

# 영상처리 프로그래밍

## <Assignment 11>

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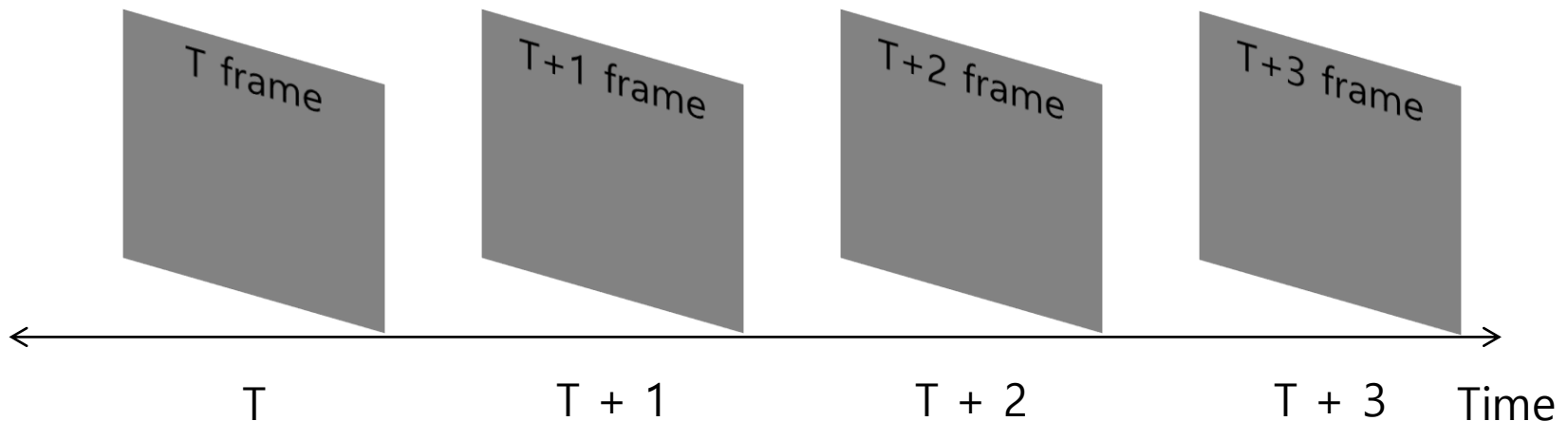
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