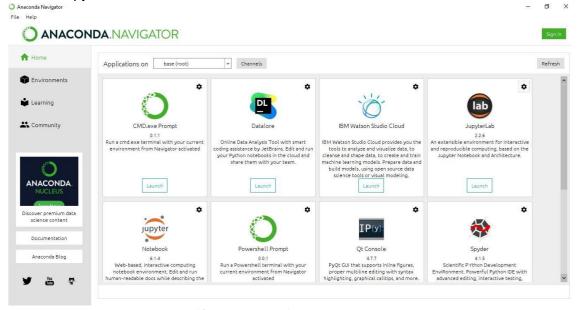
Con los pasos realizados anteriormente, completamos la instalación. Ahora procedemos a abrir el Jupyter.

1. Abrir Anaconda Navigator



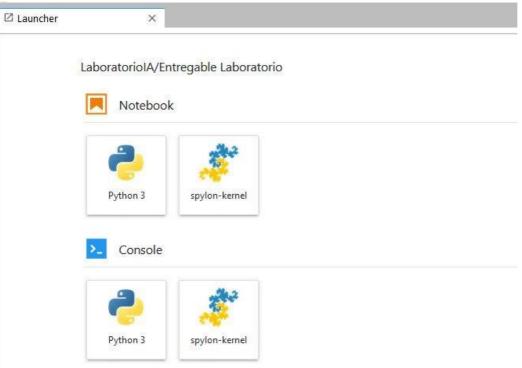


2. Abrimos JupyterLab o Notebook



3. Utilizamos el kernel instalado (Spylon-kernel)





#### 4. Validamos que funciona correctamente

```
[1]: spark
    Intitializing Scala interpreter ...
    Spark Web UI available at http://JuanArevaloM.mshome.net:4041
    SparkContext available as 'sc' (version = 3.0.2, master = local[*], app id = local-1614230379827)
    SparkSession available as 'spark'
[1]: res0: org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession = org.apache.spark.sql.SparkSession@643c926e
[2]: val xValue = "X"
[2]: xValue: String = X
[1]:
```