

# Progress Update – 14 Jul

Modulation classification using different DL models

# Things done so far

- Trained and tested several DL models on 2016.04 RadioML dataset (11 classes)
  - FCN/DNN, basic CNNs, ResNet, Inception

# Process of DL training

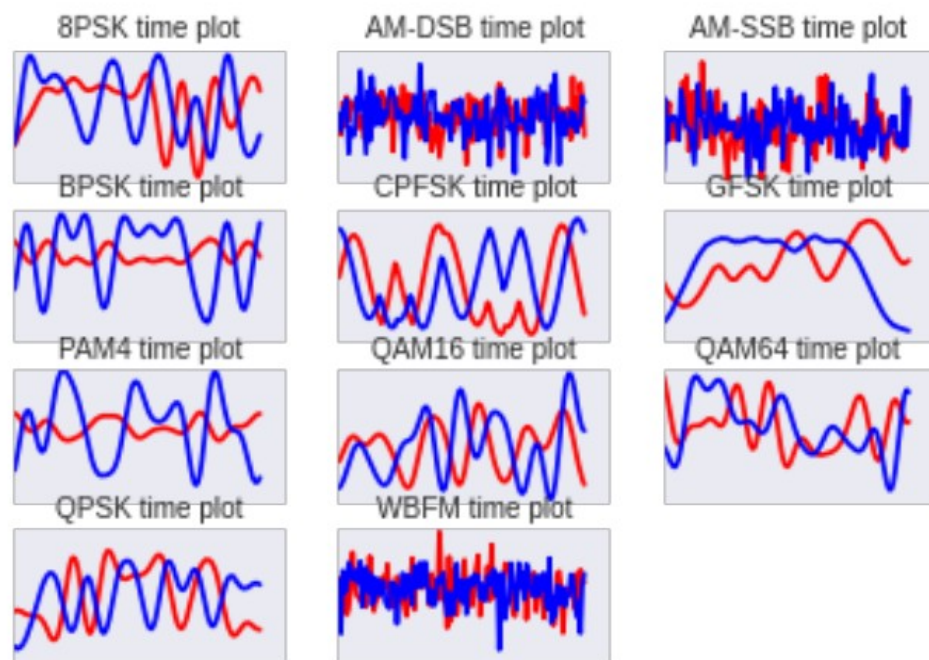
- Used 2016.04 RadioML dataset <https://www.deepsig.ai/datasets>
  - 11 classes, 162060 samples, 80% training, 20% testing
  - Each data sample in I/Q format spans across 128 time units, (2x128)
- Models taken from papers from DeepSig/ O'Shea:
  - Convolutional Radio Modulation Recognition Networks
    - Implementation: <https://github.com/alyswidan/ModulationRecognition>
  - Over-the-Air Deep Learning Based Radio Signal Classification
    - Implementation: <https://medium.com/gsi-technology/residual-neural-networks-in-python-1796a57c2d7>
- Train for 30 epochs, pick best weights within the 30 epochs (some models stop improving after a few epochs)
- All use same default learning rate, same Adam optimiser, ReLU activation

# Dataset Exploration

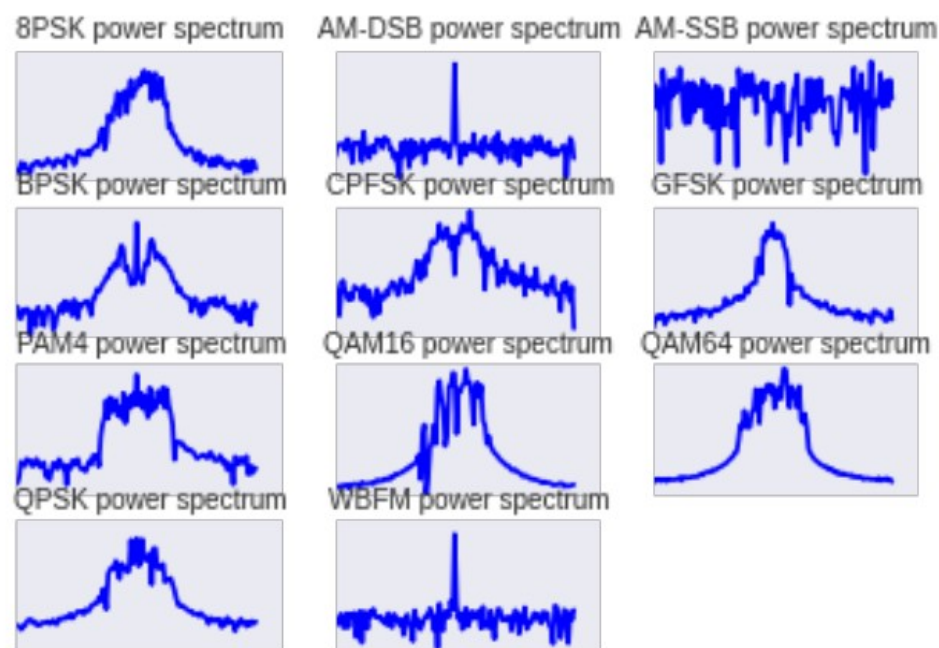
# Dataset generation (GNU radio)

- **Source alphabet:** voice recording (analog), Shakespeare texts ASCII (digital)
- **Signal modulation: 11 types** –
  - 8 Digital: 8PSK, QPSK, BPSK, CPFSK, GFSK, PAM4, QAM16, QAM64
  - 3 Analog: WBFM, AM-DSB, AM-SSB
- **Simulating channel effects:** center frequency offset, sample rate offset, AWGN, multi-path, fading
- **Output:** time series signal divided into lengths of 128 complex 32-bit samples (I/Q format)
- Dataset available in .pkl format at <https://www.deepsig.ai/datasets> , in the form of a dictionary with (modulation class, SNR) as keys and each 2x128 time series as values

# Dataset visualization



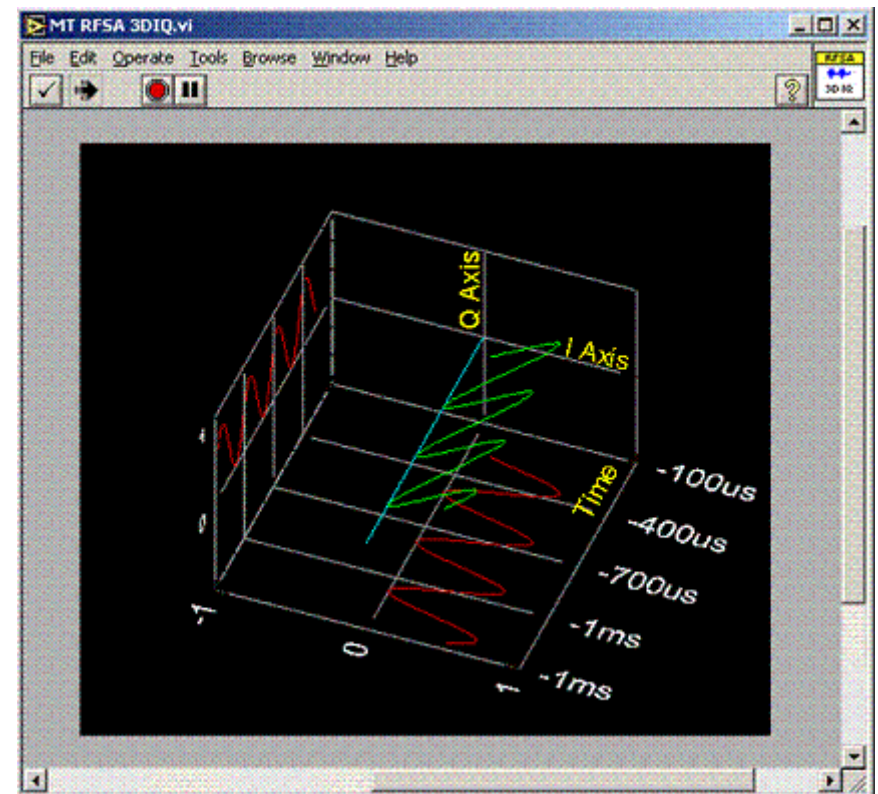
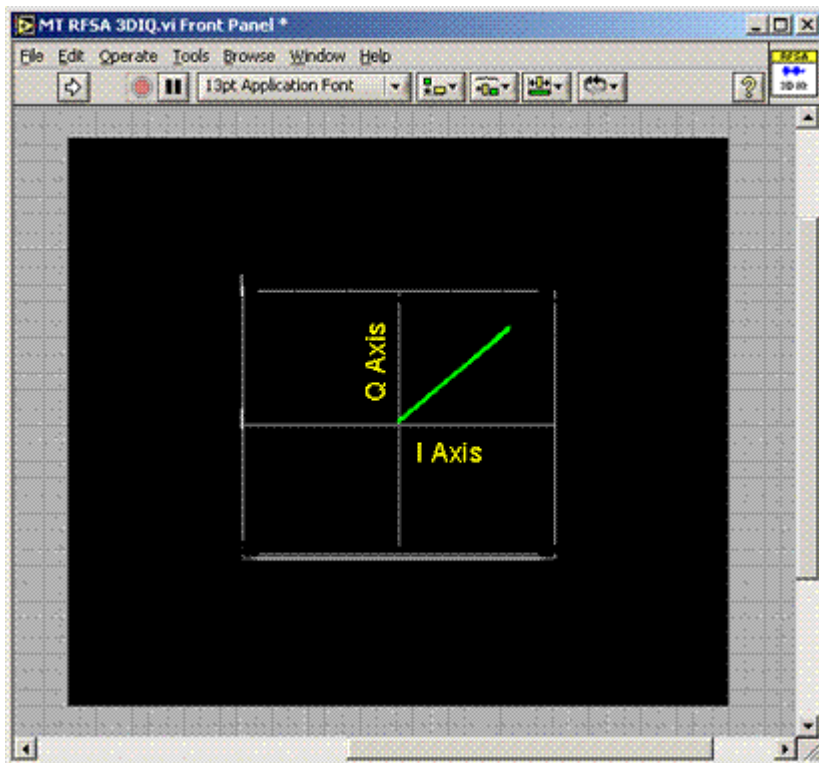
**Figure 1.** Time Domain of High-SNR Example Classes



