

## WRITING

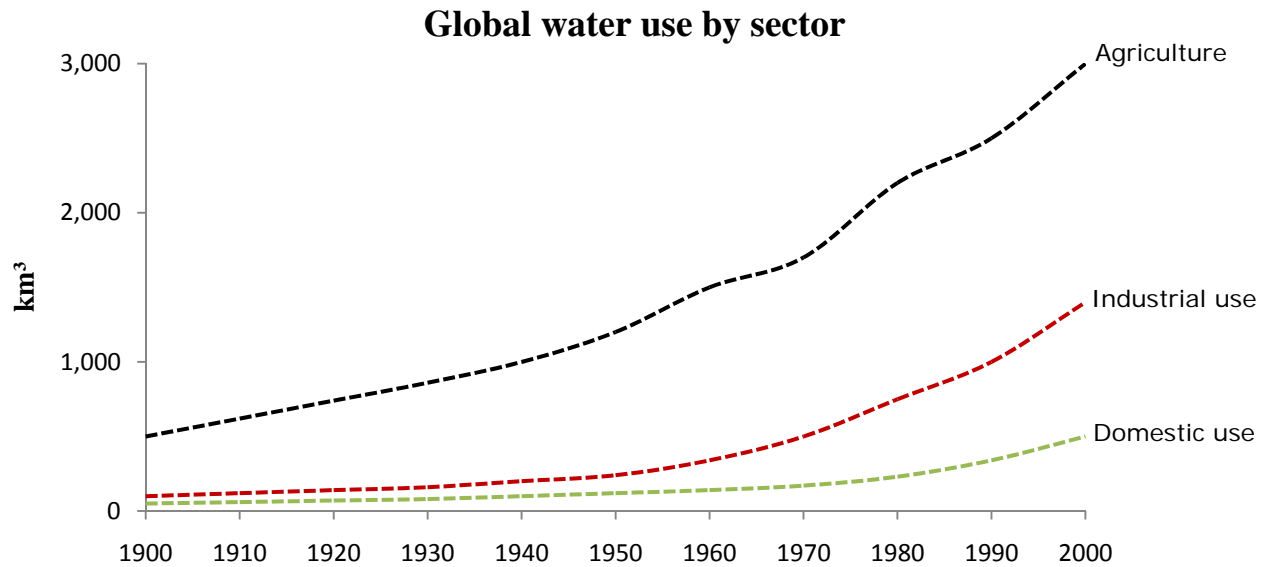
### WRITING TASK 1

You should spend about 20 minutes on this task.

*The graph and table below give information about water use worldwide and water consumption in two different countries.*

*Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features, and make comparisons where relevant.*

Write at least 150 words.



**Water consumption in Brazil and Congo in 2000**

Country	Population	Irrigated land	Water consumption per person
Brazil	176 million	26,500 km <sup>2</sup>	359 m <sup>3</sup>
Democratic Republic of Congo	5.2 million	100 km <sup>2</sup>	8 m <sup>3</sup>

## Model answer

This model has been prepared by an examiner as an example of a very good answer. However, please note that this is just one example out of many possible approaches.

The graph shows how the amount of water used worldwide changed between 1900 and 2000.

Throughout the century, the largest quantity of water was used for agricultural purposes, and this increased dramatically from about 500 km<sup>3</sup> to around 3,000 km<sup>3</sup> in the year 2000. Water used in the industrial and domestic sectors also increased, but consumption was minimal until mid-century. From 1950 onwards, industrial use grew steadily to just over 1,000 km<sup>3</sup>, while domestic use rose more slowly to only 300 km<sup>3</sup>, both far below the levels of consumption by agriculture.

The table illustrates the differences in agriculture consumption in some areas of the world by contrasting the amount of irrigated land in Brazil (26,500 km<sup>2</sup>) with that in the D.R.C. (100 km<sup>2</sup>). This means that a huge amount of water is used in agriculture in Brazil, and this is reflected in the figures for water consumption per person: 359 m<sup>3</sup> compared with only 8 m<sup>3</sup> in the Congo. With a population of 176 million, the figures for Brazil indicate how high agriculture water consumption can be in some countries.