

# Student–Teacher Appointment Booking System

---

## 1. Executive Summary

The **Student–Teacher Appointment Booking System** is a web-based appointment management platform designed to digitize and streamline the process of scheduling academic appointments within educational institutions. The system addresses the inefficiencies of manual appointment booking by providing a centralized, role-based digital solution for students, teachers, and administrators.

Developed using **Vanilla JavaScript, HTML5, and CSS3**, the application follows a frontend-focused architecture integrated with **Firebase** for authentication, real-time data synchronization, and secure data storage. User authentication is implemented through Firebase Authentication, while all appointment and user-related data is managed using Firebase Firestore, a NoSQL document database. Real-time updates are achieved using Firestore's `onSnapshot` listeners, ensuring instant synchronization across all user roles.

The system supports multi-role access control, allowing students to request appointments, teachers to manage and respond to requests, and administrators to oversee registrations, approve users, and monitor system activity. Security is enforced through comprehensive Firestore security rules, role-based permissions, and authenticated session handling.

The project demonstrates strong competency in modern web application development, particularly in real-time systems, frontend modularization, and secure cloud-based backend integration. The final application is deployed on **Vercel**, ensuring high availability and performance. Overall, the system successfully delivers an efficient, scalable, and secure solution for academic appointment management while showcasing industry-relevant development practices.

---

## 2. Introduction & Problem Statement

Educational institutions traditionally rely on manual or semi-digital processes for managing student–teacher appointments. These processes often involve physical visits, handwritten registers, email exchanges, or verbal coordination, which can lead to scheduling conflicts, lack of transparency, time wastage, and poor record management. As institutions scale, these inefficiencies become increasingly difficult to manage.

Students frequently face challenges such as limited access to teachers, uncertainty regarding appointment availability, and delayed confirmations. Teachers, on the other hand, struggle to manage overlapping requests, track appointment history, and maintain structured schedules. Administrators lack centralized visibility into appointment activities and user management, making system-wide oversight difficult.

The **Student–Teacher Appointment Booking System** is proposed as a digital solution to these challenges. The system aims to replace fragmented manual workflows with a unified, web-based platform that enables structured appointment scheduling, real-time updates, and transparent communication among all stakeholders.

### Project Objectives

- Digitize the appointment booking process

- Enable role-based access for students, teachers, and administrators
- Provide real-time appointment status updates
- Ensure data security and privacy
- Improve efficiency, transparency, and accountability

## Project Scope

The scope includes frontend development, real-time database integration, authentication, role-based dashboards, and secure deployment. Backend server development is intentionally excluded by leveraging Firebase's managed services.

---

## 3. System Design & Architecture

### 3.1 Overall Architecture

The system follows a **frontend-driven, cloud-backed architecture**:

- Frontend: HTML5, CSS3, Vanilla JavaScript
- Authentication: Firebase Authentication
- Database: Firebase Firestore
- Hosting: Vercel

All business logic runs in the browser, while Firebase handles authentication, storage, and real-time updates.

---

### 3.2 Database Design Rationale

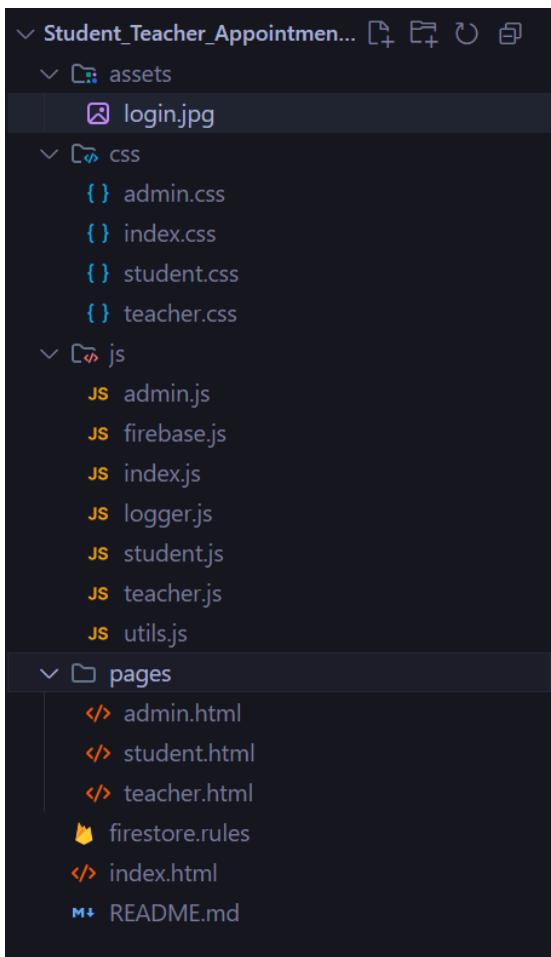
Firestore is used due to its:

- NoSQL flexibility
- Real-time synchronization
- Scalability
- Fine-grained security rules

Collections are logically separated into users, appointments, and logs to ensure data normalization and efficient querying.