**Figure 2.** Power Spectrum of High-SNR Example Classes

# I/Q format

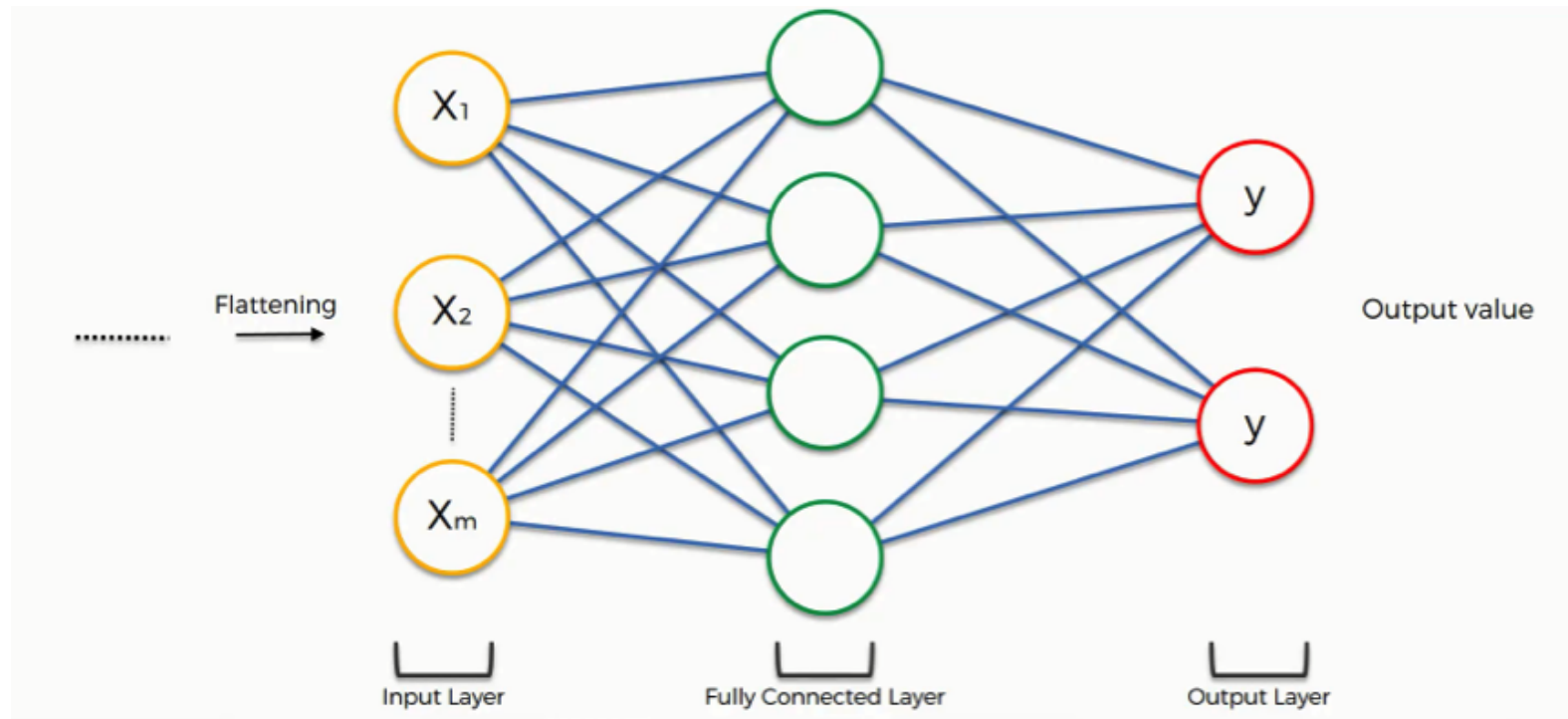
- Complex baseband representation of a signal
- decomposes a radio voltage level time-series into its projections onto the sine and cosine functions at a carrier frequency



# Model descriptions

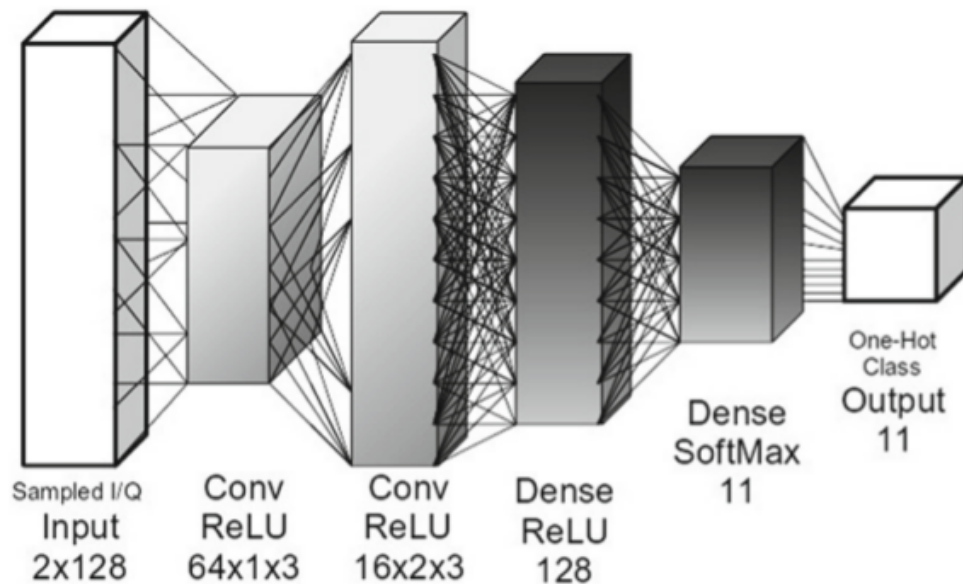


# Fully Connected Networks (FCN)



- 5 layers:  $186 + 128 + 64 + 32 + 11$
- 3 layers:  $186 + 64 + 11$ ;  $512 + 256 + 11$

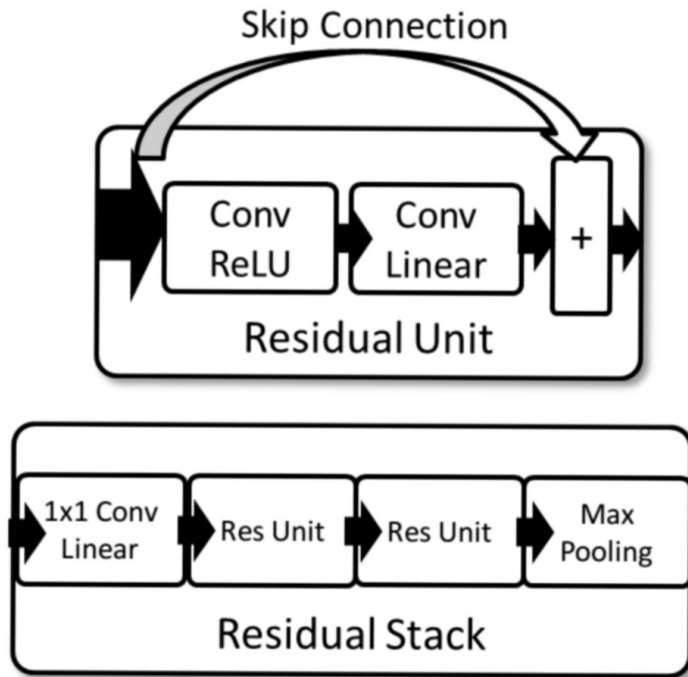
# Convolutional neural networks (CNN)



**Fig. 3.** CNN architecture

- See paper Convolutional Radio Modulation Recognition Networks
- 2 Conv + 2 Dense
- CNN --> matched filter?

