# 2008 年广东省初中毕业生学业考试

# 英 语

二、单项填空(本大题有 20 小题,每小题 1 分,共 20 分) 在每小题的四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳答案,将其字母编号填写在答卷相应题目的答题位置上。若 用答题卡答题,则将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项涂黑。 26. \_\_\_\_\_ youngest leader in China is \_\_\_\_\_ man called Lu Hap. C. A; a D. An; all A. The: a B. A; the 27. — John, is Henry your twin brother? -Oh, yes. He is twenty minutes\_\_\_\_than me. B. elder C. taller D. older (28) — Is that \_\_\_\_\_dog? -No. \_\_\_\_\_ is white. D. her; Her B. her; Itis C. he; His A. his; His 29. The old man began to learn to drive a car at the age of\_\_\_ A. sixty B. the sixtieth D. sixties C. sixty years old 30. I hear that he will be back\_\_\_\_\_\_ two weeks'time. C. after D. for A. at B. in 31. — I'm afraid I can't go to the party tomorrow you told me you would. What's happened? B. So C. Or D. But A. And 32. It takes more time to go there by ship than by bus. It's \_\_\_\_\_by train of the three. A. faster B. the fastest C. fast D. much fast 33. \_\_\_\_\_mothers both work in the same hospital. B Tim's and Peter C. Tim's and Peter's D. Tim and Peter A. Tim and Peter's 34. —\_\_\_\_\_do you send an e-mail to your cousin? -Sometimes. B. How much C. How often D. How soon A. How long — Don't kick balls on the road, boys! C. We won't A. We will B. We shall D. We aren't 36. It's raining heavily. We have to\_\_\_\_\_the sports meet C. hold on D. take part in A. put off B. join in I don't think Ken did such a stunid thing,

A. do I B. did I C. did he D. does he	Va 3			
38. — Jackson, I haven't seen you these days.	Ž			
—Ifor the coming English test.				
A. am preparing B. will prepare C. prepare D. have prepared				
39. —youyour dictionary?				
—No. So I have to buy a new one today.				
A. Did; find B. Have; found				
C. Are; finding D. Had; found				
40. More than two schoolsin the city next year.				
A. are built B. were built				
C. have built D. will be built				
41. Doctor Wang often asks ustoo much meat.				
A. don't eat B. not eat C. not to eat D. doesn't eat				
42. Both Jim and Katein Beijing now. They bothfrom America.				
A. is; come  B. are; come				
C. is; comes D. are; comes				
43. Tim will call me as soon as hemy package.				
A. receive B. will receive C. received D. receives				
44. —We don't know				
—It is said that he was born in Canada.				
A. what heis B. when he was born				
C. where he comes from D. if he lives here				
45. I have bought the camerawas advertised on TV.				
A. what B. why C. which D. who				
三、完形填空(本大题有 10 小题。每小题 1 分,共 10 分)				
通读下面短文,掌握其大意,然后在各小题所给的四个选项中,选出一个最佳答案。将其字母编号填写在	答卷相			
应题目的答题位置上。若用答题卡答题,则将答题卡上对应是目所选的选项涂黑。				
Do you often think of your parents? You may say, "Of course, I 46	Mother's			
Day and on Father's Day I give my father 47, too. "But what ahout the other days of the year?				
I have a friend whose parents live in another city. One day 1 went to see her. We had a nice				
conversation. Then she wanted to48 So she dialed(拨号) the number, but then she put				
down the phone. After about fifleen 49, she dialed the number again "Hi, Mom"				
Later I asked, "50_did you dial the number twice?"She smiled, "My parents are old and _51 They call't get close				