- Human Visual System
- Basic Codec
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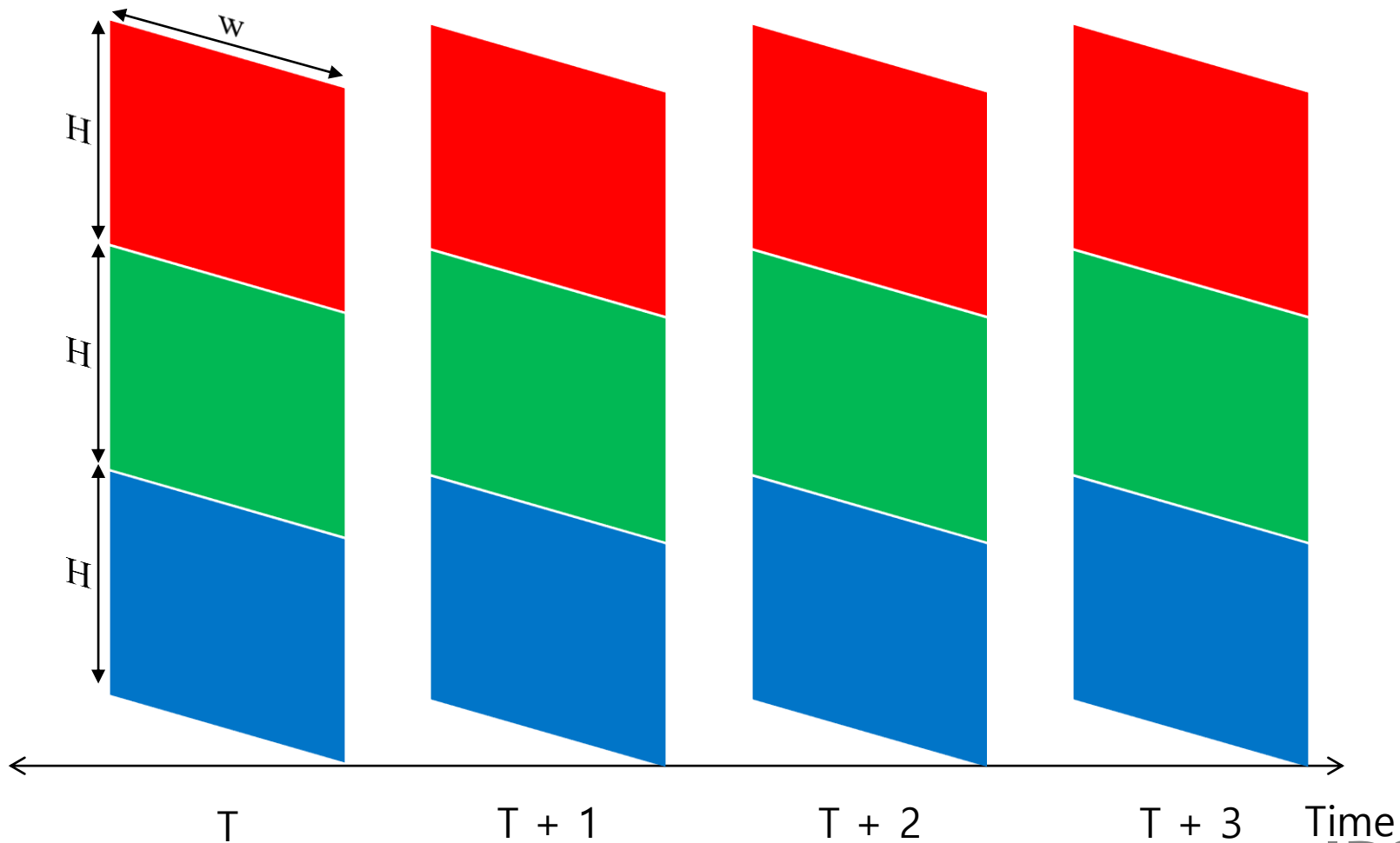
# Video format