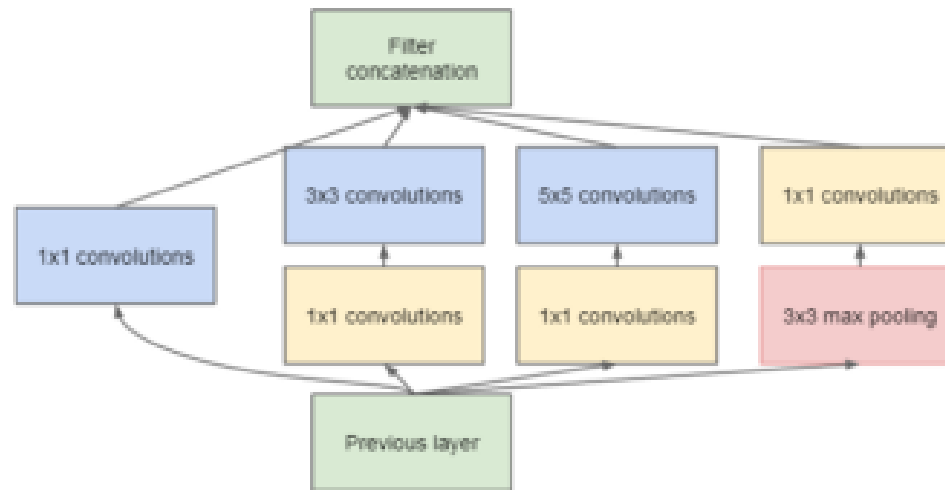
# ResNet



Layer	Output dimensions
Input	$2 \times 1024$
Residual Stack	$32 \times 512$
Residual Stack	$32 \times 256$
Residual Stack	$32 \times 128$
Residual Stack	$32 \times 64$
Residual Stack	$32 \times 32$
Residual Stack	$32 \times 16$
FC/SeLU	128
FC/SeLU	128
FC/Softmax	24

- See paper Over-the-Air Deep Learning Based Radio Signal Classification
- Res stack solves vanishing gradient problem when CNN gets too deep using skip-connection
- Skip-connection allows earlier features to operate at multiple scales and depths throughout NN
- Model contains 6 Res stacks

# Inception



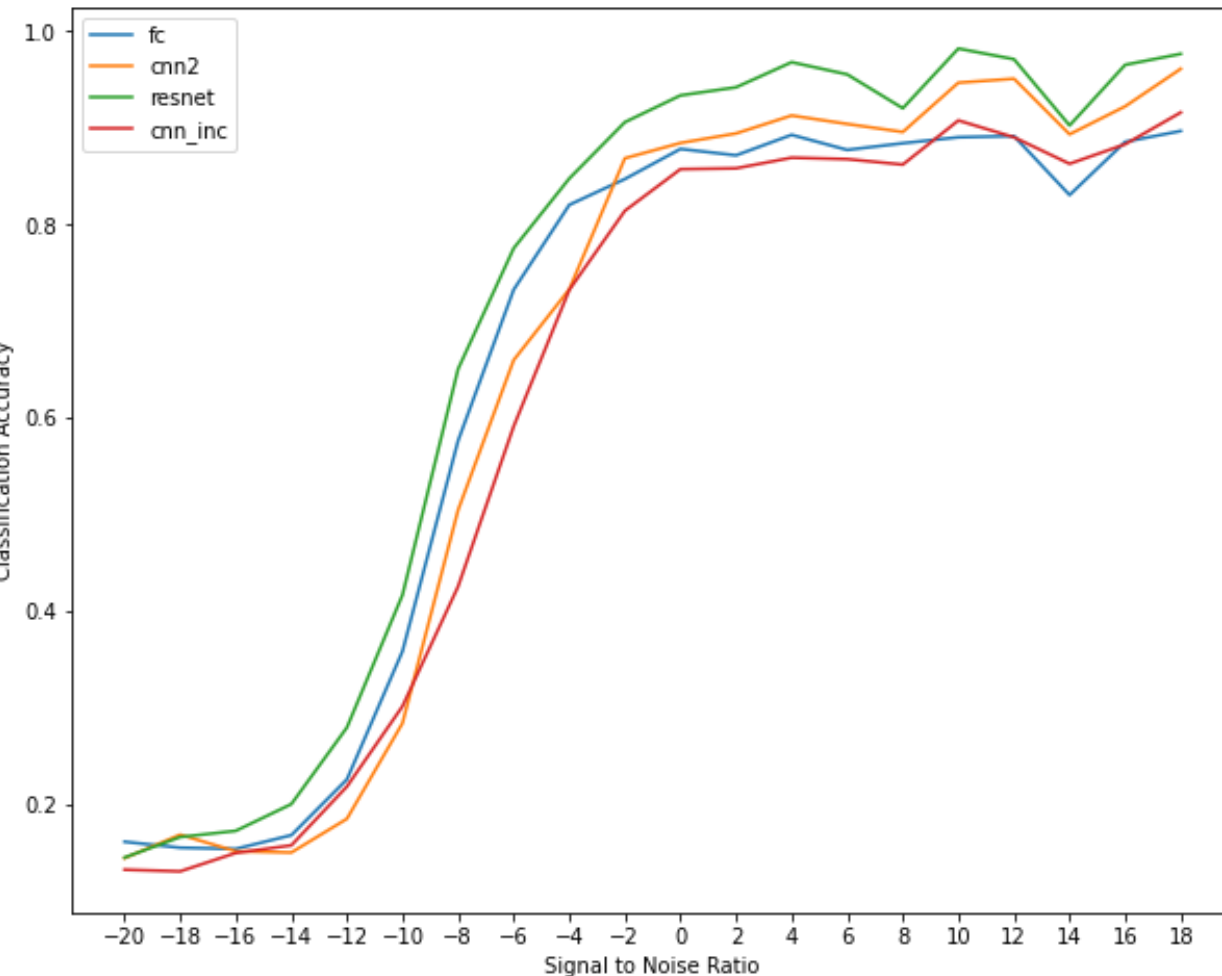
- Idea is to have filters of different dimensions in each layer --> wider instead of deeper

## Results and insights

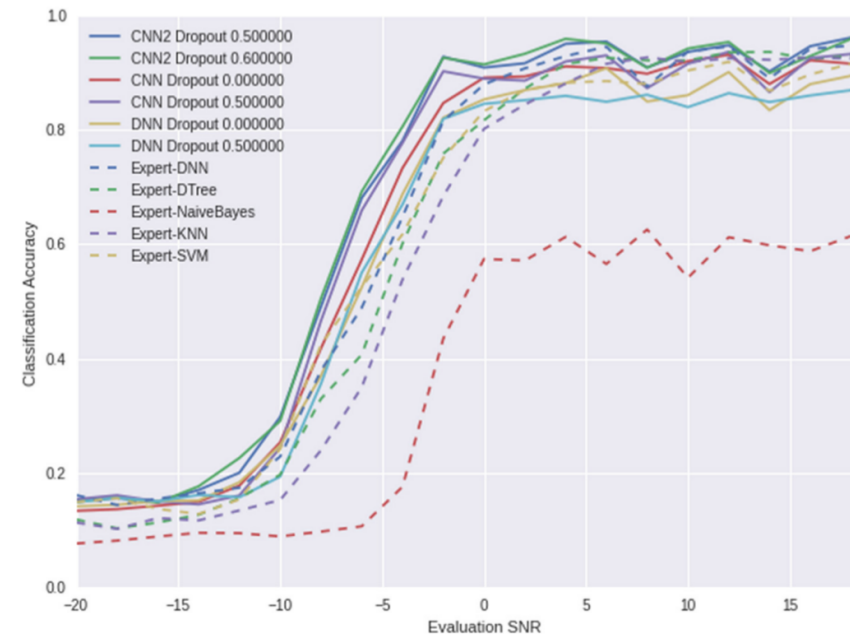
# Overall insights

- ResNet appears to perform the best
- Confusion matrices
  - 8PSK vs QPSK
  - AM-DSB vs WBFM
- General trends (for FCN):
  - Deeper good, num\_nodes meh
  - Batchnorm good, reg good
  - kernel\_init: he\_norm good

