Práctica lenguajes:

1.2) $R - \Pi_{a_1}(\sigma_{a_1 > a_2}(R_1 \times R_2))$ con $R_1 = R = R_2$

~~1.3) R − σ a1 ≥ a2 ∧~~ 1.3) $R - \Pi_{b_1, a_1}(\sigma_{b_1 > b_2 \wedge a_1 = a_2}(R \times R))$

1.4) $\Pi_{a_1, b_1}(R \bowtie_{a_1 = a_2 \wedge b_1 \neq b_2} R)$

1.5) $\Pi_{a_1, b_1}(R \bowtie_{a_1 = a_2 \wedge b_1 \neq b_2} R) - \Pi_{a_1 b_1}(\sigma_{a_1 = a_2 = a_3 \wedge b_1 \neq b_2 \neq b_3}(R \times R \times R))$

~~1.6) Veo dimos como un bloque, tengo cosa del diagrama de un atributo de C~~

~~AR: 1.6) AR: invoice ⋈ invoiceline ⋈ customer = D~~

~~Π customerid (D − Π customerid (D ⋈ quantity1 < quantity2 D))~~

1.6) AR: Π_{*2} (invoiceline $\bowtie_{quantity_1 > quantity_2}$ invoiceline) = min ∧

~~invoiceline ⋈ quantity1 > quantity2 invoiceline~~

$\Pi_{firstname}$ (invoiceline − min) ⋈ invoice ⋈ customer)

CRT: ~~{t / ∃ t ∈ invoiceline ⋈ invoice ⋈ customer ∧~~

{t / ~~t ∈ customer firstname ∧~~ ∃p : p ∈ invoiceline ∧ ∀f ∈ invoiceline

p.quantity ≥ f.quantity ∧ ∃r ∈ invoice ∧ ∃z ∈ customer ∧

p.invoiceId = r.invoiceId ∧ r.customerId = z.customerId ∧

∧ t = (z.firstname, z.lastname)