



Bienvenidos.







Lo que vamos a ver.

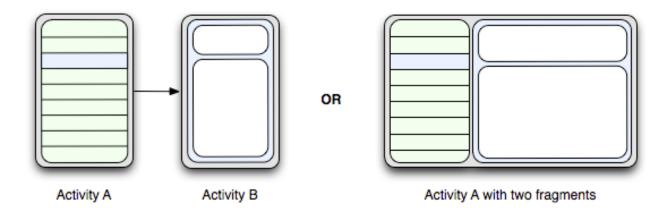
- ♦ Fragment.
- ♦ Loaders.
- ♦ ActionBar.
- ♦ Drag&Drop.
- ♦ Animaciones.
- ♦ Android Compability Package.





Fragments.

1 Nueva filosofía de diseño de la ACTIVITY.



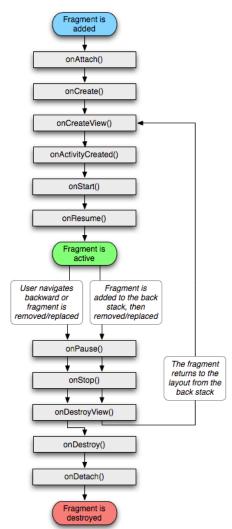




Fragments.

- 2 Ciclo de vida de un Fragment.
 - ♦ onAttach()

 - ♦ onDestroyView()







Fragments.

- 3 Principales Fragments.
 - ♦ Fragment
 - ♦ DialogFragment
 - ♦ ListFragment
 - ♦ PreferenceFragment





Fragments.

4 Creando un Fragment.





Fragments.

5 Añadiendo nuestro Fragment a una Activity I.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<LinearLayout xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</p>
    android:orientation="horizontal"
    android:layout width="match parent"
    android:layout height="match parent">
    <fragment android:name="com.example.news.ArticleListFragment"</pre>
            android:id="@+id/list"
            android:layout weight="1"
            android:layout width="0dp"
            android:layout height="match parent" />
    <fragment android:name="com.example.news.ArticleReaderFragment"</pre>
            android:id="@+id/viewer"
            android:layout weight="2"
            android:layout width="0dp"
            android:layout height="match parent" />
</LinearLayout>
```





Fragments.

6 Añadiendo nuestro Fragment a una Activity II.

```
FragmentManager fragmentManager = getFragmentManager()
FragmentTransaction fragmentTransaction = fragmentManager.beginTransaction();
```

```
ExampleFragment fragment = new ExampleFragment();
fragmentTransaction.add(R.id.fragment_container, fragment);
fragmentTransaction.commit();
```





Fragments.

7 Manejando nuestros Fragments.

```
// Create new fragment and transaction
Fragment newFragment = new ExampleFragment();
FragmentTransaction transaction = getFragmentManager().beginTransaction();

// Replace whatever is in the fragment_container view with this fragment,
// and add the transaction to the back stack
transaction.replace(R.id.fragment_container, newFragment);
transaction.addToBackStack(null);

// Commit the transaction
transaction.commit();
```





Fragments.

8 Hablando con la Activity.

```
ExampleFragment fragment = (ExampleFragment) getFragmentManager().findFragmentById(R.id.example_fragment);
```