# Overall performances – ResNet best



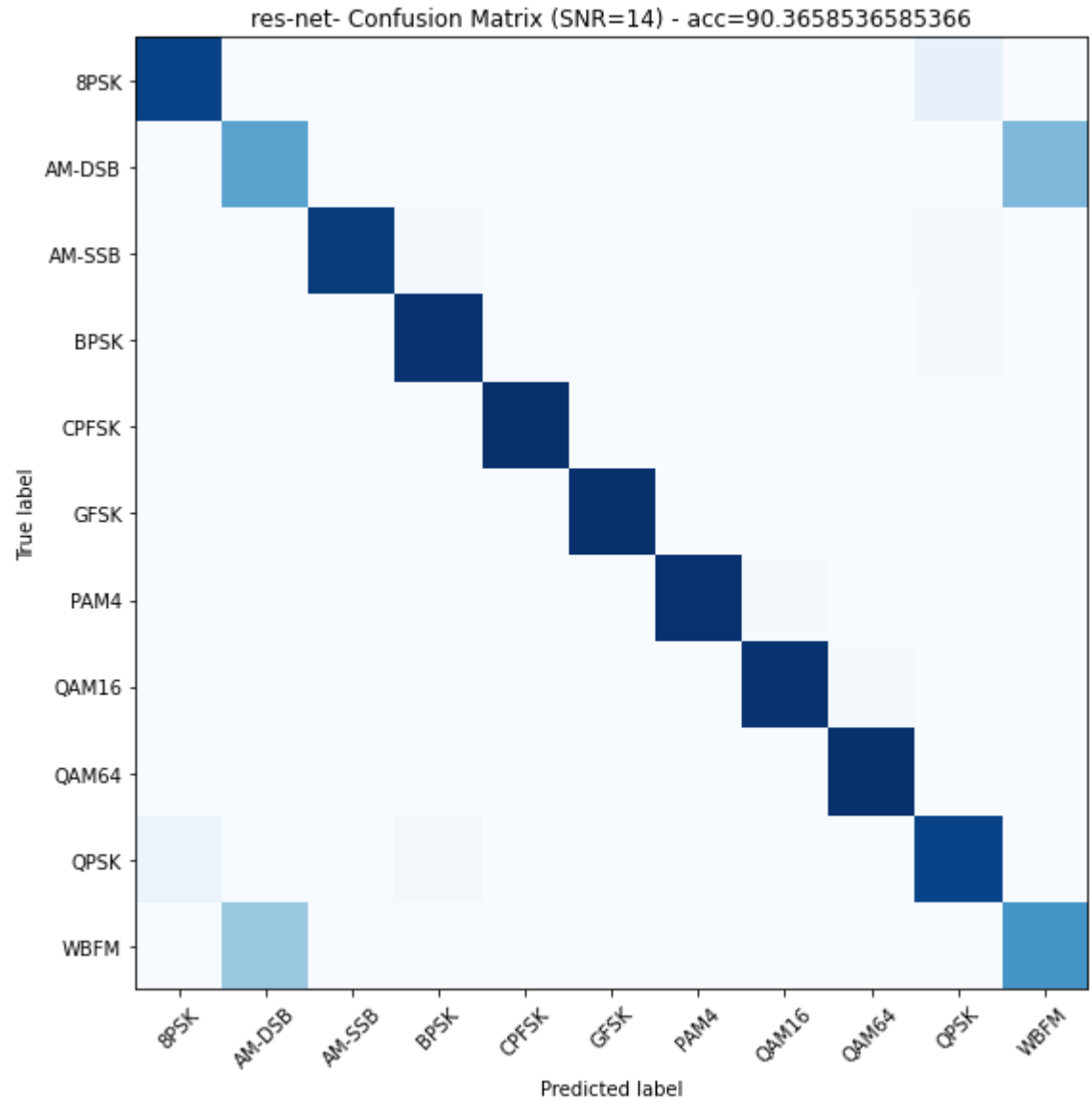
My implementations  
(inception looks iffy,  
maybe done wrong)



From paper  
(CNN in MR)

# Confusion Matrix

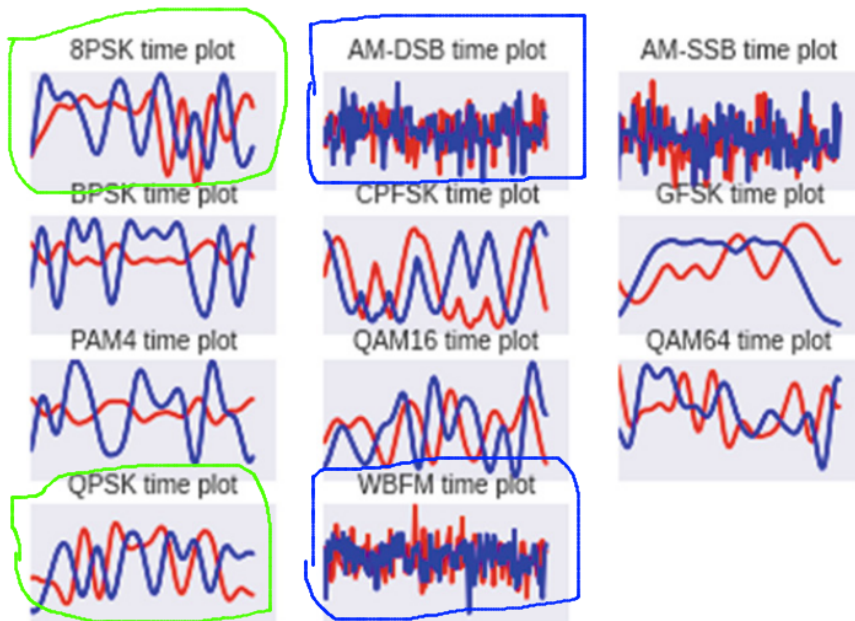
- 8PSK vs QPSK
- AM-DSB vs WBFM
- Same across all



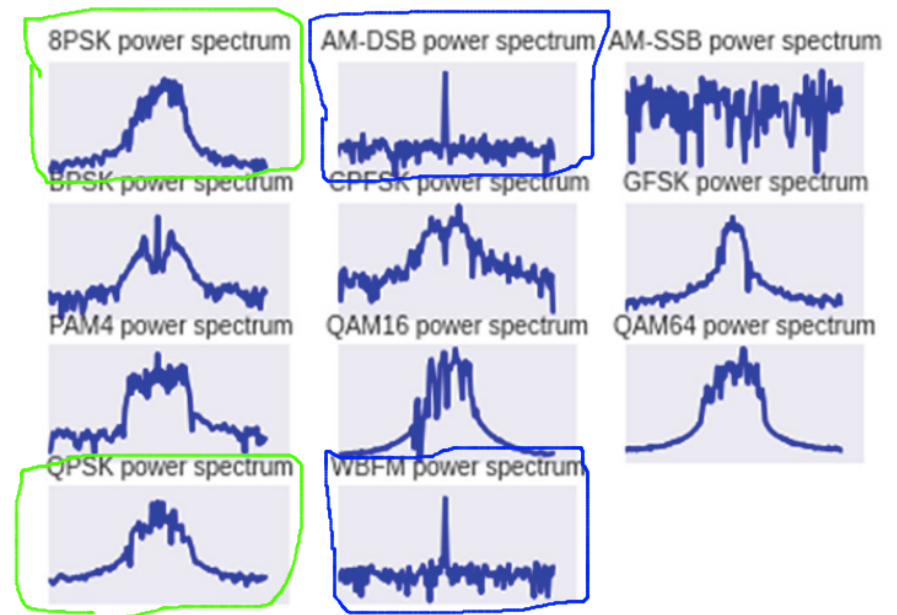


# Mix-ups: 8PSK vs QPSK, AM-DSB vs WPFM

- Apparently constellation diagram data format can help distinguish 16AM and 64QAM, maybe will work for these four also



