```
Name: Jude Onyia
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Email: judeonyia10@gmail.com
Course: ECE596C
Section: T01
Assignment ID: cpp_basics
Assignment Title: C++ Basics
```

Assignment little. Cir basics

Submission Source: https://github.com/uvic-seng475-2020-05/cpp_basics-JudeOnyia.

git

Commit ID: 42c9dae4c0da4007288a20959233a9f7ad98dd46

Submitted Files

```
drwxr-xr-x
              66 2020-05-26 11:59 ./app
-rw-rw-r-- 2243 2020-05-26 11:59 ./app/test_random.cpp
-rw-rw-r-- 6163 2020-05-26 11:59 ./app/test_rational.cpp
             343 2020-05-26 11:59 ./CMakeLists.txt
-rw-rw-r--
             140 2020-05-26 11:59 ./IDENTIFICATION.txt
-rw-rw-r--
              24 2020-05-26 11:59 ./include
drwxrwxr-x
               56 2020-05-26 11:59 ./include/ra
drwxrwxr-x
             2391 2020-05-26 11:59 ./include/ra/random.hpp
-rw-rw-r--
             6835 2020-05-26 11:59 ./include/ra/rational.hpp
-rw-rw-r--
               32 2020-05-26 11:59 ./lib
drwxrwxr-x
           1287 2020-05-26 11:59 ./lib/random.cpp
-rw-rw-r--
-rw-rw-r-- 391622 2020-05-26 11:59 ./README.pdf
```

Results

Package nonprog	Operation generate	Target	Status OK (0.0s)
1 - 3	_		,
random_orig	generate		OK (0.3s)
random_orig	configure		OK (2.4s)
random_orig	build	test_random	FAIL (2 0.1s 2L)
random_sane	generate		OK (0.5s)
random_sane	configure		OK (2.6s)
random_sane	build	test_random	OK (1.7s)
rational_orig	generate		OK (0.3s)
rational_orig	configure		OK (2.1s)
rational_orig	build	test_rational	FAIL (2 0.2s 2L)
rational_sane	generate		OK (0.5s)
rational_sane	configure		OK (2.6s)
rational_sane	build	test_rational	OK (2.3s)

Normally, an operation is indicated as having a status of either "OK" or "FAIL". A status of "?" indicates that the operation could not be performed for some reason (e.g., due to an earlier error or being a manual step). The time (in seconds) required for an operation is denoted by an expression consisting of a number followed by the letter "s" (e.g., "5.0s"). In the case of a test that consists of multiple test cases, the number of failed test cases and total number of test cases is expressed as a fraction (e.g., "10/50" means 10 test cases failed out of 50 test cases in total). The length (in lines) of the log file generated by an operation is denoted by an expression consisting of a number followed by the letter "L" (e.g., "10L"). To ascertain the reason for the failure of an operation, check the contents of the log file provided.

Legend

Package: nonprog

Nonprogramming exercises

Package: random_orig

The code as originally submitted by the student.

Build target: test_random

Build the test_random program.

Package: random_sane

Code with modifications to perform API sanity checking.

Build target: test_random

Build the test_random program.

Package: rational_orig

The code as originally submitted by the student.

Build target: test_rational

Build the test_rational program.

Package: rational_sane

Code with modifications to perform API sanity checking.

Build target: test_rational

Build the test_rational program.

May 26, 20 11:59	Log: random_orig build test_ran	dom Page 1/1
<pre>gmake: *** No rule ERROR: build failed</pre>	to make target 'test_random'. Stop. I to generate executable test_random	

May 26, 20 11:59	Log: rational_orig build test_r	ational Page 1/1
gmake: *** No rule to ERROR: build failed	to make target 'test_rational'. St to generate executable test_ration	cop. nal

Fixed the random.hpp file to have the proper declarations, and

modifies the random.cpp file to have definitions of some member functions

Date:

