Report

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Introduction

As of November 30th, the coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) pandemic had resulted in 49,716,825 cases and 806,398 deaths in the United States. As of November 24, 2021, around 28 percent of total COVID-19 deaths in the United States have been among adults 85 years and older, despite this age group only accounting for 2 percent of the U.S. population. The widespread availability of vaccines in the United States helped to reduce cases in the spring and early summer. In this analysis, we obtain the COVID-19 Deaths and Fully Vaccinated Status Data, collected from January 1st, 2020 to December 7th, 2021. The main question that this analysis explores is the association between the number of deaths due to COVID-19 and the number of people who have been fully vaccinated in different age groups.

Methods

Three raw datasets are included in this analysis, which are COVID-19 deaths data by state and age group, COVID-19 fully vaccinated data by state and age group and state population data. COVID-19 Deaths Data involves corona virus disease 2019 (COVID-19) and pneumonia reported to NCHS by jurisdiction of occurrence, place of death, and age group, collected from 01/01/2020 to 12/01/2021. The link is https://data.cdc.gov/NCHS/Provisional-COVID-19-Deaths-by-Place-of-Death-and-/4va6-ph5s. COVID-19 Vaccinations Data includes the overall US COVID-19 Vaccine administration and vaccine equity data at county level, collected from 01/01/2020 to 12/01/2021. The link is https://data.cdc.gov/Vaccinations/COVID-19-Vaccinations-in-the-United-States-County/8xkx-amqh. Population of 2019 Data involves the estimates of the Total Resident Population and Resident Population Age 18 Years and Older for the United States. https://www.census.gov/data/tables/time-series/demo/popest/2010s-state-detail.html.

To analyze the data, R packages, dplyr, data table, tidyr, tidyverse and usmap, were used.

In order to get the final analysis data, first, read in the data. Second, clean the raw datasets. For COVID-19 deaths data, the variables we are interested in counts of COVID-19 deaths by state and age group. Therefore, we clustered age groups into three groups, 0-18, 18-65 and 65+. Then the proportions of COVID-19 deaths among all deaths were calculated. Abbreviated state names were combined to the data. For COVID-19 fully vaccinated data, the variables of interest are the counts of fully vaccinated people by age group and state. Full state names were combined to the data. For state population data, the variables that we are concerned about are the population of different states and age groups. Therefore, we clustered age into three groups, 0-18, 18-65 and 65+. Third, merge the datasets and do some cleaning. Then we check the dimensions of the datasets. The COVID-19 deaths data and the fully vaccinated data have same number of columns. The population data have one more state data than the other two datasets. So, it should be mentioned here that the extra data will be deleted during data merging step. After checking the heads and tails and making sure that the datasets have good dimensions, we merge the datasets and do some cleaning, and then we get the final data for analysis.

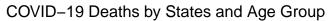
As for statistical methods, descriptive analysis was done by summarizing statistics of the variables that this study concern about. Plots were shown by bar charts and maps, in order to have a straight forward view of the concerned variables. The main question of this study was explored using correlation analysis and smooth graph, based on proportion data.

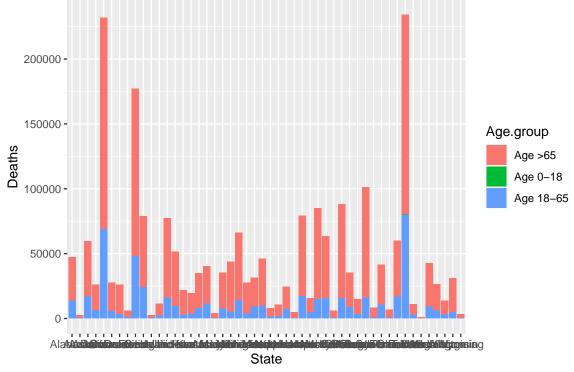
Results
Preliminary Results

State	COVID-19 Deaths	COVID-19 Deaths proportion	COVID-19 Fully Vaccinated	COVID-19 Fully Vaccinated proportion
Alabama	47467	0.131	2283759	0.234
Alaska	2596	0.090	402529	0.283
Arizona	59706	0.137	4030601	0.278
Arkansas	26442	0.122	1504165	0.250
California	231870	0.128	25330031	0.322
Colorado	27945	0.105	3700789	0.323
Connecticut	26571	0.135	2598963	0.365
Delaware	6366	0.104	602666	0.311
Florida	177111	0.124	13321578	0.311
Georgia	79135	0.133	5266415	0.249