**Fig. 1.** Time domain of high-SNR example classes



**Fig. 2.** Power spectrum of high-SNR example classes

# Number of model parameters

FCN	CNN2	ResNet	Inception2
82,693	2,666,587	142,019	497,515

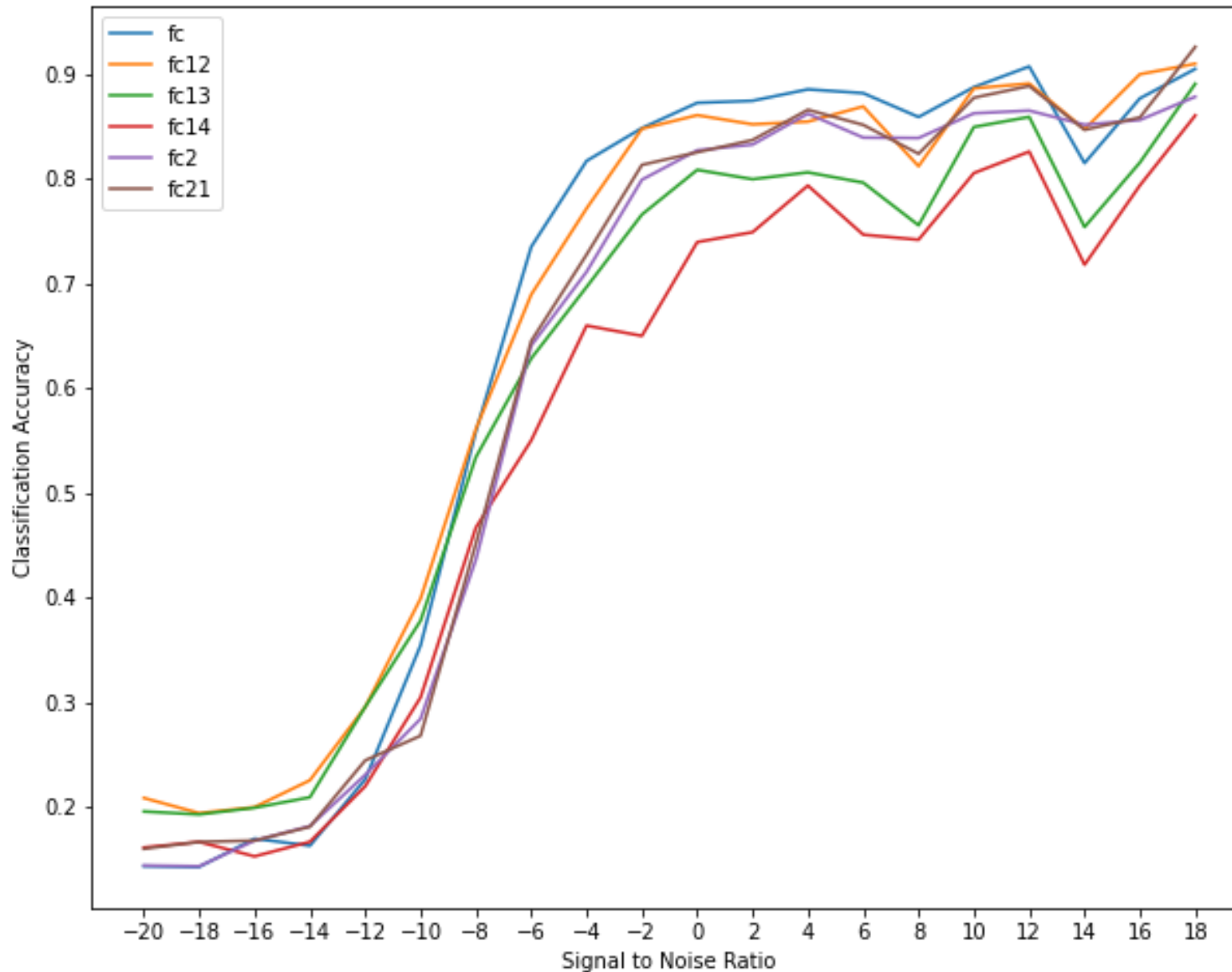
FCN and parameter testing

# FCN performances for different params

- Params tested:
  - Regularisation of layers
  - BatchNormalisation
  - Initialisation of kernels
  - Depth of FCN (number of layers)
  - Number of nodes in layers
- Params not yet tested:
  - Dropout
  - Regularisation param

	reg	batch norm	Kernel init	depth	Num nodes
<b>fc</b>	Y	Y	unif	5	few
<b>fc12</b>	N	Y	unif	5	few
<b>fc13</b>	N	Y	norm	5	few
<b>fc14</b>	Y	N	unif	5	few
<b>fc2</b>	Y	Y	unif	3	few
<b>fc21</b>	Y	Y	unif	3	many