---

### 3.3 Folder Structure



---

### 3.4 Security Implementation Strategy

Security is enforced at multiple levels:

- Authentication via Firebase Auth
- Role-based Firestore security rule
- Data isolation between users
- Admin-only access to sensitive operations

This layered approach ensures confidentiality, integrity, and availability of data.

---

### 3.5 System Workflow (Textual Description)

1. User registers and logs in
2. Admin approves student or manages teacher profiles
3. Student browses teachers and submits appointment request
4. Teacher reviews and approves/rejects requests
5. Real-time updates reflect changes across all dashboards

- 
6. All actions are logged for auditing

---

## 4. Implementation Details

### 4.1 Modular Code Organization

Each role has a dedicated JavaScript file:

- index.js – authentication
- student.js – student features
- teacher.js – teacher operations
- admin.js – administrative controls

Utility and logging logic are abstracted into reusable modules.

---

### 4.2 Authentication System

- Email/password authentication
- Session persistence
- Role-based redirection after login
- Password reset functionality

---

### 4.3 Real-Time Functionality

Firestore onSnapshot listeners ensure:

- Instant appointment status updates
- Live dashboard counters
- Real-time monitoring without page refresh

---

### 4.4 User Interface Development

- Responsive layouts using Flexbox and Grid
- Role-specific dashboards
- Toast notifications for actions and errors
- Modal dialogs for confirmations

## 4.5 Database Integration

All CRUD operations are securely routed through Firestore with validation and permission checks.

---

## 5. Testing & Validation

### Testing Methodology

- Manual functional testing for each role
- Cross-browser testing (Chrome, Edge, Firefox)
- Responsive testing on mobile and desktop
- Security rule validation using Firebase Emulator

### User Acceptance Testing

Demo users validated usability, clarity, and responsiveness.