58

59

60

61 62 Tue May 19 01:41:40 2020 -0700

and the non-member function (operator <<).

```
../commit history
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                              Page 2/6
    commit 9793c850025d636b22bc0b4fc20624eab8dd0f13
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Tue May 19 02:13:19 2020 -0700
        Some error correction made of random.hpp and the test_random.cpp
67
   commit ed7deaa5cea91373489078fd2cd3a38a5d18f16c
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
            Tue May 19 19:47:55 2020 -0700
71
72
        Corrected the definition of the seed member function and the operator()
73
74
   commit b78d4a953eeabfd9cc5cf3e5866afb36e2d2378b
75
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
76
            Tue May 19 20:04:24 2020 -0700
77
78
79
        Moved the constructor and the stream inserter definitions back to the header
    file
80
   commit 27cd751979710a2e089c05cedc0f1df4332eac70
81
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Tue May 19 20:49:00 2020 -0700
        Code Finally Builds. Moved stream inserter definition back to
85
86
        random.cpp, removed the const prefix in stream inserter.
87
   commit af187b18f31b16877d39b41292d52ce67087077e
88
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
89
            Wed May 20 01:58:14 2020 -0700
   Date:
90
91
        Completed draft of the test of every member and non member function
92
    commit 2d6841b73b55efdf874307fa8e8d7ec305e31d0c
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
   Date:
            Wed May 20 02:21:52 2020 -0700
97
98
        Moved constructor to random.cpp
   commit e76162cfa44cc606be634bb1f86470d3de21128a
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
           Wed May 20 15:44:11 2020 -0700
   Date:
102
103
        Began B2 Parts a to h (detailed below)
104
        1) created the template class rational
105
        2) created the default constructor
106
        3) created the two parameter constructor
107
108
        4) created the numerator and denominator member functions
   commit 56ef8368c9372dd7fc68ff3d3c6a54d3a4ea97f4
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
111
            Wed May 20 17:04:06 2020 -0700
   Date:
112
113
        Wrote set up for compound assignment operators
114
115
   commit 336f8371c02d5d8c31f0e09d20fbac69f6cd4d05
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Wed May 20 18:18:27 2020 -0700
   Date:
118
119
        1) Created the truncation function
120
        2) Wrote test for the default constructor
121
        3) Wrote test for constructor with single argument
122
123
        4) Wrote test for constructor with 2 arguments
```

```
../commit history
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                               Page 3/6
        5) Wrote test for truncation function
124
126 commit a3443247cb741d1417acf72568bdbf6b0fd88c4c
127 Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
           Wed May 20 19:20:23 2020 -0700
128 Date:
        1) Wrote is_integer function
130
        2) Tested is_integer function
131
132
133 commit 5259695fc4569c708380890aff19c477f40c2bla
134 Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Wed May 20 19:40:18 2020 -0700
135 Date:
136
        1) Wrote operator oveload for Not(!) operator
137
        2) Tested Not(!) operator overload
138
140 commit 81dea77023c36e9e44073e4a565c44f661c16674
141 Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
142 Date: Wed May 20 20:11:56 2020 -0700
143
        1) Wrote the Equality (==) and Inequality (!=) operator overloads
144
        2) Tested these operator overloads
145
   commit 1b9e521fe3e52ec3ae9281ecce871b470fa79c02
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Wed May 20 21:04:59 2020 -0700
   Date:
149
150
        1) Wrote the operator overloads for: <, >, <=, >=
151
        2) Tested these opertor overloads
152
153
   commit 944cd522cd5ede4c7ac8faa1b9530669cbed38ae
154
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Wed May 20 23:31:28 2020 -0700
   Date:
157
        1) Wrote code for maintaining reduced form of rational number
158
        2) Wrote code for ensuring that denominator is not negative
159
        3) Tested both code
160
161
162 commit 0e547c08ff83c80e76d4ca9ca9761317ba487486
163 Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Wed May 20 23:59:36 2020 -0700
164 Date:
165
        1) Wrote condition for when the denominator is zero
166
        2) Tested this condition
167
168
   commit 34d8990468b542e4574f8c13a36dc4dc55b7294a
169
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Thu May 21 00:52:45 2020 -0700
172
        1) Fixed the truncation function
173
        2) Wrote operator oveload for prefix increment and decrement
174
        3) Tested operato oveloads
175
176
   commit e9433fdab5c078db150a3b6a98a86f3df3701b9e
177
   Author: Jude Onyia < judeonyia10@gmail.com>
           Thu May 21 01:06:11 2020 -0700
180
181
        1) Wrote operator overload of postfix increment and decrement
        2) Tested these operator oveloads
182
183
   commit e010f2b773d186879550d3bfe3f7f4c980737195
184
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
```

```
../commit history
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                                Page 4/6
            Thu May 21 17:27:22 2020 -0700
    Date:
187
        1) Wrote code to turn the numerator and denominator to be whole numbers
188
           if they weren't.
189
        2) wrote operator overloads for (+=), (-=), (*=), and (/=)
190
191
        3) Tested these operators
   commit e0548c8d558cd4ada2bd90c01f6cdee196e84d08
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
194
            Thu May 21 19:21:53 2020 -0700
195
   Date:
196
        1) Wrote non-member operator overloads Unary plus(+) and minus(-)
197
        2) Tested these overloads
198
199
    commit d445a44110bbe92770b9e072335b7b5233153fbf
200
    Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
            Thu May 21 20:23:09 2020 -0700
   Date:
202
203
        1) Wrote the code for operator oveload of binary add, sub, mult, div
204
        2) Tested these overloads
205
206
    commit 9938166711a7217237a7db89686466edd839e740
207
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
   Date:
            Thu May 21 23:25:53 2020 -0700
210
        1) Wrote Stream Inserter overload and Stream Extractor overload
211
        2) Tested both overloads
212
213
   commit 1bcd8abbd4501751ea170a67def4f3d1e4c2f202
214
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
215
   Date:
            Fri May 22 00:21:46 2020 -0700
216
217
        Make sure both the random and rational classes had const correctness
218
219
   commit ced72293aad6b851b297ed027b22cde116a1aa57
220
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
221
            Fri May 22 01:44:33 2020 -0700
222 Date:
223
224
        Added Fake README.pdf just to test assignment precheck
225
   commit d00bca51cb1849ae3f839288912b9c879f2566a3
227 Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
            Fri May 22 14:04:42 2020 -0700
228 Date:
229
        Added the right README.pdf
230
231
   commit 5ceed22f6bf97b14db0740bfeccbcd96470460bb
    Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia10@gmail.com>
233
            Fri May 22 14:17:39 2020 -0700
   Date:
234
235
        Removed the exception in stream extractor of rational.hpp
236
237
   commit db4937544ca01321325836abb71e7cffd584457c
238
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia@ugls5.ece.uvic.ca>
            Fri May 22 14:31:05 2020 -0700
240
241
242
        Check report
243
   commit 7b152b90b1aae6b185214853ebc2d42a85e9389a
244
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia@ugls5.ece.uvic.ca>
245
   Date:
            Fri May 22 14:42:38 2020 -0700
246
247
```

```
../commit history
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                               Page 5/6
        Removed report assigne precheck
248
249
250 commit 86b90ff76938b2da038b64c34a150cbaaf6b5c2c
251 Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia@ugls5.ece.uvic.ca>
           Fri May 22 14:47:58 2020 -0700
252 Date:
        Check folder
254
255
256 commit 3a6b6084133a81368eb501623cd9bde59709657e
257 Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
          Fri May 22 14:58:54 2020 -0700
258 Date:
259
        Check against his test
260
261
   commit 0f43774ec13aa5f84925aec6d2ca3e5ad6208b05
    Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
            Fri May 22 15:09:02 2020 -0700
   Date:
265
        changed to consts
266
267
   commit 8ab5f4b17920f07531c4e4e145f2fcbc3f482e91
268
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
   Date:
            Fri May 22 15:15:08 2020 -0700
271
        SOmething added
272
273
   commit 05caf3bcb3964767225ad4c45ada95dec59c06c5
274
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
275
            Fri May 22 15:19:39 2020 -0700
   Date:
276
277
        Fixed more const correctness
278
279
   commit 89fd28e397fce89c5e82035dfe101f60a26b01f6
280
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
281
            Fri May 22 15:24:49 2020 -0700
282 Date:
283
        Removed his test case
284
285
   commit 8424743864c5b2c92bae384c8bc58ad52339013e
287 Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia@ugls5.ece.uvic.ca>
            Fri May 22 15:31:03 2020 -0700
288 Date:
289
        Put orgin
290
291
292 commit 6820f7fe930a7d3bb116d89b4131dea2242d8603
   Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
293
294
   Date:
            Fri May 22 15:36:06 2020 -0700
295
        Test mine
296
297
   commit 0e3feb72b69883aa24dcfb106a593b9975128439
298
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia@ugls5.ece.uvic.ca>
            Fri May 22 15:53:18 2020 -0700
   Date:
300
301
        FInal
302
   commit 5d30837e0023c66e762325694274362694f62dba
304
   Author: Jude Onyia <judeonyia@ugls15.ece.uvic.ca>
```