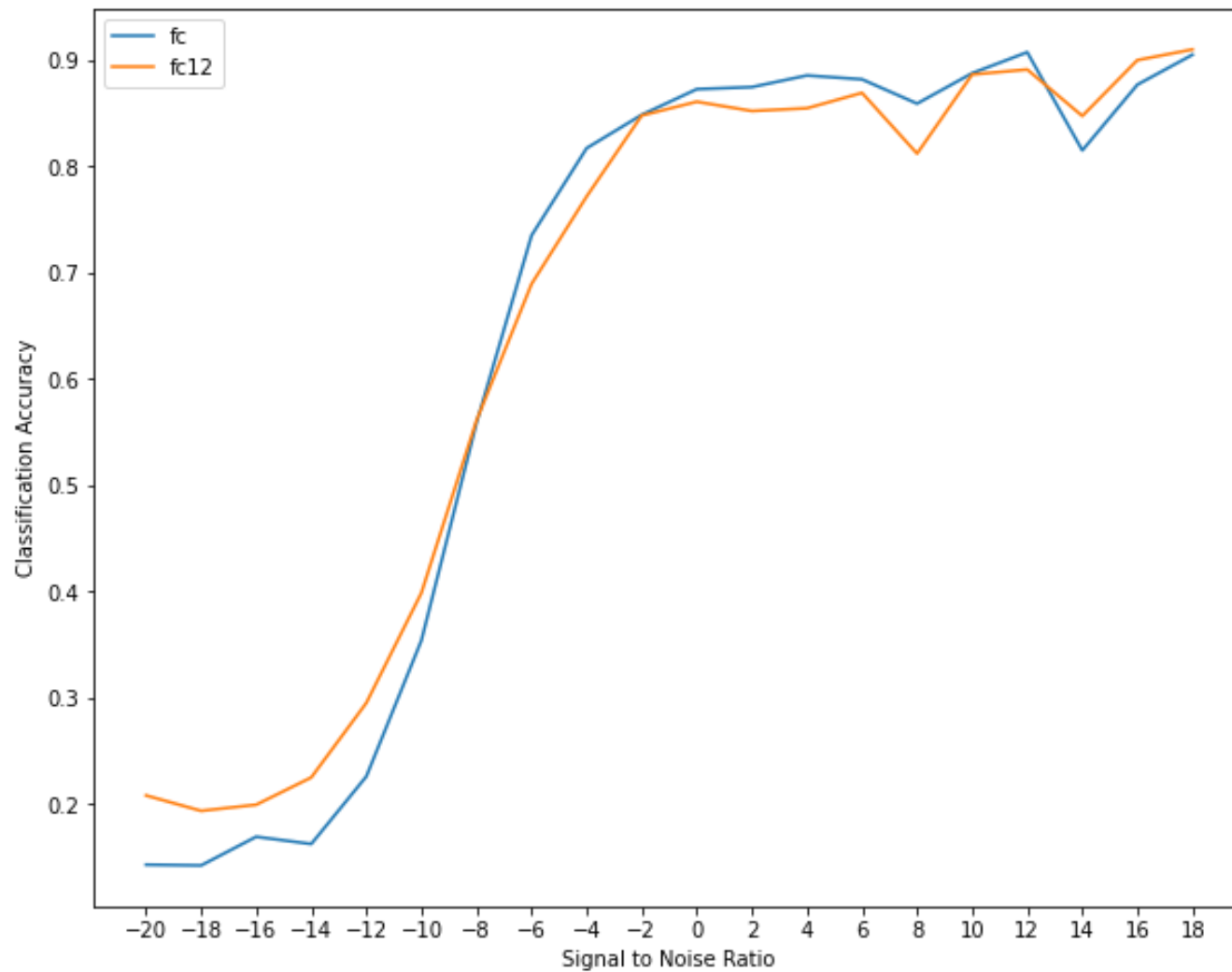
# Different FCN performances



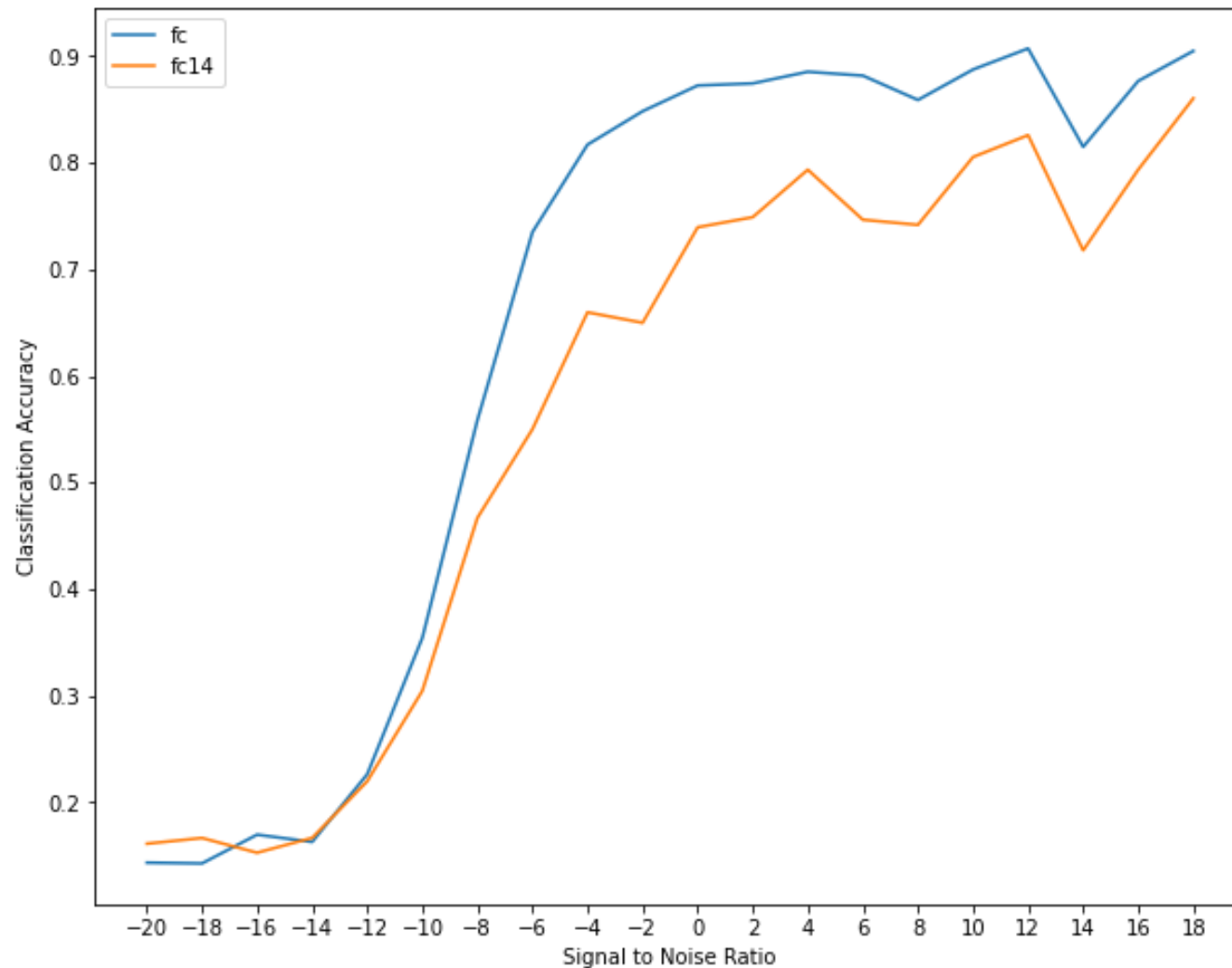
# Observations on FCN

- Reg: fc vs fc12 --> reg slightly better
- **Batchnorm**: fc vs fc14 --> batchnorm good
- **Kernel\_init**: fc12 vs fc13 --> unif > normal
- **Depth**: fc vs fc2 --> Deep good
- Num\_nodes: fc2 vs fc21 --> more slightly better

