# Ejemplo de Markdown

Curso de Estadística Descriptiva 5/4/2020

## R Markdown

This is an R Markdown document. Markdown is a simple formatting syntax for authoring HTML, PDF, and MS Word documents. For more details on using R Markdown see http://rmarkdown.rstudio.com.

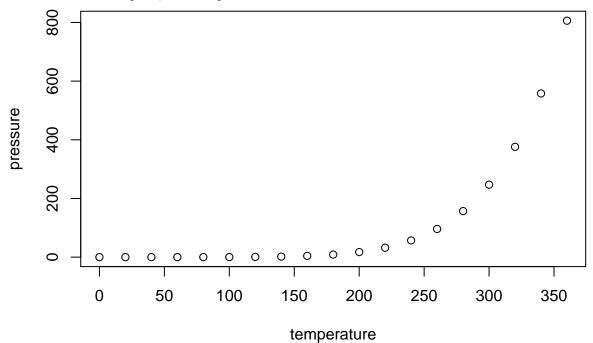
When you click the **Knit** button a document will be generated that includes both content as well as the output of any embedded R code chunks within the document. You can embed an R code chunk like this:

#### summary(cars)

```
##
        speed
                          dist
            : 4.0
                               2.00
##
                    Min.
                            :
    Min.
##
    1st Qu.:12.0
                    1st Qu.: 26.00
    Median:15.0
##
                    Median : 36.00
##
    Mean
            :15.4
                    Mean
                            : 42.98
##
    3rd Qu.:19.0
                    3rd Qu.: 56.00
    Max.
            :25.0
                    Max.
                            :120.00
```

# **Including Plots**

You can also embed plots, for example:



Note that the echo = FALSE parameter was added to the code chunk to prevent printing of the R code that generated the plot.

### Nuestras propias chunks

Vamos a calcular  $\sqrt{2} - e^{-2}$ :

```
sqrt(2) - exp(-2)
x = 1:5
sqrt(x)

## [1] 1.278878
## [1] 1.000000 1.414214 1.732051 2.000000 2.236068

library(magic)
```

## Loading required package: abind

```
magic(6)
```

```
[,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5] [,6]
## [1,]
            7
                 6
                      35
                           34
                                 15
                                      14
## [2,]
                 5
            8
                      33
                           36
                                 16
                                      13
## [3,]
          27
                26
                                      10
                      19
                           18
                                 11
## [4,]
           25
                28
                      20
                            17
                                      12
## [5,]
           23
                            2
                22
                       3
                                      30
                                 31
## [6,]
                24
           21
                       1
                                 29
                                      32
```

Cuando queremos hacer la raíz cuadrada de dos, podemos hacerlo:

- En LaTeX:  $\sqrt{2}$
- $\bullet~$  En R haciendo 1.4142136
- La frase completa:  $\sqrt{2} = 1.4142136$

El número  $\pi$ empieza por 3.1415927

Este año he hecho n=9 examenes, con una media  $\overline{x}=6.78$  y una desviación típica de s=2.39.