Fri May 22 19:53:33 2020 -0700

Looking at report.pdf

Date:

306 307

308 309

../commit_history May 26, 20 11:59 Page 6/6 310 commit 42c9dae4c0da4007288a20959233a9f7ad98dd46 Author: JudeOnyia <60678029+JudeOnyia@users.noreply.github.com>
312 Date: Fri May 22 20:00:06 2020 -0700 313 314 Removed report.pdf

Name: Jude Onyia

Student ID: V00947095

Course: ECE 596C

Due Date: May 22, 2020

Assignment 1: Non - Programming Exercise

8.8 a)

If the tree is balanced and we assume worst case, the asymptotic time complexity of the function is the height of the balanced tree, which is $O(\log n)$.

8.8 b)

If the tree is not balanced, assuming worst case of the search for a node with the value and worst case of the imbalance of the tree, the asymptotic time complexity is O(n).

8.9 a)

The source code performs a sequential accumulative sum of the lower triangle of the matrix. From inspecting the source code, it is evident that the elements included in the accumulation consist of half of the matrix excluding the primary diagonal elements (i.e. a(0,0), a(1,1), etc.), plus the primary diagonal elements. Since the code loops over these elements, the asymptotic time complexity is $O(\frac{n^2-n}{2}+n)$, this can be reduced to $O(n^2)$.

8.9 b)

Since the allocation of memory for the variables created in this function are not dependent on n, assuming the maximum value of type int is greater than n, then the asymptotic space complexity of the function is O(1).

8.10 a)

The asymptotic time complexity of reverse_array_1 is $O(\frac{n}{2})$, this can be reduced to O(n). Assuming the maximum value of type int is greater than n, the asymptotic space complexity is O(1).

8.10 b)

The asymptotic time complexity of reverse_array_2 is O(n). The space complexity is O(n) because a vector of size n is created. The assumption here is also that the maximum value of type int is great than n.

Based on asymptotic complexity analysis, both have the same time complexity, however, reverse_array_1 has a space complexity of O(1) while reverse_array_2 has O(n). Therefore, reverse array 1 is preferable.

