Sesion 2

Manuel Toral January 19, 2019

Llamar los datos

Select

county_id	name	county_income
Min.: 1003	Length:467	Min.: 22545
1st Qu.: 8022	Class :character	1st Qu.: 43804
Median $:24033$	Mode :character	Median: 50856
Mean $:25434$	NA	Mean: 52527
3rd Qu.:40112	NA	3rd Qu.: 56832
Max. $:56005$	NA	Max. :110292

Filter

Filter + Select

raceethnicity	armed
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm
Hispanic/Latino	Vehicle
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm
Hispanic/Latino	Vehicle
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm

raceethnicity	armed
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm
Hispanic/Latino	Vehicle
Hispanic/Latino	Firearm

Group by + summarise

```
## # A tibble: 47 x 2
     state media
##
##
      <chr> <dbl>
            77454
##
   1 AK
##
  2 AL
            47174.
##
  3 AR
            45998
            48391
## 4 AZ
## 5 CA
           61058.
##
  6 CO
           53060.
  7 CT
           61996
## 8 DC
            65830
## 9 DE
            59843
## 10 FL
            47964.
## # ... with 37 more rows
```

Group by + arrange

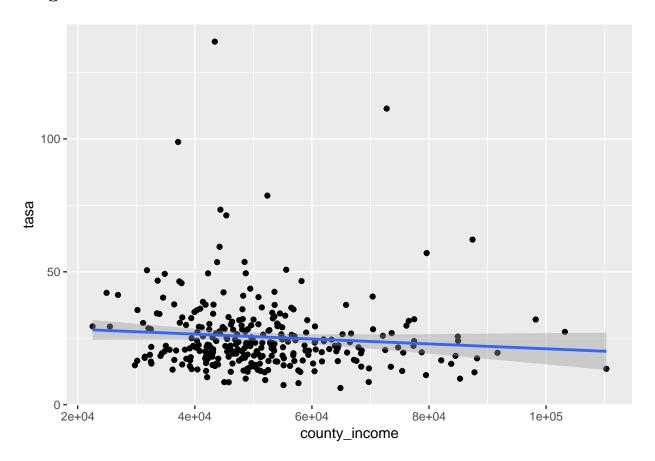
```
## # A tibble: 459 x 5
## # Groups:
              state, county_id, county_income [301]
##
      state county_id county_income
                                      pop count
##
      <chr>
                <int>
                              <int> <int> <int>
   1 AZ
##
                 4013
                              53596 4579
  2 AZ
                4025
                              42987 5206
##
  3 CA
                6065
                              56529
                                     2886
##
   4 NJ
                34003
                              83794 8810
                                              2
                              48181 3300
                                              2
##
  5 OK
                40143
##
  6 TX
                48113
                              49481 4775
                                              2
## 7 TX
                48467
                              43439
                                     6852
## 8 WA
                53021
                              55177
                                    6747
                                              2
## 9 AK
                 2020
                              77454 2619
                                              1
                 2020
                              77454 5733
## 10 AK
                                              1
## # ... with 449 more rows
```

Mutate

```
## # A tibble: 301 x 6
## state county_id county_income count    pop tasa
```

##		<cl< th=""><th>nr></th><th><j< th=""><th>int></th><th></th><th><int></int></th><th><int< th=""><th>></th><th><int></int></th><th><dbl></dbl></th></int<></th></j<></th></cl<>	nr>	<j< th=""><th>int></th><th></th><th><int></int></th><th><int< th=""><th>></th><th><int></int></th><th><dbl></dbl></th></int<></th></j<>	int>		<int></int>	<int< th=""><th>></th><th><int></int></th><th><dbl></dbl></th></int<>	>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>
##	1	FL		12	2111		43413	:	1	732	137.
##	2	${\tt HI}$		15	5003		72764	4	2	1795	111.
##	3	LA		22	2071		37146	4	2	2023	98.9
##	4	NY		36	3055		52394	:	1	1271	78.7
##	5	TX		48	3305		44375	:	1	1363	73.4
##	6	${\tt MI}$		26	5017		45376	:	1	1404	71.2
##	7	MD		24	1003		87430	:	1	1610	62.1
##	8	TX		48	3337		44231	:	1	1683	59.4
##	9	NJ		34	1023		79596	:	1	1753	57.0
##	10	LA		22	2033		48506	:	1	1862	53.7
##	#		with	291	more	rows					