- Basic concept of the Video file

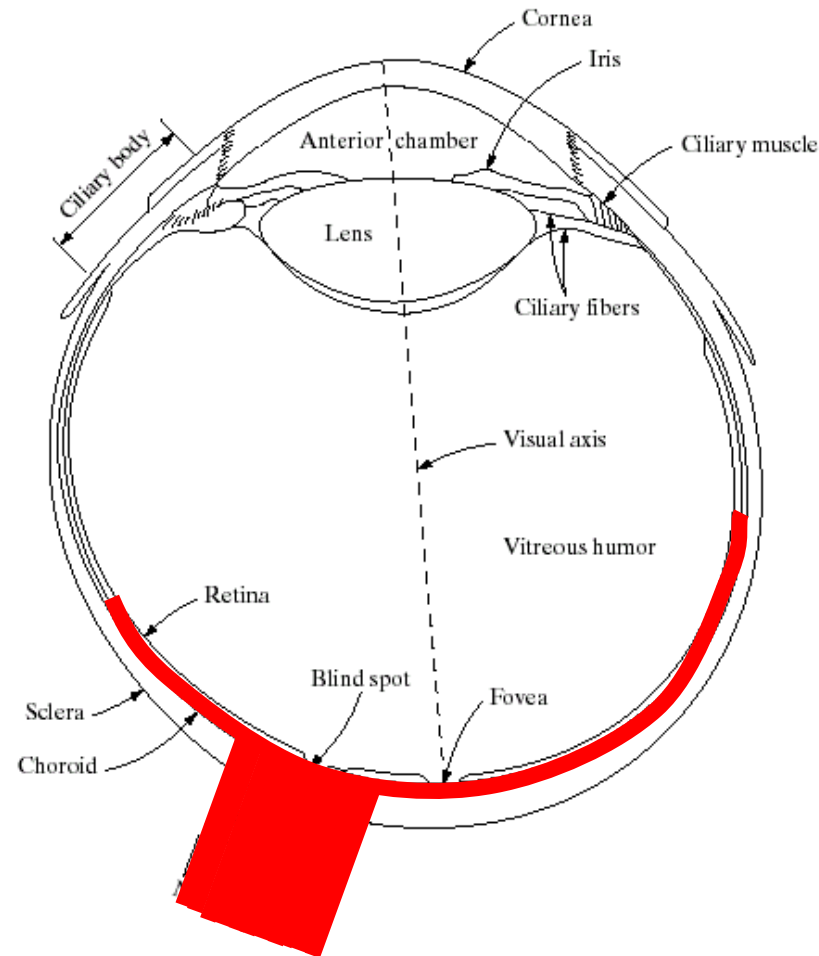


# Video format

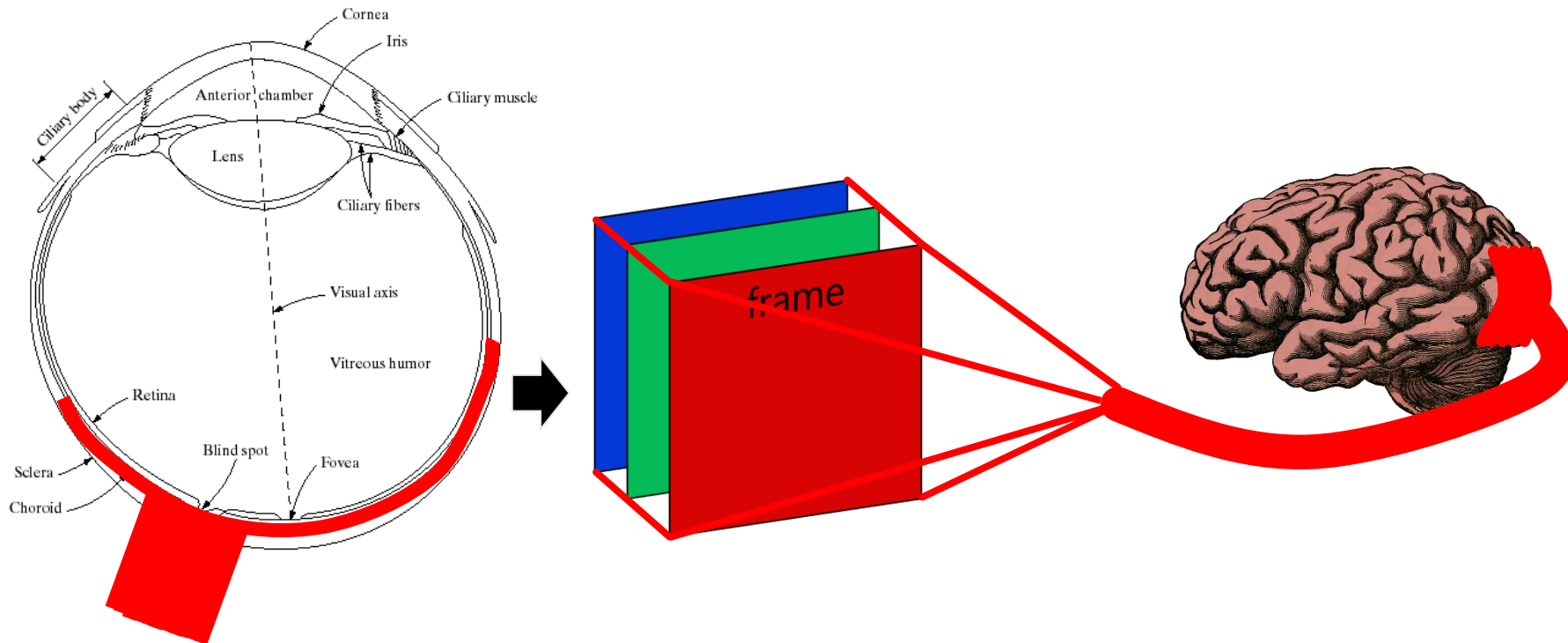
- Basic concept of the Video file (RGB)