8.12)

We would need to calculate the overall speedup of the program when each of the three parts are optimized.

A) If part A is optimized, the overall speedup of the program is:

$$S_o = \frac{1}{(1 - f_e) + \frac{f_e}{S_e}} = \frac{1}{(1 - 0.05) + \frac{0.05}{10}} = 1.0471$$

B) If part B is optimized, the overall speedup of the program is:

$$S_o = \frac{1}{(1 - f_e) + \frac{f_e}{S_o}} = \frac{1}{(1 - 0.5) + \frac{0.5}{1.05}} = 1.0244$$

C) If part C is optimized, the overall speedup of the program is:

$$S_o = \frac{1}{(1 - f_e) + \frac{f_e}{S_e}} = \frac{1}{(1 - 0.1) + \frac{0.1}{3}} = 1.0714$$

Based on the above calculations, the choice that would yield the most speedup is optimizing part C, therefore, part C should be optimized.

8.13 a)

If we assume the worst case of all bits having the value 1 (or even just the most significant bit having the value 1), the while loops will iterate until the most significant bit of value 1 has been checked. Hence, it will iterate for the bit-length of the integer. The number of bits of the integer is $log_2(n)$, rounded up. Therefore, the asymptotic time complexity is O(log n). The asymptotic space complexity is O(1) because if the number of bits used for n is changed, the only memory affected is that of n.

8.13 b)

The code below is an implementation of the algorithm derived from [1].

```
unsigned int hamming_2(unsigned int n) {
    unsigned int total_bit_num = sizeof(int) * CHAR_BITS; // Number of bits in n
    unsigned int partition_1 = (~(unsigned int)0) / 3; // Binary 01010101
    unsigned int partition_2 = (~(unsigned int)0) / 5; // Binary 00110011
    unsigned int partition_4 = (~(unsigned int)0) / 17; // Binary 00001111

n -= (n >> 1) & partition_1; //Count the ones of each 2 bits and
    //replace those 2 bits with result
```

The advantage of the algorithm is that it's asymptotic time complexity is O(1), less than hamming_1's complexity of $O(\log n)$. The disadvantage is that it requires more space in memory than hamming_1.

8.13 c)

The reasoning behind using asymptotic complexity is to have a sense of the effect of problem size on the performance of the program as the problem size increases to relatively huge amount. The asymptotic analysis is necessary to calculate the rate of program's performance and memory requirement as the problem size increases.

Reference

[1] Joel Yliluoma, WP2 - Nifty Revised, without multipliations, Bit-counting algorithms, 2013. https://bisqwit.iki.fi/source/misc/bitcounting/

```
May 26, 20 11:59 CMakeLists.txt Page 1/1
```

```
# Specify Minimum Required Version
cmake_minimum_required(VERSION 3.1 FATAL_ERROR)

# Specify Project and Language
project(random_and_rational LANGUAGES CXX)

# Set Include Directory
include_directories(include)

# Add Executable Program
add_executable(random app/test_random.cpp lib/random.cpp)
add_executable(rational app/test_rational.cpp)
```

```
#ifndef random_hpp
   #define random_hpp
   #include <iostream>
   namespace ra::random{
       class linear_congruential_generator {
           typedef unsigned long long int int_type; // type member
           static int_type default_seed(){ return (int_type)1;} // Function to retu
   rn default seed of one for all objects
9
           \ensuremath{//} Constructor that initializes the multiplier, increment and modulus. S
10
   eed is optional argument.
           linear_congruential_generator(int_type a, int_type c, int_type m, int_ty
11
   pe s = default_seed());
12
           const int_type multiplier() const { return a_;} // Function to return mu
   ltiplier value
           const int_type increment() const { return c_;} // Function to return inc
14
   rement value
           const int_type modulus() const { return m_;} // Function to return modul
15
   us value
           const int_type position() const { return x_;} // Function to return the
16
   current position in the sequence
17
           // Function to restarts the sequence generation process with a new seed
   value
           void seed(int_type s);
19
20
           // Operator to advance the generator to the next position in the sequenc
21
           // with consideration to the number of positions to be discarded
22
23
           int_type operator()();
24
           // Function to discard the next n numbers in the generated sequence
25
           void discard(unsigned long long n) { n_ = n; }
26
27
           const int_type min() const { return c_==(int_type)0? (int_type)1 : (int_
28
   type)0; } // Function to get the smallest value
           const int_type max() const { return m_-(int_type)1; } // Funtion to get
29
   the largest value in sequence
30
           // Operator to test two linear_congruential_generator objects for equali
31
   tу
           bool operator==(const linear_congruential_generator& obj) const {
32
                return (a_==obj.multiplier() && c_==obj.increment() && m_==obj.modu
33
   lus()
          && x_==obj.position());
34
35
           // Operator to test two linear_congruential_generator objects for inequa
36
   lity
           bool operator!=(const linear_congruential_generator& obj) const {
37
                    return !(a_==obj.multiplier() && c_==obj.increment()
                                                                           && m_==obj
38
   .modulus()
                && x_{==}obj.position());
39
           }
40
41
42
       private:
           int_type a_; // multiplier
43
           int_type c_; // increment
44
           int_type m_; // modulus
45
           int_type x_; // current position in the generated sequence
46
           unsigned long long n_{-} = (unsigned long long)0; // number of positions to
47
```