---

## 6. Project Visuals

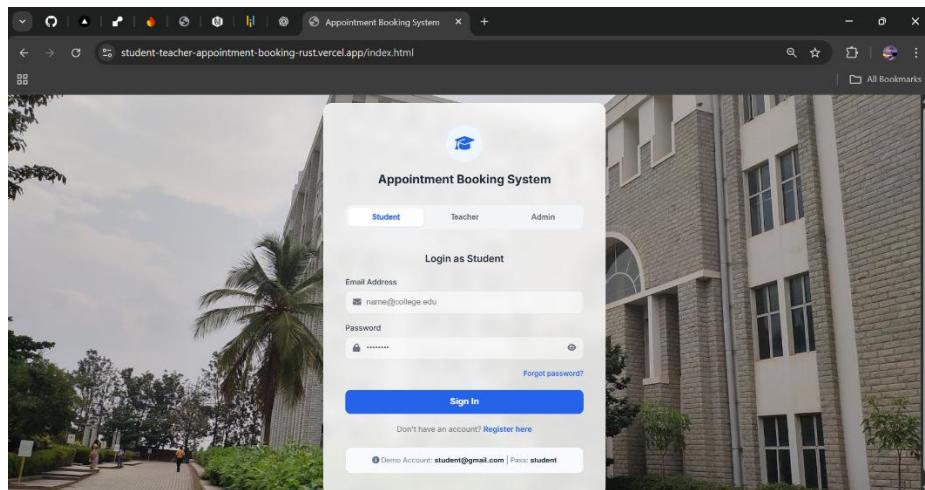


Figure 1: Login & registration screen

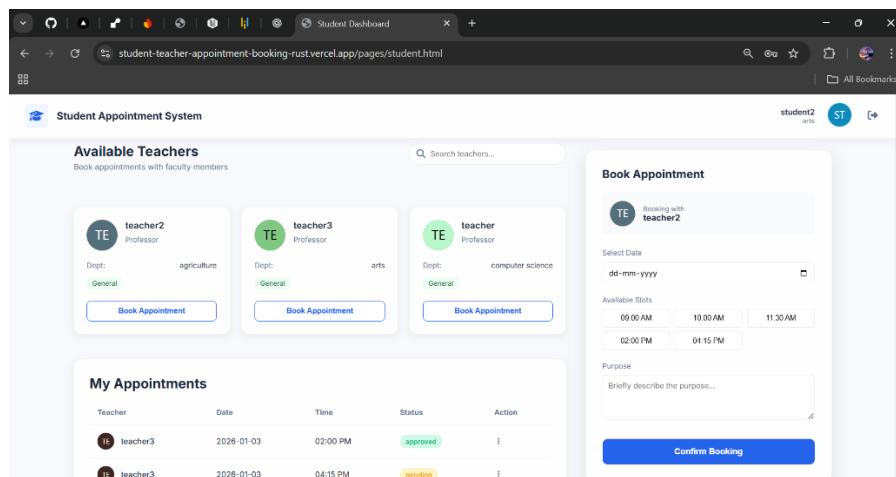


Figure 2: Student booking interface

The Teacher Dashboard displays the following information:

- Appointment Requests:** A card for student2 (arts) with a pending request. Details: 2026-01-03 04:15 PM, "gcu". Actions: Reject (white button), Approve (blue button).
- Upcoming Appointments:** Two entries for student2 on 2026-01-03 at 02:00 PM, both approved.
- Today's Schedule:** A placeholder for adding availability.
- Teacher Statistics:** teacher3 (Teacher, arts). 0 Students, 0 Rating, 0 Hrs/Wk.

Figure 3: Teacher approval dashboard

The Admin Dashboard displays the following information:

- Student Registration Requests:** A card for student3 (sci) with a pending request. Details: student3@gmail.com. Actions: Reject (white button), Approve (green button).
- Teacher Management:** A table of teachers:
 

TEACHER NAME	DEPARTMENT	STATUS	ACTIONS
teacher2	agriculture	Active	[Edit]
teacher3	arts	Active	[Edit]
- System Overview:** Statistics: 2 Total Students, 3 Total Teachers, 8 Appointments, 1 Pending Req.

Figure 4: Admin control panel

The Firebase Cloud Firestore interface shows the following data structure under the appointments collection:

```

  appointments
    + Start collection
    appointments
      + Add document
        Bvy6Kp14GenEMTBhCLF
          + Start collection
          logs
          users
          + Add field
            createdAt: January 3, 2026 at 8:43:51PM UTC-5:30
            date: "2026-01-03"
            purpose: "dfe"
            status: "approved"
            studentId: "0OvbMwsYqReO3jVatx4q3sLIG3"
            teacherId: "teacher3@gmail.com"
            time: "02:00 PM"
    
```

Figure 5: Firestore Database

The screenshot shows the Firebase Authentication console for a project named "student-teacher-appointment". The left sidebar includes links for Project Overview, Firestore Database, Authentication (selected), Analytics Dashboard, Product categories, Build, Run, Analytics, AI, and Related development tools like Firebase Studio. The main area displays a table of users with the following data:

Identifier	Providers	Created	Signed In	User UID
student3@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 5, 2026	DTWup4DkjaiCJEKdIGRyn3...
student2@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 5, 2026	OGVbMwstqRe03qVs14qc3...
teacher3@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 5, 2026	BX9kF76RhWiwMPq9UEyB03...
teacher2@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 3, 2026	yeWV4s029slgOrvuf5ZEr...
admin@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 5, 2026	bzJ136sTFphenQpBBgvNvM...
teacher@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 3, 2026	ThmtfByUOINNck5DOygnNj...
student@gmail.com	Email	Jan 3, 2026	Jan 3, 2026	pselOVItstIyfY4ghMVi4gRY...

At the top of the main area, a message states: "The following Authentication features will stop working when Firebase Dynamic Links shuts down soon: email link authentication for mobile apps, as well as Cordova OAuth support for web apps." The URL in the browser bar is https://console.firebaseio.google.com/project/student-teacher-appointment-74f9a/authentication/users.

Figure 6: Firebase Authentication (Test data added for testing)

## 7. Conclusion

The Student–Teacher Appointment Booking System successfully achieves its objective of digitizing and optimizing academic appointment scheduling. By leveraging Firebase's real-time capabilities and a modular frontend architecture, the system delivers a secure, scalable, and user-friendly solution.

The project demonstrates strong understanding of real-time web applications, cloud-based backend services, and role-based system design. It is well-suited for academic evaluation and serves as a solid foundation for future enhancements and production deployment.