Regresión



$$Y = \beta_1 X_1 + \epsilon$$

Tasa por cada cien mil hab. _i = \beta_1 \text{Ingreso}_1 + \epsilon

Modelo 1

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	$\Pr(> t)$
(Intercept)	30.2	3.16	9.558	4.628e-19
${f county_income}$	-9.175e-05	5.919 e-05	-1.55	0.1222

Table 4: Fitting linear model: tasa ~ county_income

Observations	Residual Std. Error	R^2	Adjusted \mathbb{R}^2
301	14.2	0.007971	0.004653

[%] Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu % Date and time: sáb, ene 19, 2019 - 13:00:50

Table 5:

	Dependent variable:			
	tasa			
county_income	-0.0001			
	(0.0001)			
Constant	30.203***			
	(3.160)			
Observations	301			
\mathbb{R}^2	0.008			
Adjusted R ²	0.005			
Residual Std. Error	14.198 (df = 299)			
F Statistic	2.403 (df = 1; 299)			
Note:	*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01			

Modelo 2

Dependent variable:

tasa

(1)

(2)

 $county_income$

-0.0001

(0.0001)

incpp

1.388***

(0.070)

Constant

```
30.203***
```

10.315***

(3.160)

(0.934)

Observations

301

301

R2

0.008

0.569

Adjusted R2

0.005

0.568

Residual Std. Error (df = 299)

14.198

9.359

F Statistic (df = 1; 299)

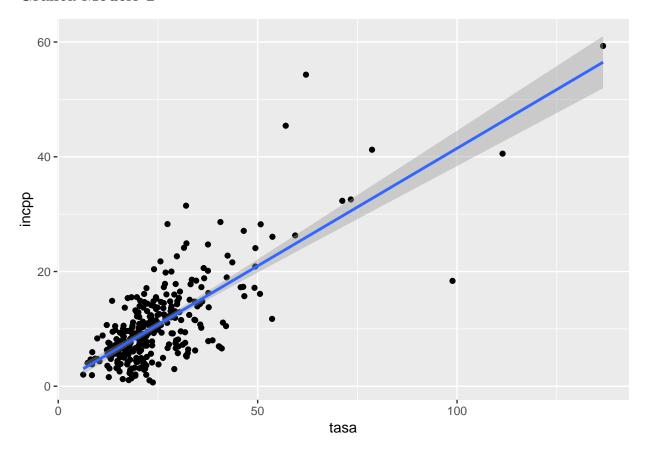
2.403

394.644***

Note:

p<0.1; *p*<0.05; p<0.01

Gráfica Modelo 2



Modelo 3

$$Y = \beta_1 X_1 + \beta_2 X_2 + \epsilon$$

Tasa por cada cien mil hab. _i = \beta_1 \text{Ingreso}_i + \beta_2 \text{Porcentaje de gente blanca}_i + \epsilon

[%] Table created by stargazer v.5.2.2 by Marek Hlavac, Harvard University. E-mail: hlavac at fas.harvard.edu % Date and time: sáb, ene 19, 2019 - 13:00:54

Table 6:

14010 0.						
	Dependent variable:					
		tasa				
	(1)	(2)	(3)			
county_income	-0.0001 (0.0001)					
incpp		1.388*** (0.070)	1.388*** (0.069)			
pctwhite			-0.066^{***} (0.020)			
Constant	30.203*** (3.160)	10.315*** (0.934)	14.185*** (1.470)			
Observations R ²	301 0.008	301 0.569	301 0.585			
Adjusted R ² Residual Std. Error F Statistic	0.005 $14.198 (df = 299)$ $2.403 (df = 1; 299)$	0.568 $9.359 (df = 299)$ $394.644^{***} (df = 1; 299)$	0.582 $9.201 (df = 298)$ $209.835^{***} (df = 2; 298)$			

Note:

*p<0.1; **p<0.05; ***p<0.01