May 26, 20 11:59 include/ra/random.hpp

Page 2/2

```
#include <iostream>
   #include "ra/random.hpp"
   namespace ra::random {
            typedef linear_congruential_generator::int_type int_type;
6
            // Constructor that initializes the multiplier, increment and modulus. S
   eed is optional argument.
            linear_congruential_generator::linear_congruential_generator(int_type a,
8
    int_type c, int_type m, int_type s){
9
                 a_{-} = a;
                 c_ = c;
10
                 m_{\underline{}} = m;
11
                 if( (c_ % m_) == (int_type) 0 && (s % m_) == (int_type) 0 ) x_ = (int_type
12
   ) 1;
13
                 else x_{-} = s;
            }
14
15
            // Function to restarts the sequence generation process with a new seed
16
   value
            void linear_congruential_generator::seed(int_type s) {
17
                 if( (c_ % m_) == (int_type) 0 && (s % m_) == (int_type) 0 ) x_ = (int_type
18
   )1;
19
                 else x_{-} = s;
                 n_{-} = (unsigned long long) 0;
20
            }
21
22
            // Operator to advance the generator to the next position in the sequenc
23
            // with consideration to the number of positions to be discarded
24
            int_type linear_congruential_generator::operator()(){
25
26
                 ++n_;
                 do {
27
                     x_{-} = (a_{-} * x_{-} + c_{-}) % m_{-};
28
                     --n_;
29
                 } while (n_);
30
                 return x_;
31
32
33
            // Stream inserter
34
            std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& outStream, const linear_congruent
35
   ial_generator& objA) {
                 outStream << objA.multiplier() << "" << objA.increment() << "" << o</pre>
36
   bjA.modulus() << "" << objA.position();</pre>
                 return outStream;
37
38
39
40
41
   }
```

```
#include "ra/random.hpp"
   #include <iostream>
   #include <random>
   int main(){
       typedef ra::random::linear_congruential_generator::int_type int_type;
       using std::cout;
       using std::endl;
9
10
       // Test class against linear congruential engine in standard library
11
       // Test constructor with no seed input
12
       // Test the operator() and the operator<<</pre>
13
       ra::random::linear_congruential_generator obj_mine(14,5,29);
14
       std::linear_congruential_engine<std::uint_fast32_t,14,5,29> obj_theirs;
15
       obj_mine();
16
       obj_theirs();
17
       //cout << "lc generator object: " << obj_mine << endl;</pre>
18
       //cout << "lc engine current state: " << obj_theirs << endl;</pre>
19
20
       // Compare their minimum and maximum
21
       //cout << "lc generator min value: " << obj_mine.min() << endl;</pre>
22
       //cout << "lc engine min value: " << obj_theirs.min() << endl;</pre>
23
       //cout << "lc generator max value: " << obj_mine.max() << endl;</pre>
24
       //cout << "lc engine max value: " << obj_theirs.max() << endl;</pre>
25
26
       // Test constructor with seed input
27
       // Test seed() member function
28
       // Test operator == and operator! =
29
       ra::random::linear_congruential_generator obj_mine_A(97,41,300,77);
30
        //cout << "lc generator object (seed must be 77): " << obj_mine_A << endl;
31
       //obj_mine_A.seed(259);
32
       //cout << "lc generator object (seed change to 259): " << obj_mine_A << endl</pre>
33
       obj_mine_A.seed(77);
34
       ra::random::linear_congruential_generator obj_mine_B(97,41,300,77);
35
       ra::random::linear_congruential_generator obj_mine_C(20,58,300,77);
36
       //cout << "lc generator equality check (Must be true): " << (obj_mine_A==obj</pre>
37
   _mine_B) << endl;
        //cout << "lc generator equality check (Must be false): " << (obj_mine_A==ob
   j_mine_C) << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "lc generator inequality check (Must be false): " << (obj_mine_A!=
39
   obj_mine_B) << endl;</pre>
       //cout << "lc generator inequality check (Must be true): " << (obj_mine_A!=o</pre>
40
   bj_mine_C) << endl;</pre>
41
42
        // Test the discard member function
       for(int i=0; i<90; ++i){</pre>
43
            obj_mine_A();
44
45
       obj_mine_B.discard(90);
46
        //cout << "lc generator discard function check (Must be true): " << (obj_min
47
   e_A() == obj_mine_B()) << endl;
48
       // Test condition when increment and seed are both zero
49
       ra::random::linear_congruential_generator obj_mine_D(20,0,300,0);
50
       //cout << "lc generator seed (Must be 1): " << obj_mine_D << endl;</pre>
51
52
       return 0;
53
54
55
56
```