phone quickly. I always do so when I call them. I just want to give them 52 time to answer the call. "					
My friend is a go	ood girl. She is _	53 thinking about h	ner parents. You also wa	ant to be a	
54 child, righ	t? Please always re	member to <u>55</u> your	parents in every situat	ion, not just on some important days.	
6. A. will	B. do	C. won't	D. don't	B	
7. A. a cake	B. a kiss	C. some money	D. a present	D	
18. A. make a call	B. pay a visit	C. have a rest	D. go for a walk	DRA .	
19. A. seconds	B. minutes	C. hours	D. days	BA	
50. A. How	B. What	C. Why	D. When		
51. A. fast	B. slow	C. healthy	D. careless	叉号	
52. A. little	B. quick	C. no	D. enough	4	
53. A. always	B. never	C. seldom	D. sometimes	A	
54. A. bad	B. clever	C. good	D. sick		
55 A. think of	B. look after	C. ring up	D. listen to		
J、阅读理解(本大题有 15 小题,每小题 2 分,共 30 分)					
阅读下列短文。并做每篇短文后的题目。从每小题所给的四个选项中,选出能回答所提问题或完成所给句子的最					
佳答案,将其字母编号填写在答卷相应题目的答题位最上。若用答题卡答题。则将答题卡上对应题目所选的选项					
涂黑。					
A					
To make sure that you enjoy your visit to the Hamper Hot					

To make sure that you enjoy your visit to the Hamper Hot Springs(泉) and that you are safe during your visit, please take time to read the following:

- Do not place your head under the hot water because it may be bad for your health.
- Do not run around because the floors may be slippery
- Do not leave your children alone.
- Do not leave your things about.
   Just ask one of our workers to look after your things.
- Do not eat or drink anything in the area because we want to keep here clean.
   There is a place for you to eat and have soft drinks when you want to have a rest.
- Do not bring into the area anything made of glass, because it may be easily broken when you fall.
- Do not bring any hard drinks into the area.
- ♦ Do not smoke in the area.
- Do not stay in the sunlight for too long.

We hope that you will enjoy your visit here.



56	The purpose	of this	notice	ic	
30.	The purpose	or uns	Houce	13	

- A. to ask people to visit the springs
- B. to make visitors know the area
- C. to tell visitors what not to do
- D. to tell the visitors to have a rest
- 57. The notice is written for \_\_\_\_\_

A. visitors B. children C. workers D. managers
58. People are not allowed to
A. bring angthing into the area B. have soft drinks in the area
C. look after children in the area  D. sit in the sun for long in the area
59 is NOT mentioned in the notice.
A. How long visitors can stay in the area B. What visitors cannot bring to the area
C. Who looks after the visitors' things D. Whether smoking is allowed in the area
60. The Chinese meaning for "slippery" is
A. 平坦的       B. 湿滑的       C. 狭窄的       D. 冰凉的         B
Every day, it is easy to see advertisements in English all around us. Look at your own bags and clothes, and at the bags
and clothes of your classmates. How many different advertisements can you see which use English words?
Often bags and clothes show the name of the company that made them. This is a popular form. A special picture or symbol
called a logo(标识语)is sometimes used. Logos appear on many different products(产品). They are popular because when you
see a logo, it is hard to forget that product or company.
It is common to see advertisements on TV and hear them on the radio. Most advertisements are very short. Sometimes the
advertisers use a short sentence which is easy for people to say and remember. Nike, for example, has a simple English
sentence which is used all around the world: "Just do it." Advertisements often use funny situations as well. It is simple to
remember it.
All advertisements are designed(设计)to make people buy a product. An advertisement for a soft drink, for example, might
show a group of young people who are having fun. The young people are all drinking the soft drink. Advertisers are saying to
/ou, "Why don't you buy this drink and be like these people? You can be young and modern"
You might think that advertisements are not after you, bul the next time you buy a soft drink, ask yourself this question:
Why am I buying this particular(特别的)product?
51. From the passage, we know that
A. all the advertisements around us are written in English
B. many bags have the name of the company that made them
C. having soft drinks makes a person young and modern
D. advertisements are only after young people
62. A good logo is
A. easy to remember B. a useful product
C. difficult to understand D. easy to buy
63. People are most likely to remember an advertisement that is

in English B. long C. funny D. famous

All advertisements are designed to\_\_\_\_\_

- A. sell you something you don't want
- B. make you young and modern
- C. make you buy the product
- D. show you what you need to buy
- 65. The best title of this passage may be\_\_
  - A. Advertisements for Bags and Clothes
  - B. Advertisements on TV and Radio
  - C. Advertisements About Sports
  - D. Advertisements Around Us



C

# 请阅读以下左栏人员的相关信息,然后与右栏的广告相匹配。并将最佳选项的字母编号填写在指定位置上。

66. Lanlan is a lovely and kind girl. She hopes that she can help the children who lose chances to go to school.

67. Liu Hong is going back to her home town for the summer vacation. She will buy a camera. She will take some photos and show them to her classmates when she returns.