```
public static class FragmentA extends ListFragment {
    OnArticleSelectedListener mListener;
    ...
    @Override
    public void onAttach(Activity activity) {
        super.onAttach(activity);
        try {
            mListener = (OnArticleSelectedListener) activity;
        } catch (ClassCastException e) {
            throw new ClassCastException(activity.toString() + " must implement OnArticleSelectedListener");
      }
    }
    ...
}
```





Loaders.

- 1 Funcionalidades.
 - ♦ Obtener datos de forma asíncrona.
 - ♦ Monitorizan el origen de datos.
 - ♦ Reconectan de forma automática.
 - ♦ No necesitamos volver a obtener los datos.





Loaders.

2 Clases.

Class/Interface	Description		
<u>LoaderManager</u>	An abstract class associated with an <u>Activity</u> or <u>Fragment</u> for managing one or more <u>Loader</u> instances. This helps an application manage longer-running operations in conjunction with the <u>Activity</u> or <u>Fragment</u> lifecycle; the most common use of this is with a <u>CursorLoader</u> , however applications are free to write their own loaders for loading other types of data.		
	There is only one <u>LoaderManager</u> per activity or fragment. But a <u>LoaderManager</u> can have multiple loaders.		
LoaderManager.LoaderCallbacks	A callback interface for a client to interact with the <u>LoaderManager</u> . For example, you use the <u>onCreateLoader()</u> callback method to create a new loader.		
Loader	An abstract class that performs asynchronous loading of data. This is the base class for a loader. You would typically use CursorLoader , but you can implement your own subclass. While loaders are active they should monitor the source of their data and deliver new results when the contents change.		
AsyncTaskLoader	Abstract loader that provides an AsyncTask to do the work.		
CursorLoader	A subclass of AsyncTaskLoader that queries the ContentResolver and returns a Cursor . This class implements the Loader protocol in a standard way for querying cursors, building on AsyncTaskLoader to perform the cursor query on a background thread so that it does not block the application's UI. Using this loader is the best way to asynchronously load data from a ContentProvider , instead of performing a managed query through the fragment or activity's APIs.		





Loaders.

3 Cómo usar un Loader.

Iniciar el Loader.

getLoaderManager().initLoader(int id, bundle args, LoaderCallbacks<T> callbacks)

Reiniciar el Loader.

getLoaderManager().initLoader(int id, bundle args, LoaderCallbacks<T> callbacks)

Escuchar al Loader.

onCreateLoader(int id, bundle args) onLoadFinished(Loader<T> loader, T data) onLoadReset(Loader<T>)





Action Bar.

- 1 Usos del Action Bar.
 - ♦ Sustituye a la barra de título.
 - ♦ Muestra las acciones del menú.
 - ♦ Proporciona TABs para navegar entre Fragments.
 - Facilita la navegación mediante una lista de selección.
 - → Añade el concepto de "Action Views".





Action Bar.

1 Mostrar el Action Bar.

```
<uses-sdk android:minSdkVersion="4"
    android:targetSdkVersion="11" />
```

2 Ocultar el Action Bar.

```
<activity android:theme="@android:style/Theme.Holo.NoActionBar">

ActionBar actionBar = getActionBar();
actionBar.hide();
```





Action Bar.

3 Añadir "Action Items".



- ♦ SHOW AS ACTION ALWAYS
- ♦ SHOW_AS_ACTION_IF_ROOM
- ♦ SHOW_AS_ACTION_NEVER
- ♦ SHOW_AS_ACTION_WITHTEXT

4 Usar el icono de la Activity.



- ♦ Android.R.id.home







Action Bar.

4 Action Views.

```
Q =
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<menu xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android">
   <item android:id="@+id/menu search"
        android:title="Search"
       android:icon="@drawable/ic menu search"
       android:showAsAction="ifRoom"
       android:actionLayout="@layout/searchview" />
</menu>
 MenuItem item = menu.add("Buscar");
 //Componente SearchView
 item.setIcon(android.R.drawable.ic_menu_search);
 //Si hay espacio en el menu muestras la view
 item.setShowAsAction(MenuItem.SHOW_AS_ACTION_IF_ROOM);
 SearchView sv = new SearchView(getActivity());
 sv.setOnQueryTextListener(this);
 item.setActionView(sv);
```





Action Bar.

5 Action Tabs.



- 1 ActionBar.TabListener
- 2 setNavigationMode(NAVIGATION_MODE_TABS)
- 3 ActionBar.Tab -> newTab()
- 4 addTab()





Action Bar.

6 Lista de Selección.

```
ActionBar actionBar = getActionBar();
actionBar.setNavigationMode(ActionBar.NAVIGATION_MODE_LIST);

SpinnerAdapter mSpinnerAdapter = ArrayAdapter.createFromResource(this, R.array.action_list, android.R.layout.simple_spinner_dropdown_item);

actionBar.setListNavigationCallbacks(mSpinnerAdapter, mNavigationCallback);
```





Drag&Drop.

- Procesos implicados.
 - ♦ Started
 - > startDrag()
 - ACTION_DRAG_STARTED
 - ♦ Continuing
 - > ACTION DRAG ENTERED
 - ♦ Dropped
 - ACTION_DROP
 - ♦ Ended
 - ACTION_DRAG_ENDED





Drag&Drop.

- 2. Registrar Eventos.
 - > onDragEvent()
 - > setOnDragListener()

3.Eventos.

<pre>getAction() value</pre>	<pre>getClipDescription() value</pre>	<pre>getLocalState() value</pre>	getX() value	getY() value	<pre>getClipData() value</pre>	<pre>getResult() value</pre>
ACTION_DRAG_STARTED	X	X	X			
ACTION_DRAG_ENTERED	X	X	X	Х		
ACTION_DRAG_LOCATION	X	X	Х	Х		
ACTION_DRAG_EXITED	X	X				
ACTION_DROP	X	X	Х	Х	×	
ACTION_DRAG_ENDED	X	X				×





Drag&Drop.

- 4. La sombra del arrastre.
 - ♦ DragShadowBuilder()
 - → DragShadowBuilder(View v)





Animación basada en propiedades.

x = 0x = 6x = 20x = 34x = 40t = 0 mst = 10mst = 20mst = 30 mst = 40ms1. Nuevo comportamiento. duration = 40 ms ValueAnimator TimeInterpolator TypeEvaluator int duration int startPropertyValue int endPropertyValue start() ValueAnimator.Animator myAnimatedObject ValueAnimator.getAnimatedValue() property = getAnimatedValue() UpdateListener onAnimationUpdate()





Animación basada en propiedades.

2. Clases involucradas.

Class
<u>ValueAnimator</u>
<u>ObjectAnimator</u>
AnimatorSet

Class/Interface		
AccelerateDecelerateInterpolator		
AccelerateInterpolator		
AnticipateInterpolator		
AnticipateOvershootInterpolator		
BounceInterpolator		
CycleInterpolator		
<u>DecelerateInterpolator</u>		
LinearInterpolator		
<u>OvershootInterpolator</u>		
TimeInterpolator		





Animación basada en propiedades.

3. ValueAnimator.