May 26, 20 11:59	app/test_random.cpp	Page 2/2
57 }		

```
#ifndef rational_hpp
   #define rational_hpp
   #include <iostream>
   #include <algorithm>
   #include <string>
   #include <sstream>
   namespace ra::math{
   template<class T>
   class rational {
9
10
       public:
            typedef T int_type;
11
12
            // Function to reduce the form of the rational number
13
14
            void reduce_form() {
                long long the_gcd = std::__gcd((long long)n_, (long long)d_);
15
                n_ = (int_type)( (long long)n_ / the_gcd ); // Also make numerator a
16
    whole number;
                d_{-} = (int_{type}) ( (long long) d_{-} / the_{gcd} ); // Also make denominator
17
    a whole number
            }
18
19
            // Function to Prevent denominator from having zero or negative value
20
            void denominator_handle() {
                if(d_ == (int_type)0){
22
23
                     n_ = std::numeric_limits<int_type>::max();
                     d_{-} = (int_{type})1;
24
25
                if(d_ < (int_type)0) { d_ = d_ * (int_type)(-1); n_ = n_ * (int_type)</pre>
26
   ) (-1); }
27
28
            // Default constructor sets rational number to 0
30
            rational(){
                n_{-} = (int_{type}) 0;
31
                d_{-} = (int_{type})1;
32
33
34
            // Constructor to specify numerator and denominator values
35
36
            rational(int_type n, int_type d = (int_type)1){
37
                n_{-} = n;
                d_{-} = d;
38
                reduce_form();
39
                denominator_handle();
40
            }
41
42
            const int_type numerator() const { return n_; } // Function to return th
43
   e numerator value
            const int_type denominator() const { return d_; } // Function to return
   the denominator value
45
            // Operator for compound addition (+=)
46
            rational& operator+=(const rational& obj) {
47
                n_{-} = (n_{-} * obj.denominator()) + (obj.numerator() * d_);
48
                d_ = d_ * obj.denominator();
49
                reduce_form();
50
                return *this;
            }
52
53
            // Operator for compound subtraction (-=)
54
            rational& operator-=(const rational& obj) {
55
                n_{-} = (n_{-} * obj.denominator()) - (obj.numerator() * d_);
56
                d_ = d_ * obj.denominator();
57
```

```
include/ra/rational.hpp
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                                     Page 2/4
                  reduce_form();
                  return *this;
59
             }
60
61
             // Operator for compound multiplication (*=)
62
             rational& operator*=(const rational& obj) {
                 n_ = n_ * obj.numerator();
d_ = d_ * obj.denominator();
                  reduce_form();
66
                  return *this;
67
             }
68
69
             // Operator for compound division (/=)
70
             rational& operator/=(const rational& obj) {
71
                 n_ = n_ * obj.denominator();
d_ = d_ * obj.numerator();
73
74
                  reduce_form();
75
                  denominator_handle();
                  return *this;
76
             }
77
78
             // Function for rounding the rational number towards zero (discard fract
79
    ional part)
             const int_type truncate() const {
80
81
                  return (int_type) ((long long) (n_ / d_));
82
83
             // Function to check if rational number is an integer
84
             bool is_integer() const {
85
                  return ( d_==(int_type)1 );
86
87
             // Operator to check if a rational number is zero (!)
             bool operator!() const {
90
                  return (n_==(int_type)0);
91
92
93
             // Operator to check equality of rational numbers (==)
94
             bool operator == (const rational & obj) const {
95
                  return ( (n_/d_) == (obj.numerator()/obj.denominator()) );
             }
97
98
             // Operator to check inequality of rational numbers (!=)
99
             bool operator!=(const rational& obj) const {
100
                  return ( (n_/d_) != (obj.numerator()/obj.denominator()) );
101
102
103
             // Operator to check less than of rational numbers (<)
104
             bool operator<(const rational& obj) const {</pre>
105
                  return ( (n_/d_) < (obj.numerator()/obj.denominator()) );</pre>
106
             }
107
108
             // Operator to check greater than of rational numbers (>)
109
             bool operator>(const rational& obj) const {
110
111
                  return ( (n_/d_) > (obj.numerator()/obj.denominator()) );
             }
112
113
             // Operator to check less than or equals to of rational numbers (<=)
114
             bool operator<=(const rational& obj) const {</pre>
115
                  return ( (n_/d_) <= (obj.numerator()/obj.denominator()) );</pre>
116
             }
117
118
```

```
include/ra/rational.hpp
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                                    Page 3/4
             // Operator to check greater than or equals to of rational numbers (>=)
119
             bool operator>=(const rational& obj) const {
120
                 return ( (n_/d_) >= (obj.numerator()/obj.denominator()) );
121
             }
122
123
124
             // Operator to perform prefix increment (++obj)
             rational& operator++() {
125
                 n_{-} = n_{-} + d_{-};
126
                 return *this;
127
128
             }
129
             // Operator to perform prefix and decrement (--obj)
130
             rational& operator--(){
131
                 n_{-} = n_{-} - d_{-};
132
                 return *this;
133
             }
134
135
             // Operator to perform postfix increment (obj++)
136
             rational operator++(int){
137
                 rational<int_type> obj_copy(n_,d_);
138
                 n_{-} = n_{-} + d_{-};
139
                 return obj_copy;
140
             }
142
143
             // Operator to perform postfix decrement (obj--)
             rational operator--(int){
144
                 rational<int_type> obj_copy(n_,d_);
145
                 n_{-} = n_{-} - d_{-};
146
                 return obj_copy;
147
148
149
150
        private:
             int_type n_; // Numerator
151
             int_type d_; // Denominator
152
    };
153
154
    // Operator to perform Unary plus (+)
155
    template < class int_type >
156
    rational<int_type> operator+(const rational<int_type>& obj) {
157
158
        return rational<int_type>(+(obj.numerator()),obj.denominator());
159
160
    // Operator to perform Unary minus (-)
161
    template < class int_type>
162
    rational<int_type> operator-(const rational<int_type>& obj) {
163
164
        return rational<int_type>(-(obj.numerator()),obj.denominator());
165
166
    // Operator to perform Binary addition (+)
167
    template<class int_type>
168
    rational<int_type> operator+(const rational<int_type>& obj_A, const rational<int
169
    _type>& obj_B){
        int_type n_result = (obj_A.numerator() * obj_B.denominator()) + (obj_A.denom
170
    inator() * obj_B.numerator());
        int_type d_result = obj_A.denominator() * obj_B.denominator();
171
        return rational<int_type>(n_result,d_result);
172
173
    }
174
    // Operator to perform Binary subtraction (-)
175
   template < class int_type >
176
    rational<int_type> operator-(const rational<int_type>& obj_A, const rational<int
    _type>& obj_B) {
```

```
include/ra/rational.hpp