# Fc (reg) vs fc12 (no reg)

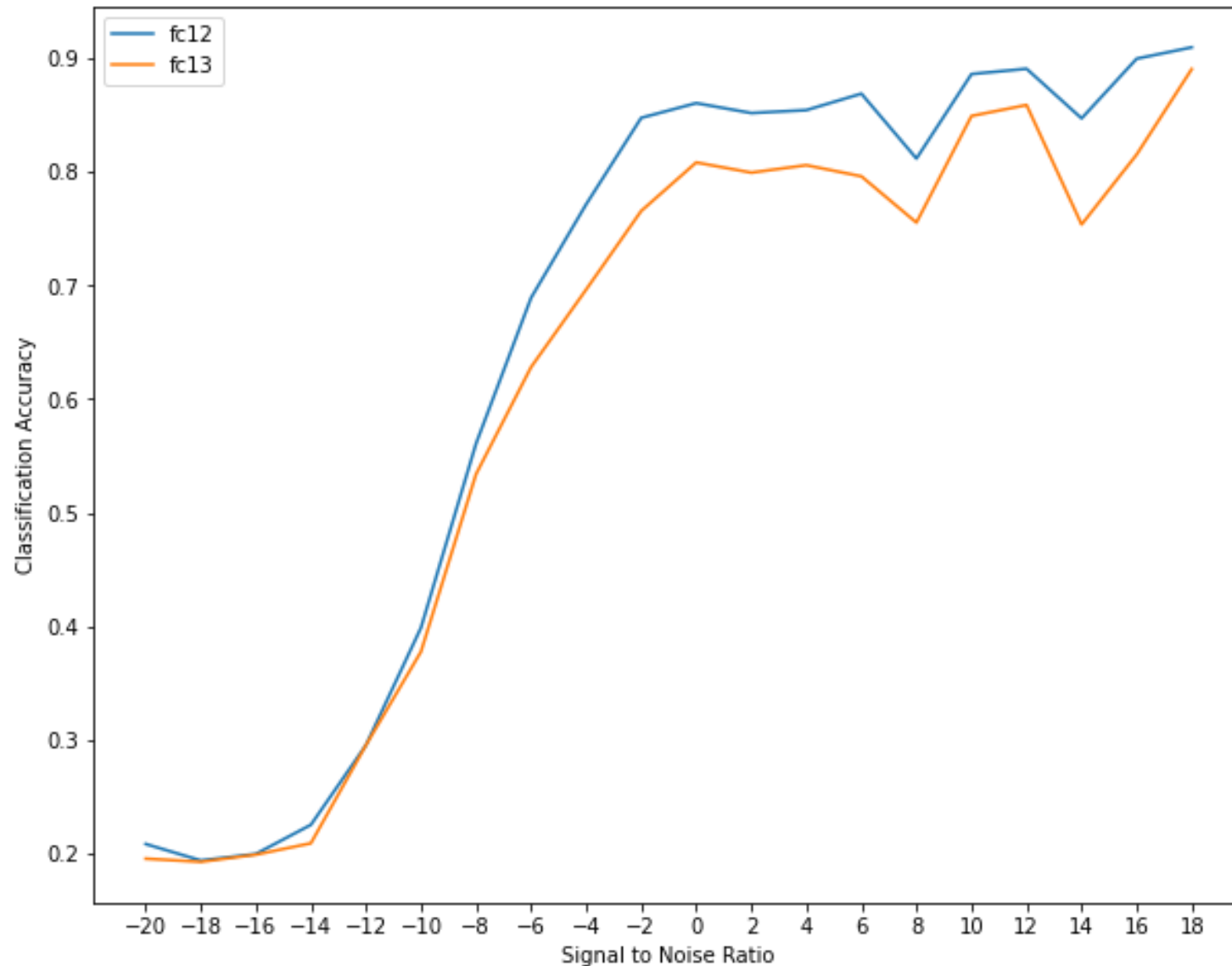


# fc (batchnorm) vs fc14 (no bn)

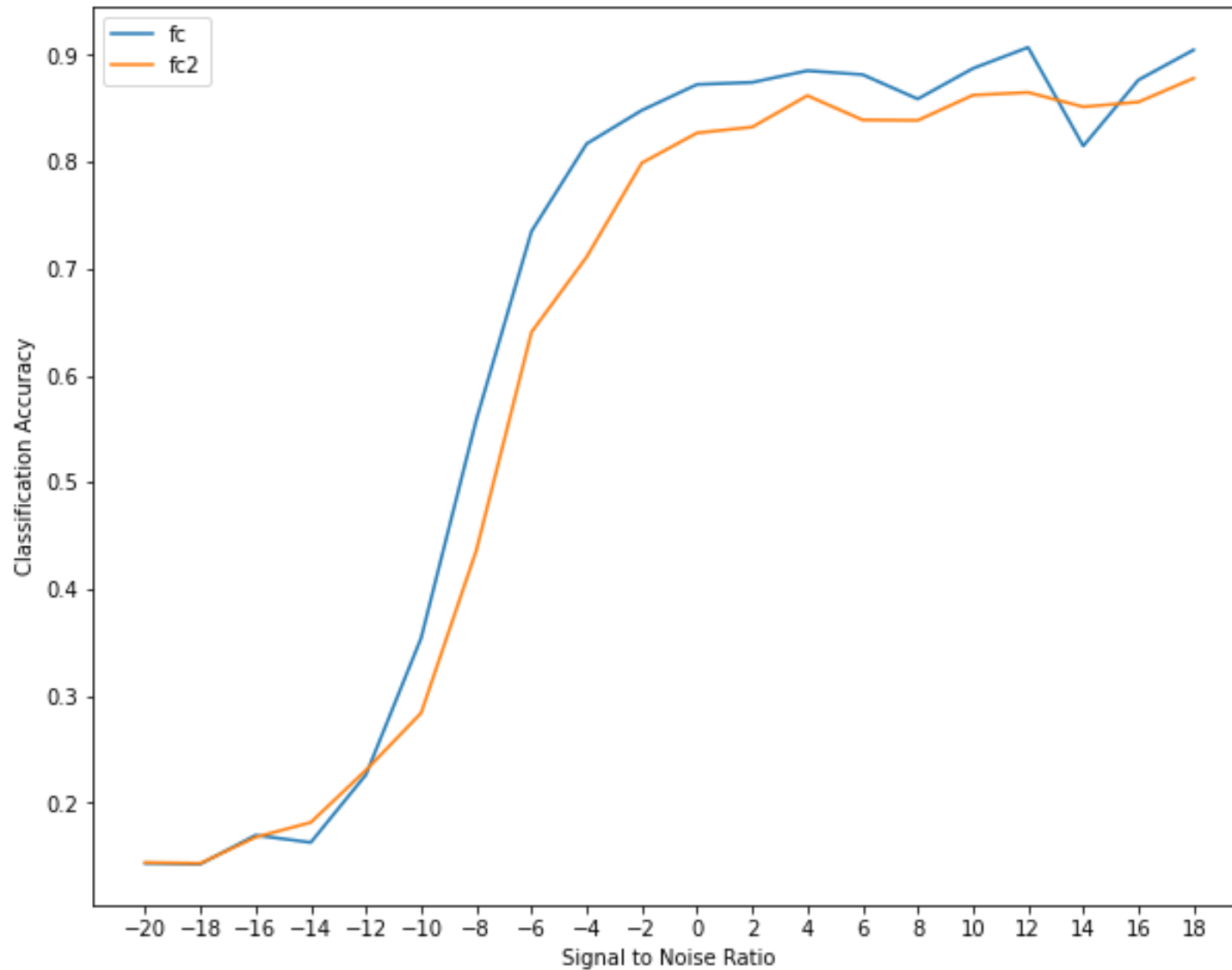




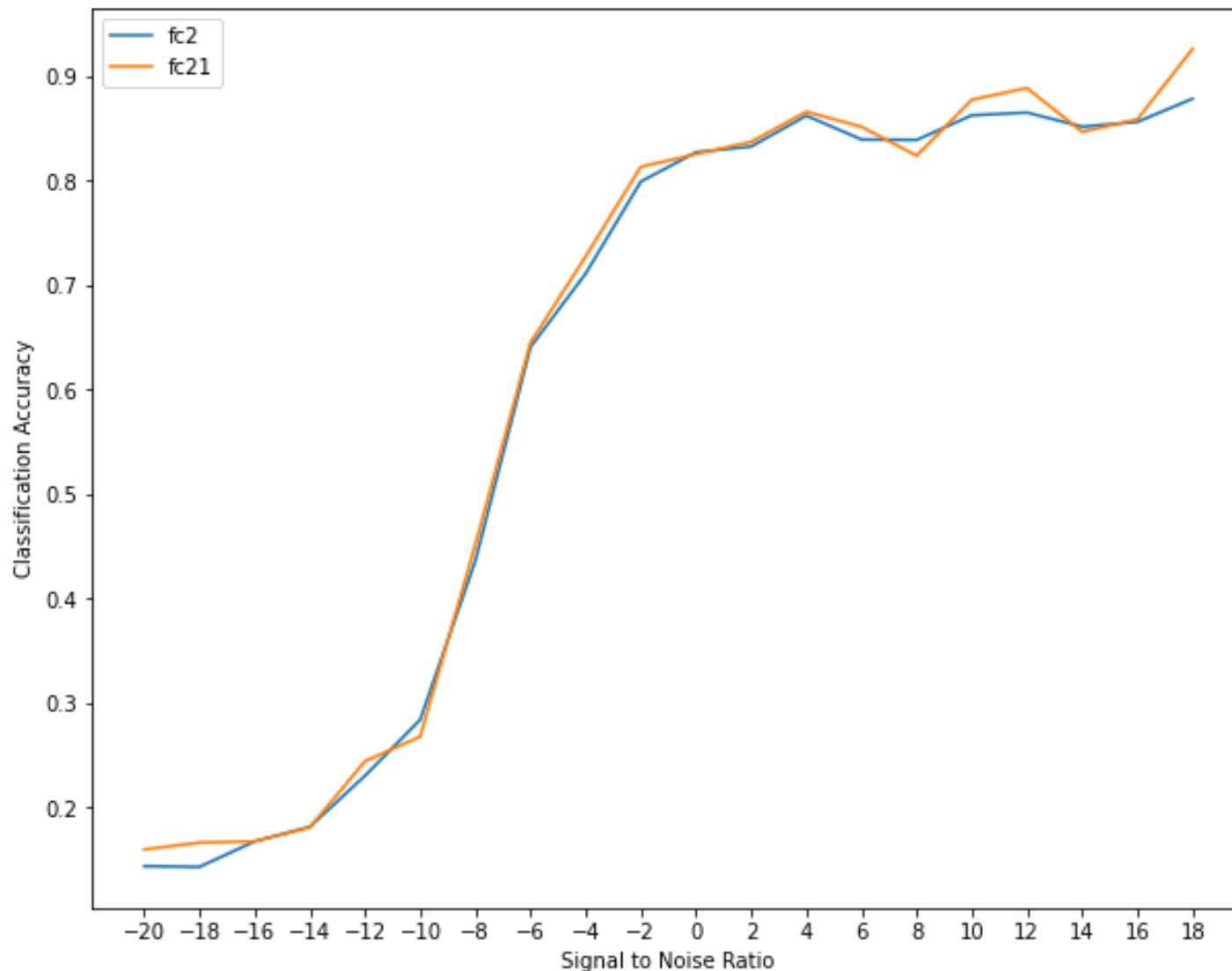
# Fc12 (unif init) vs fc13 (norm init)



