## **Working with Data in Python Cheat Sheet**

## **Reading and writing files**

Package/Method	Description	Syntax and Code Example
File opening modes	Different modes to open files for specific operations.	<pre>Syntax: r (reading) w (writing) a (appending) +   (updating: read/write) b (binary, otherwise text)  1. 1  1. Examples: with open("data.txt", "r") as file:     content = file.read() print(content) with     open("output.txt", "w") as file:     file.write("Hello, world!") with     open("log.txt", "a") as file: file.write("Log     entry: Something happened.") with     open("data.txt", "r+") as file: content =         file.read() file.write("Updated content: " +         content)</pre>
File reading methods	Different methods to read file content in various ways.	Syntax:  1. 1 2. 2 3. 3  1. file.readlines() # reads all lines as a list 2. readline() # reads the next line as a string 3. file.read() # reads the entire file content as a string Copied! Example:  1. 1 2. 2

```
3. 3
                                                                                            4. 4
                                              1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file:
                                              2.
                                                     lines = file.readlines()
                                              3.
                                                     next_line = file.readline()
                                                     content = file.read()
                                          Copied!
                                          Syntax:
                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                            2. 2
                                              1. file.write(content) # writes a string to the
                                                 file
                                              2. file.writelines(lines) # writes a list of
                                                 strings to the file
                     Different write
                                          Copied!
File writing
                     methods to write
                                           Example:
methods
                     content to a file.
                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                            2. 2
                                                                                            3. 3
                                              1. lines = ["Hello\n", "World\n"]
                                              2. with open("output.txt", "w") as file:
                                                     file.writelines(lines)
                                          Copied!
                                          Syntax:
                                                                                            1. 1
                     Iterates through
                                              1. for line in file: # Code to process each line
Iterating over
                                          Copied!
                     each line in the file
                                           Example:
lines
                     using a 'loop'.
                                                                                            1. 1
                                                                                            2. 2
```

```
1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file:
                                              2. for line in file: print(line)
                                           Copied!
                                           Syntax:
                                                                                             1. 1
                                                                                             2. 2
                                              1. file = open(filename, mode) # Code that uses
                                                  the file
                     Opens a file,
                                              2. file.close()
                     performs
                                           Copied!
Open() and
                     operations, and
                                           Example:
close()
                     explicitly closes
                     the file using the
                                                                                             1. 1
                     close() method.
                                                                                             2. 2
                                                                                             3. 3
                                              1. file = open("data.txt", "r")
                                              2. content = file.read()
                                              3. file.close()
                                           Copied!
                                           Syntax:
                                                                                             1. 1
                                              1. with open(filename, mode) as file: # Code
                     Opens a file using
                                                  that uses the file
                     a with block,
                                           Copied!
                     ensuring
                                           Example:
with open()
                     automatic file
                     closure after
                                                                                             1. 1
                     usage.
                                                                                             2. 2
                                              1. with open("data.txt", "r") as file:
                                              2. content = file.read()
                                           Copied!
```

## **Pandas**

Package/Method	Description	Syntax and Code Example
.read_csv()	Reads data from a `.CSV` file and creates a DataFrame.	Syntax: dataframe_name = pd.read_csv("filename.csv")  Example: df = pd.read_csv("data.csv")
.read_excel()	Reads data from an Excel file and creates a DataFrame.	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1  1. dataframe_name = pd.read_excel("filename.xlsx") Copied! Example:  1. 1  1. df = pd.read_excel("data.xlsx") Copied!</pre>
.to_csv()	Writes  DataFrame to a  CSV file.	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1  1. dataframe_name.to_csv("output.csv", index=False) Copied! Example:  1. 1  1. df.to_csv("output.csv", index=False) Copied!</pre>
Access Columns	Accesses a specific column using [] in the DataFrame.	Syntax:  1. 1 2. 2  1. dataframe_name["column_name"] # Accesses single column  2. dataframe_name[["column1", "column2"]] # Accesses multiple columns Copied! Example:

		1. 1 2. 2 1. df["age"] 2. df[["name", "age"]] Copied!
describe()	Generates statistics summary of numeric columns in the DataFrame.	Syntax:  1. 1  1. dataframe_name.describe() Copied! Example:  1. 1  1. df.describe() Copied!
drop()	Removes specified rows or columns from the DataFrame. axis=1 indicates columns. axis=0 indicates rows.	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1 2. 2  1. dataframe_name.drop(["column1", "column2"],</pre>
dropna()	Removes rows with missing	Syntax:

	NaN values from the DataFrame. axis=0 indicates rows.	<ol> <li>dataframe_name.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True) Copied! Example:  1. 1  1. df.dropna(axis=0, inplace=True) Copied!</li> </ol>
duplicated()	Duplicate or repetitive values or records within a data set.	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1  1. dataframe_name.duplicated() Copied! Example:  1. 1  1. duplicate_rows = df[df.duplicated()] Copied!</pre>
Filter Rows	Creates a new DataFrame with rows that meet specified conditions.	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1  1. filtered_df =</pre>
groupby()	Splits a DataFrame into groups based on specified criteria, enabling subsequent aggregation,	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1 2. 2  1. grouped = dataframe_name.groupby(by, axis=0,     level=None, as_index=True,  2. sort=True, group_keys=True, squeeze=False,     observed=False, dropna=True)</pre>

	transformation, or analysis within each group.	<pre>Copied! Example:  1. grouped = df.groupby(["category",</pre>	1. 1
head()	Displays the first n rows of the DataFrame.	1. dataframe_name.head(n) Copied! Example:  1. df.head(5) Copied!	1. 1
Import pandas	Imports the Pandas library with the alias pd.	1. import pandas as pd Copied! Example:  1. import pandas as pd Copied!	1. 1
info()	Provides information about the DataFrame, including data types and memory usage.	<pre>Syntax:  1. dataframe_name.info() Copied! Example:  1. df.info() Copied!</pre>	1. 1

		Syntax:
merge()		1. 1
	Merges two	<pre>1. merged_df = pd.merge(df1, df2, on=["column1",</pre>
	DataFrames	"column2"])
	based on multiple	Copied! Example:
		Example.
	common	1. 1
	columns.	<pre>1. merged_df = pd.merge(sales, products,</pre>
		<pre>on=["product_id", "category_id"])</pre>
		Copied!
		Syntax:
		1. 1
		<ol> <li>print(df) # or just type df</li> </ol>
	5: 1 .1	Copied!
print Data Frama	Displays the content of the	Example:
print DataFrame	DataFrame.	1. 1
	Data rame.	2. 2
		1. print(df)
		2. df
		Copied!
		Syntax:
	Replaces specific values in a column with new values.	1. 1
		<ol> <li>dataframe_name["column_name"].replace(old_value,</li> </ol>
replace()		<pre>new_value, inplace=True) Copied!</pre>
		Example:
		1. 1
		<ol> <li>df["status"].replace("In Progress", "Active",</li> </ol>
		<pre>inplace=True) Copied!</pre>

		Syntax:		
	Displays the	<pre>1. dataframe_name.tail(n) Copied!</pre>	1.	1
tail()	last n rows of the DataFrame.	Example:		
			1.	1
		<pre>1. df.tail(5) Copied!</pre>		

## Numpy

Package/Method	Description	Syntax and Code Example
Importing NumPy	Imports the NumPy library.	Syntax:  1. 1  1. import numpy as np Copied! Example:  1. 1  1. import numpy as np Copied!
np.array()	Creates a one or multi- dimensional array,	<pre>Syntax:  1. 1 2. 2  1. array_1d = np.array([list1 values]) #</pre>

2. 2

		<pre>1. array_1d = np.array([1, 2, 3]) # 1D         Array 2. array_2d = np.array([[1, 2], [3, 4]])         # 2D Array Copied!</pre>
Numpy Array Attributes	<ul> <li>Calculates the mean of array elements</li> <li>Calculates the sum of array elements</li> <li>Finds the minimum value in the array</li> <li>Finds the maximum value in the array</li> <li>Computes dot product</li> </ul>	Example:  1. 1 2. 2 3. 3 4. 4 5. 5  1. np.mean(array)  2. np.sum(array)  3. np.min(array)
	of two arrays	<ul><li>4. np.max(array)</li><li>5. np.dot(array_1, array_2)</li></ul>