68. Mr. and Mrs. Smith want to have a relaxing holiday out of the busy city. They like to stay in a classical (古典的) building.

69. Jim is very interested in pandas but he knows little about them. He wants to borrow some books on pandas.

#### Wickets Hotel

A 200 - year - old country house in the the city of Rome with 30 bedrooms. Throa day. Open all year round.

# R. City Library

The largest library in the area with over different kinds in it. Two big reading - hold 2, 000 readers. Open from 9: 00 Monday to Saturday.

## C. Sunny Museum

An art show from August 1st to 20th. O by world famous artists will be shown in

#### D. Concert

A concert in Jinma Theater on July 10 singers in China will sing in the concert the tickets will be used for the poor chil

# E. Singing Competition

The House of Culture of the city wil competition in October. Those who like part in the competition.

#### 🖹 Dadi Cinema

"Snow White", a cartoon by Disney, Dadi Cinema next Sunday. Ticket Price

## 五、看图短文填空(本大题有 10 小题,每小题 1.5 分,共 15 分)

阅读下面短文,并借助上下文和插图补充所缺信息。每个空只能填写一个形式正确、意义相符的单词。请将答案填写在答卷相应题目的答题位置上。

70.7



Mr. Miser shook his head and walked away.

to spend it.

Tom thought for a second and then called out, "I'd like to clean it for nothing. "This time Mr. Miser agreed. And soon one of his shoes was shining brightly.

When the rich man put his other shoe on the stool(凳子), Tom said he wouldn't clean it for Him\_76\_he was paid tw0 pence for his work. Mr. Miser was very\_77\_. He refused to pay anything and went away.

But to his 78, the well—cleaned shoe was so bright that it made the other one look even dirtier. Mr. Miser looked round. People in the street were 79 at him.

Finally the rich man 80 and gave Tom two pence. In a very short time his two shoes shone brightly.

六、读写综合(本大题分为 A、B 两部分, 共 20 分)

请将答案填写在答卷相应题目的答题位置上。

A. 信息归纳(共5小题。每小题1分)

下面是一篇摘自 (上海中学生英文报) 网站的报道。请仔细阅读该报道,按信息表中项目要求在答卷上的信息表中填写信息。

#### Depending on yourself

Growing up is not always easy. When we face difficulties, a spirit of depending on yourself is more useful than crying for help. That's what Hong Zhanhui's story of growing from boy to man with family hardship tells us.

Hong was born in 1982 in a poor family in Xihua County( ). Henan Province. When he was only 11, his father became badly ill and one day he came back with an unwanted baby girl. A year later, Hong's mother left home. She no longer wanted to live such a poor life and face her sick husband. So everything hard fell onto the young boy's shoulders: to take care of his father and the sister Chenchen, and to go on to study.

gh his life was hard. Hong didn't go away from his father and sister. He worked in part

me jobs to feed his family. He climbed tall trees to get birds'eggs for his sister. He walked two hours at weekends to the market to buy different things to sell around his school. A few years later, he studied at a college. To take care of Chenchen, he worked hard to rent(fll) a room near his college for her, and send her to school.

After Hong's story went public, he became a hero in people's eyes. But Hong refused offers from others. He said he felt encouraged by kind offers, but he could depend on his own work.

Through his hard life. he has grown up from boy to man.

From: Shanghai Middle School English Online

#### **Information Card**

31.	Hong's spirit			
32.	Hong's birthplace			,
33.	Hong's age when his mother left home	12 years old	He years old	
34.	The distance between Hong's school and the n	narket		
35.	The way Hong fed his family			
. ‡	5面表达(本题 15 分】			
份	看了这篇报道后,感受如何?请结合报道的内容	P。用英语写一篇 80 个	词左右的日记.	
内	容包括: 1、简要说明洪战辉同学的事迹; 2、	谈谈你的看法和认识(至	少三点)。	
日	记开头已给出,不计入总词数。请将日记写在	答卷相应的位置上。		
	Saturday June 12th	Clou	dy	
То	day I read something about Hong Zhanhui online.			
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