# fc (deep) vs fc2 (shallow)



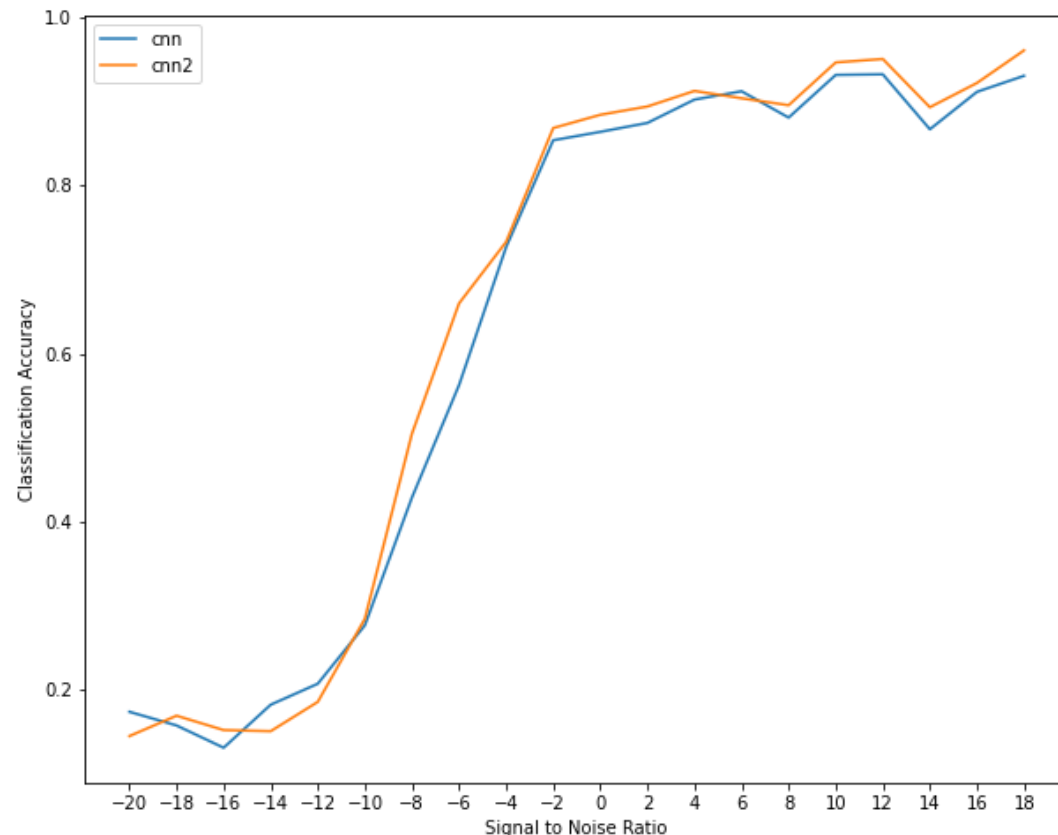
# Fc2 (few nodes) vs fc21 (more nodes)



# Basic CNN performances

# CNN perf comparison

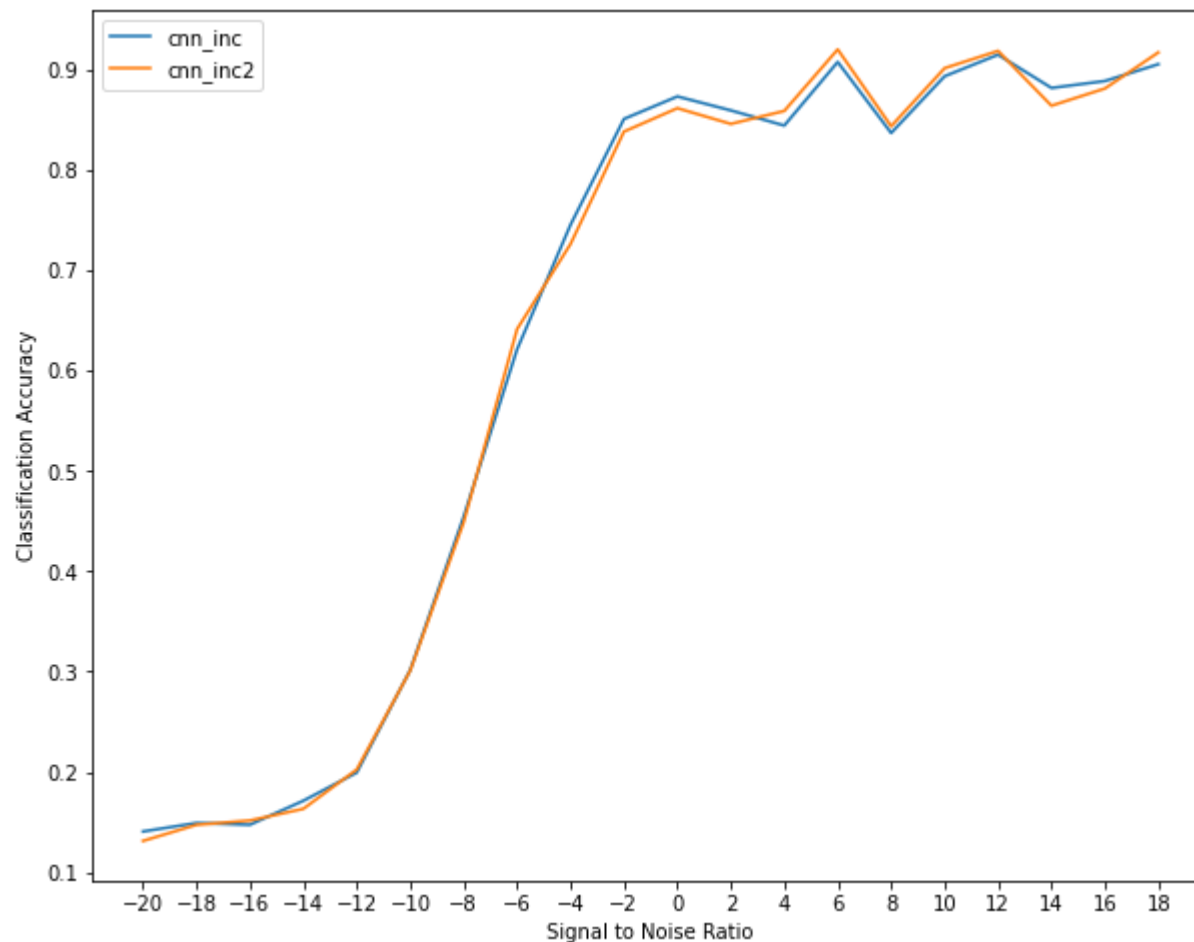
- CNNs both 2 Conv + 2 Dense, only different in number of nodes
- Cnn has ~500k, cnn2 ~ 2.5mil
- Cnn2 slightly better than cnn, but much longer to train



# Inception modules

# Number of inception modules stacked

- cnn\_inc: 1 mod, cnn\_inc2: 2 mods
- Num mods doesnt appear to be significant



# Things to do

- Continue working on classification
  - 2018 radioML dataset (24 classes)
  - Try other DL models: 08645696 Data-Driven Deep Learning for Automatic Modulation Recognition in Cognitive Radios
    - Additional CNN with constellation diagram as input to distinguish indistinguishable mod schemes
  - Try extract other features (fft, deriv, integral, moments etc) and use non-DL methods?
- Understanding and visualising radioML dataset
  - try GNUradio
  - Learn how to modulate, demodulate
  - Try generating own dataset, maybe other formats?
- Other areas to explore
  - Improving SNR (but how to measure SNR?)
  - Adversarial examples?



# Useful resources

- Datasets: <https://www.deepsig.ai/datasets>
- Papers by O'Shea/ DeepSig
  - Radio Machine Learning Dataset Generation with GNU Radio
  - Convolutional Radio Modulation Recognition Networks
  - Over-the-Air Deep Learning Based Radio Signal Classification
- Implementations and tutorials
  - Example Classifier Jupyter Notebook:  
[https://github.com/radioML/examples/blob/master/modulation\\_recognition/RML2016.10a\\_VTCNN2\\_example.ipynb](https://github.com/radioML/examples/blob/master/modulation_recognition/RML2016.10a_VTCNN2_example.ipynb)
  - Student report on MR, with problem statement, codes, report:  
<https://github.com/alyswidan/ModulationRecognition>
  - Tutorial with codes for ResNet classifier:  
<https://medium.com/gsi-technology/residual-neural-networks-in-python-1796a57c2d7>