```
ValueAnimator animation = ValueAnimator.ofFloat(0f, 1f);
animation.setDuration(1000);
animation.start();
```

4. ObjectAnimator.

```
ObjectAnimator anim = ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(foo, "alpha", Of, 1f);
anim.setDuration(1000);
anim.start();
```





Animación basada en propiedades.

5. AnimatorSet.

```
AnimatorSet bouncer = new AnimatorSet();
bouncer.play(bounceAnim).before(squashAnim1);
bouncer.play(squashAnim1).with(squashAnim2);
bouncer.play(squashAnim1).with(stretchAnim1);
bouncer.play(squashAnim1).with(stretchAnim2);
bouncer.play(bounceBackAnim).after(stretchAnim2);
ValueAnimator fadeAnim = ObjectAnimator.ofFloat(newBall, "alpha", 1f, 0f);
fadeAnim.setDuration(250);
AnimatorSet animatorSet = new AnimatorSet();
animatorSet.play(bouncer).before(fadeAnim);
animatorSet.start();
```





Animación basada en propiedades.

6. Eventos.

AnimatorListener





Android Compability Package.

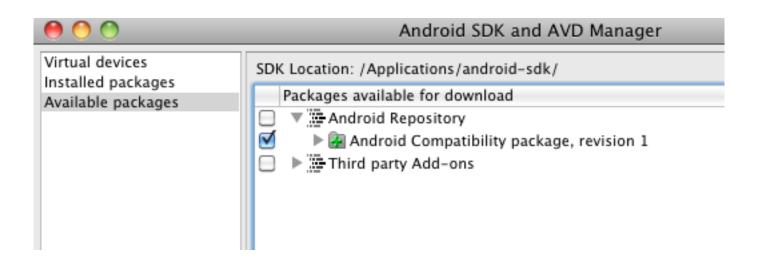
- 1 Contenido de android-support-v4:
 - ♦ Fragment API
 - ♦ Loader API.
 - ♦ CursorAdapter
 - ♦ ResourceCursorAdapter
 - ♦ SimpleCursorAdapter
 - ♦ MenuCompat





Android Compability Package.

2 Configurar de android-support-v4 I:







Android Compability Package.

3 Configurar de android-support-v4 II:

```
ContactsFragment16 21 [http://aniistrum.com/src 22

src 22

gen [Generated Java Files] 22

Google APIs [Android 1.6]

Referenced Libraries

assets 22

lib 22

android-support-v4.jar 22

androidManifest.xml 22

default.properties 22

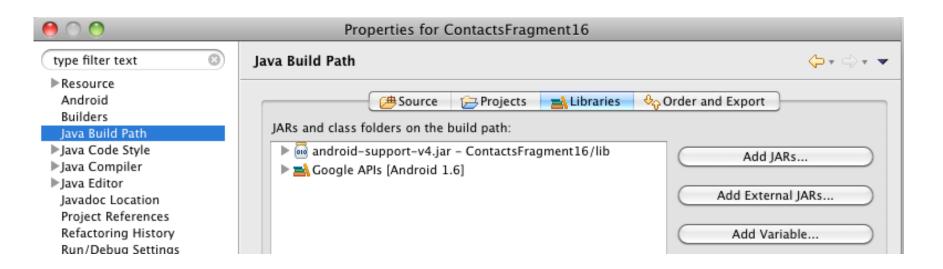
proguard.cfg 22
```





Android Compability Package.

4 Configurar de android-support-v4 III:







Gracias por vuestra asistencia.



Información, imágenes y recursos obtenidos de http://android.developer.com