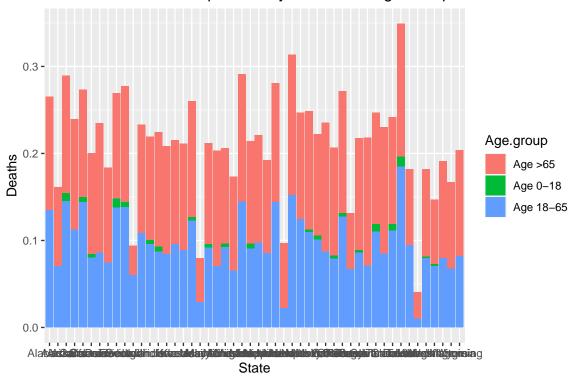
Age.group	Average of deaths	Average of proportation of deaths	Average of fully vaccinated	Average of proportation of fully vaccinated
Age 0-18	19	0.002	287693	0.093
Age	10925	0.096	2667463	0.313
18-65 Age	33372	0.116	927089	0.459
>65 All	44495	0.112	3882245	0.287

Summarizes of statistics are shown in tables. We can get that the three states that have the highest deaths are California, Texas and Florida, which have 221,775, 218,261 and 169,626, respectively. Also, the three states that have the highest proportion of deaths in total deaths are New Jersey, Mississippi and Connecticut, which are 16.4%, 14.7% and 14%, respectively. As for the condition of fully vaccinated, the three states that have the highest number are California, Texas and New York, which are 23,996,305, 15,347,006 and 12,850,740, respectively. Additionally, the three states that have the highest proportion of fully vaccinated in the population are Vermont, Maine and Connecticut, which are 35.4%, 35.2% and 35.1%, respectively. The age group description table shows that people older than 65 years old have both the highest number of average deaths in all states and the highest proportion of deaths in total deaths, which are 31,530 and 0.115. More number of people age between 18 and 65 have fully vaccinated compared to the other two groups, which is 2,554,933. But larger proportion of older people have fully vaccinated compared to younger people.





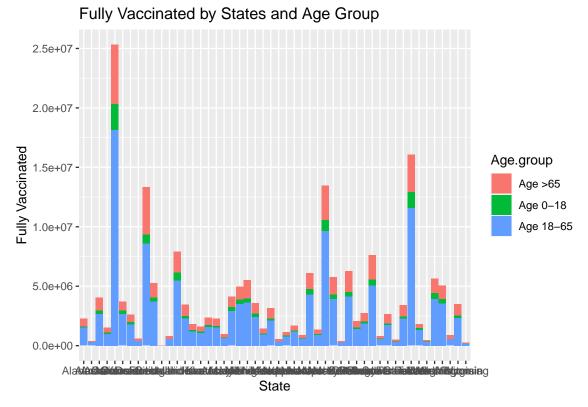
COVID-19 Deaths Proportions by States and Age Group

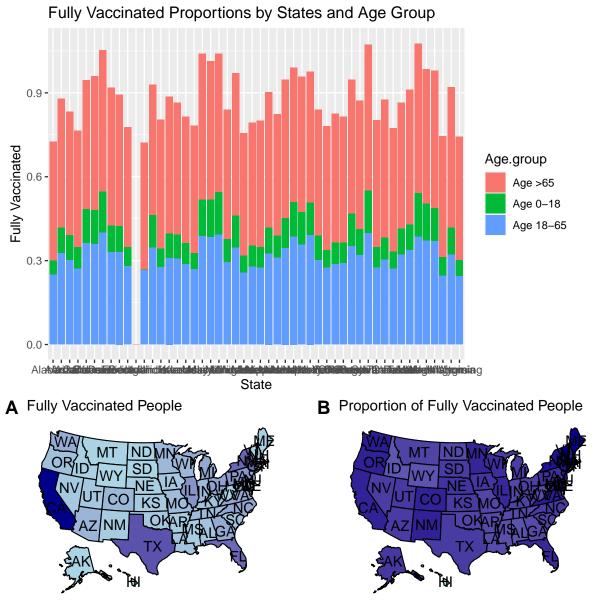


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Bar charts and maps are shown to have a better view of the condition of COVID-19 Deaths and status of fully vaccinated in different states among age groups.