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                                 Page 4/4
        int_type n_result = (obj_A.numerator() * obj_B.denominator()) - (obj_A.denom
    inator() * obj_B.numerator());
        int_type d_result = obj_A.denominator() * obj_B.denominator();
179
        return rational<int_type>(n_result,d_result);
180
181
182
   // Operator to perform Binary multiplication (*)
183
184 template<class int_type>
   rational<int_type> operator*(const rational<int_type>& obj_A, const rational<int
    _type>& obj_B) {
        int_type n_result = obj_A.numerator() * obj_B.numerator();
186
        int_type d_result = obj_A.denominator() * obj_B.denominator();
187
        return rational<int_type>(n_result,d_result);
188
189
    }
190
    // Operator to perform Binary division (/)
191
   template<class int_type>
192
   rational<int_type> operator/(const rational<int_type>& obj_A, const rational<int
193
    _type>& obj_B){
        int_type n_result = obj_A.numerator() * obj_B.denominator();
194
        int_type d_result = obj_A.denominator() * obj_B.numerator();
195
        return rational<int_type>(n_result,d_result);
196
    }
197
198
    // Stream Inserter
199
   template<class int_type>
200
    std::ostream& operator<<(std::ostream& outStream, const rational<int_type>& obj)
201
        outStream << obj.numerator() << "/" << obj.denominator();</pre>
202
        return outStream;
203
204
205
    // Stream Extractor
206
    template<class int_type>
207
    std::istream& operator>>(std::istream& inStream, rational<int_type>& obj) {
208
        std::string the_input;
209
        std::getline(inStream, the_input);
210
        std::istringstream iss(the_input);
211
212
        std::string n, d;
        std::getline(iss,n,'/');
213
        std::getline(iss,d);
214
        long long n_l = std::stoll(n);
215
        long long d_l = std::stoll(d);
216
        if((std::to_string(n_l) + '/' + std::to_string(d_l))!=the_input){
217
            inStream.setstate(std::ios_base::failbit);
218
219
220
        obj = rational<int_type>((int_type)n_l,(int_type)d_l);
        return inStream;
221
222
    }
223
224
225
226
227
   #endif
```

```
//cout << "
                      Numerator: " << obj_D.numerator() << endl;</pre>
40
       //cout << "
                      Not(!) operator: " << !obj_D << endl << endl;
41
42
       ra::math::rational<double> obj_F(-12);
43
       //cout << "6) Test Equality(==) operator" << endl;</pre>
44
       //cout << "
                      Must be true: " << (obj_D==obj_F) << endl;
45
                      Must be false: " << (obj_F==obj_C) << endl << endl;
       //cout << "
46
47
       //cout << "7) Test Inequality(!=) operator" << endl;</pre>
48
       //cout << "
                      Must be true: " << (obj_C!=obj_F) << endl;
49
       //cout << "
                      Must be false: " << (obj_F!=obj_D) << endl << endl;
50
51
       //cout << "8) Test Less than(<) operator" << endl;</pre>
52
       //cout << "
                      Must be true: " << (obj_F<obj_C) << endl;
53
                      Must be false: " << (obj_E<obj_F) << endl;
       //cout << "
54
       //cout << "
                      Must be false: " << (obj_F<obj_D) << endl << endl;
56
       //cout << "9) Test Greater than(>) operator" << endl;</pre>
57
       //cout << "
                      Must be false: " << (obj_F>obj_C) << endl;
58
       //cout << "
                      Must be true: " << (obj_E>obj_F) << endl;
59
                      Must be false: " << (obj_F>obj_D) << endl << endl;
60
61
```

```
app/test rational.cpp
May 26, 20 11:59
                                                                                 Page 2/3
        //cout << "10) Test Less than or equals to(<=) operator" << endl;
        //cout << "
                        Must be true: " << [obj_F<=obj_C) << endl;
63
        //cout << "
                        Must be false: " << (obj_E<=obj_F) << endl;
64
                        Must be true: " << (obj_F<=obj_D) << endl << endl;
        //cout << "
65
66
67
        //cout << "11) Test Greater than or equals to(>=) operator" << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        Must be false: " << (obj_F>=obj_C) << endl;
68
                        Must be true: " << (obj_E>=obj_F) << endl;
        //cout << "
69
        //cout << "
                        Must be true: " << (obj_F>=obj_D) << endl << endl;
70
71
        //cout << "12) Test Reduced form and negative denominator" << endl;
72
        //cout << "
                        obj_C(31488,117): " << obj_C.numerator() << ", " << obj_C.den
73
    ominator() << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        obj_D(48,-4): " << obj_D.numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denomin
74
    ator() << endl << endl;</pre>
75
76
        ra::math::rational<double> obj_G(-9,0);
        //cout << "13) Test Condition when denominator is zero" << endl;</pre>
77
        //cout << "
                        obj_G(-9,0): " << obj_G.numerator() << ", " << obj_G.denomina
78
    tor() << endl << endl;
79
        //cout << "14) Test Prefix Increment (++obj) and Decrement (--obj) operators"
80
    << endl;
        //cout << "
                        obj_D: " << obj_D.numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denominator()</pre>
    << endl;
        //cout << "
                        increment: " << (++obj_D).numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denomi</pre>
82
    nator() << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        decrement: " << (--obj_D).numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denomi
83
    nator() << endl << endl;</pre>
84
        //cout << "15) Test Postfix Increment(obj++) and Decrement(obj--) operators"
85
     << endl;
        //cout << "
                        obj_D: " << obj_D.numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denominator()</pre>
    << endl;
        //cout << "
                        increment: " << (obj_D++).numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denomi</pre>
    nator() << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        See change after: " << obj_D.numerator() << ", " << obj_D.den
88
    ominator() << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        decrement: " << (obj_D--).numerator() << ", " << obj_D.denomi
    nator() << endl;</pre>
                        See change after: " << obj_D.numerator() << ", " << obj_D.den
        //cout << "
    ominator() << endl << endl;</pre>
91
        ra::math::rational<double> obj_H(-9.776,1.33);
92
        //cout << "16) Test case where a decimal points is used for the numerator an
93
    d denominator " << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        obj_H: " << obj_H.numerator() << ", " << obj_H.denominator()
94
    << endl << endl;
95
        ra::math::rational<float> obj_I(8,10);
        ra::math::rational<float> obj_J(1,5);
97
        ra::math::rational<float> obj_K(2,3);
98
        //cout << "17) Test Operator(+=) and (-=) and (*=) and (/=)" << endl;
qq
        //cout << "
                        (8/10) += (1/5): " << (obj_I+=obj_J).numerator() << "/" << ob
100
    j_I.denominator() << endl;</pre>
        //cout << "
                        (prev\ ans) = (2/3): " << (obj_I-=obj_K).numerator() << "/" <
    < obj_I.denominator() << endl;
                        (prev ans) *= (2/3): " << (obj_I*=obj_K).numerator() << "/" <</pre>
        //cout << "
102
    < obj_I.denominator() << endl;
                        (prev ans) /= (1/5): " << (obj_I/=obj_J).numerator() << "/" <</pre>
        //cout << "
103
    < obj_I.denominator() << endl << endl;
104
```