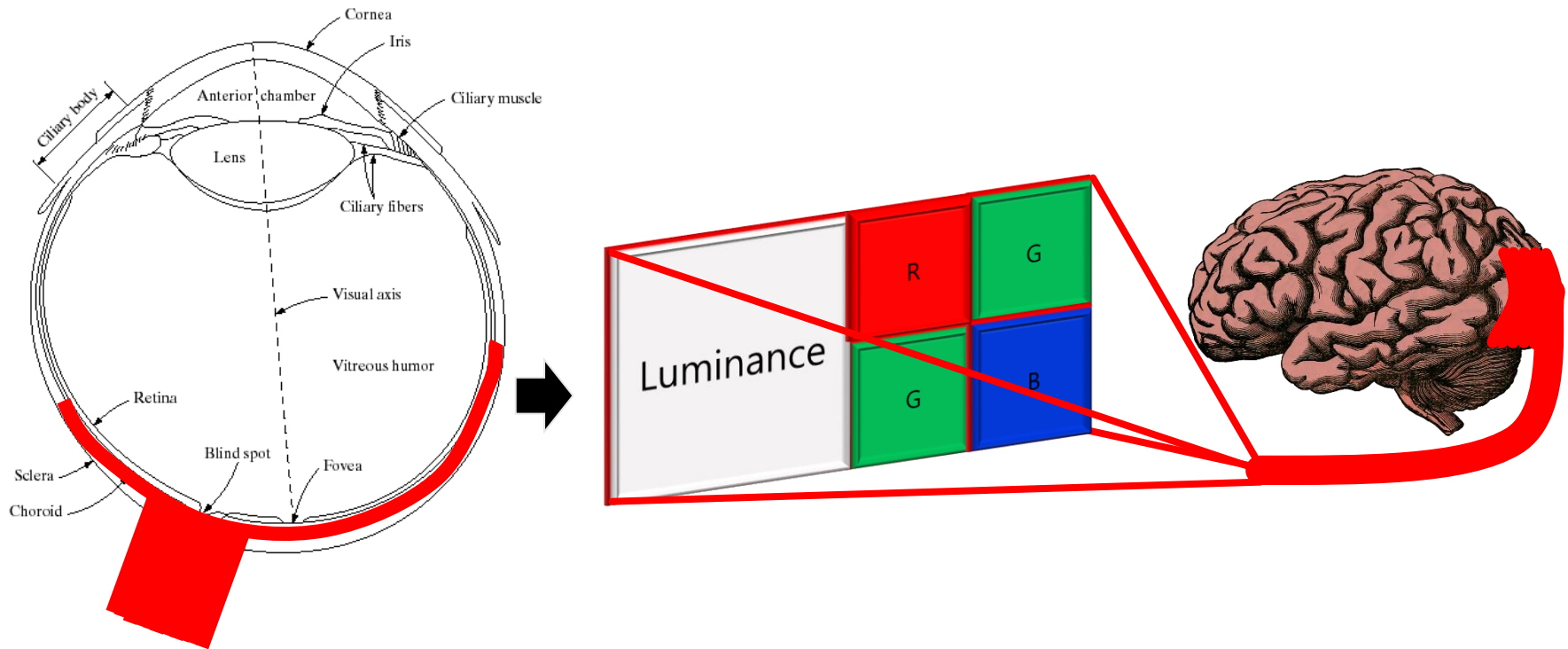
# Human Visual System



# Human Visual System

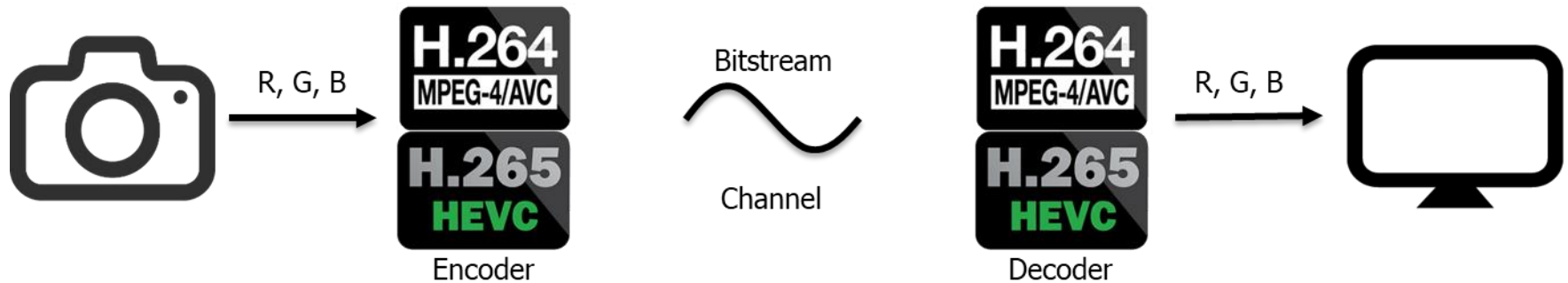


# Human Visual System



# Basic