From the bar chart of death due to Covid-19 we can straightly get that the largest numbers of deaths due to Covid-19 were in Texas and California. It is also obvious that the numbers of deaths in people older than 65 were much larger than those in other age groups. When looking at the bar chart of death proportions due to Covid-19 among all deaths, we get that the largest proportion was in Texas.

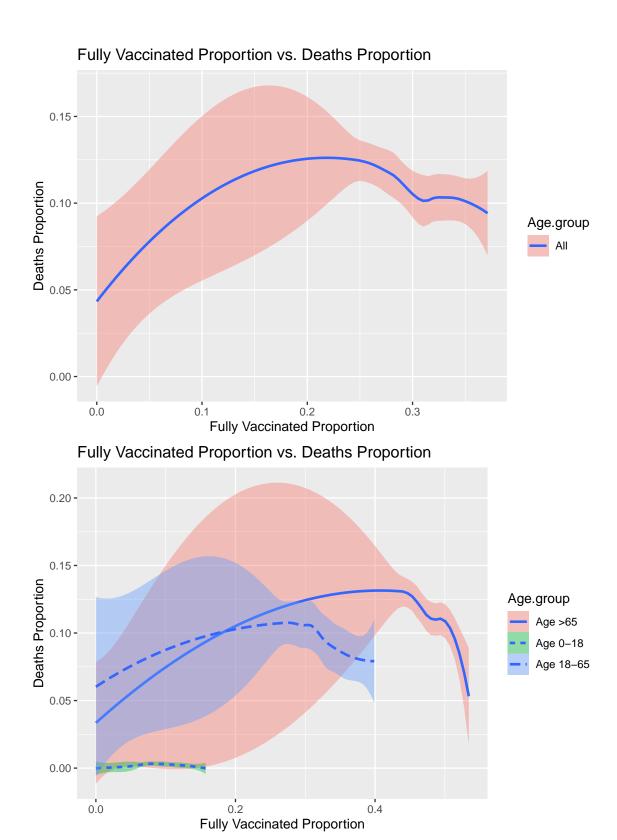




From the bar chart of numbers of people who were fully vaccinated we can straightly get that the largest number of people who have got fully vaccinated was in California. It is also obvious that the numbers in people who were between 18 to 65 years old were much larger than those in other age groups. When looking at the bar chart of fully vaccinated proportions among the population, we get that the largest proportions were in Vermont, Rhode Island and Connecticut. Also, the proportions of fully vaccinated in people who were older than 65 years old were larger than those in other age groups. In the maps of deaths, states that are darker in the maps have more deaths or larger proportion of deaths. In the maps of status of fully vaccinated, states that are darker in the maps have larger number or proportion of people who were fully vaccinated.

Final Results

The association between COVID-19 Deaths and fully vaccinated status is explored by correlation analysis of the proportion of COVID-19 deaths in all deaths and the proportion of fully vaccinated people in the population. The correlation between these two variables is 0.02, which is close to 0. Therefore, these two variables are not related.



The association between COVID-19 Deaths and fully vaccinated status in different age groups is also showed in the smooth graphs. The plot shows that there is no definite or fixed trend in the relationship between the two variables. There seems to have an increasing trend when the fully vaccinated proportion is small, but a turning point appears when the proportion increases. Still, the confidence intervals are quite wide as shown

in the plot, so the trends are not reliable.

Conclusion

There is no association between COVID-19 Deaths and fully vaccinated status in different age groups based on the current data. It is also found that people over the age of 65 have the highest deaths, which means that younger people are more likely to survive from COVID-19. Meanwhile, people older than 65 years old have the largest proportion of having been fully vaccinated among the whole population. In future analysis, longer term association between deaths due to COVID-19 and the status of fully vaccinated among different age groups should be looked at.

References

Apendix