app/test_rational.cpp May 26, 20 11:59 Page 3/3 //cout << "18) Test Unary minus(-) and Unary plus(+)" << endl; //cout << " obj_H: " << obj_H.numerator() << ", " << obj_H.denominator()</pre> 105 106 << endl; //cout << " Unary Plus: " << (+obj_H).numerator() << "/" << obj_H.denomin</pre> ator() << endl;</pre> Unary Minus: " << (-obj_H).numerator() << "/" << obj_H.denomi</pre> //cout << " nator() << endl;</pre> 109 //cout << "19) Test Binary operators (+), (-), (*), and (/) " << endl; //cout << " " " << obj_ I << " + " << obj_ J << " = " << (obj_ I + obj_ J) << endl; 110 111 "<<obj_I<<" - "<<obj_J<< " = " << (obj_I-obj_J) <<endl; //cout <<" 112 "<<obj_I<<" * "<<obj_J<< " = " << (obj_I*obj_J) <<endl; "<<obj_I<<" / "<<obj_J<< " = " << (obj_I/obj_J) <<endl<<endl; //cout <<" 113 //cout <<" 114 115 //cout << "20) Test Stream extractor" << endl;</pre> 116 //std::cin >> obj_K; 117 //cout << obj_K << endl;</pre> 118 119 120 121 122 return 0; 123 124 }