Codec

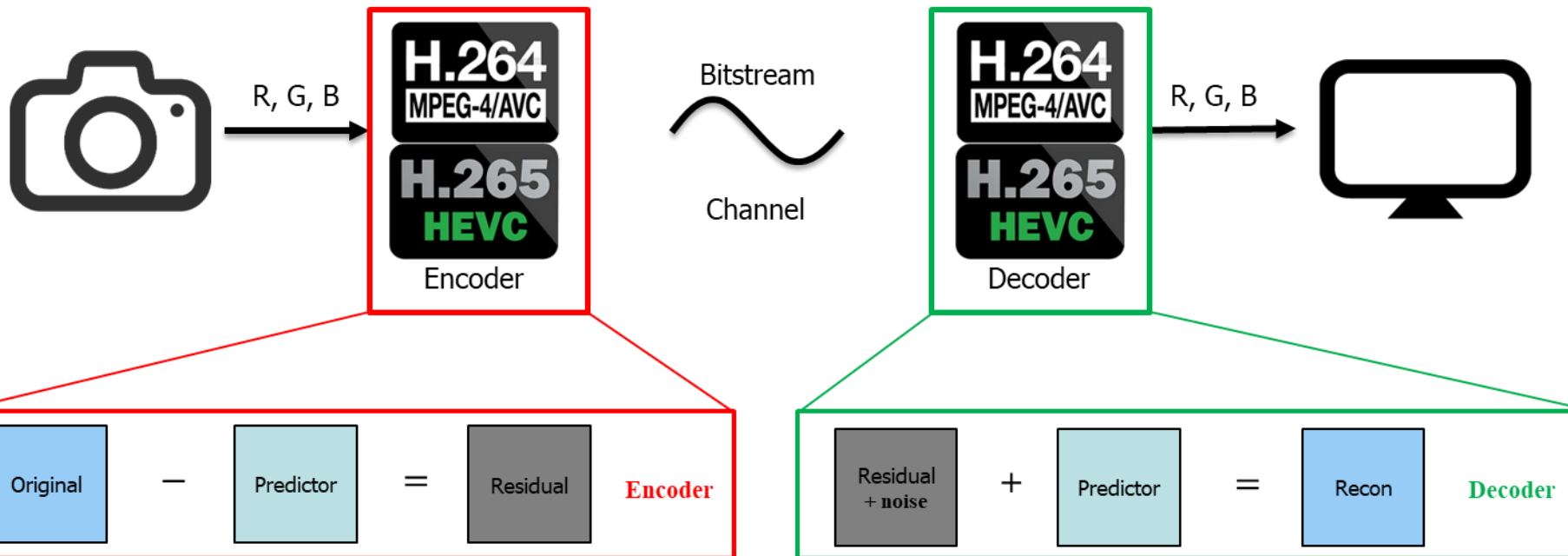
- Basic Image/Video Codec





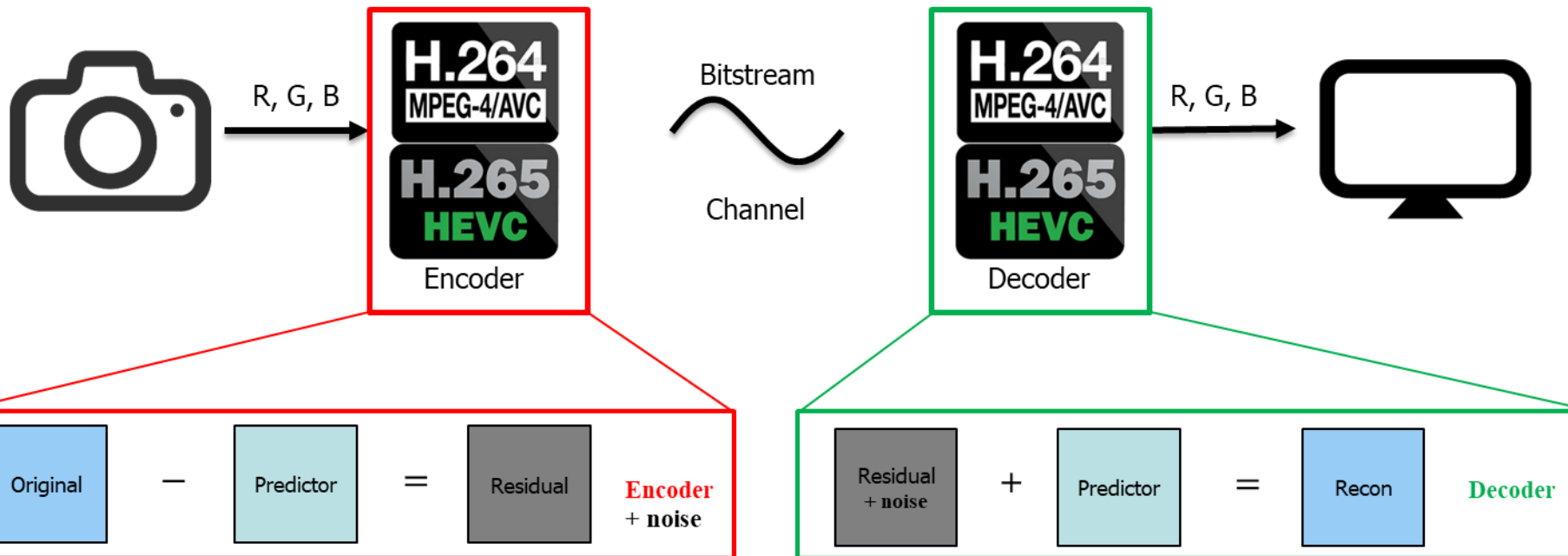
# Basic Codec

## Basic Image/Video Codec



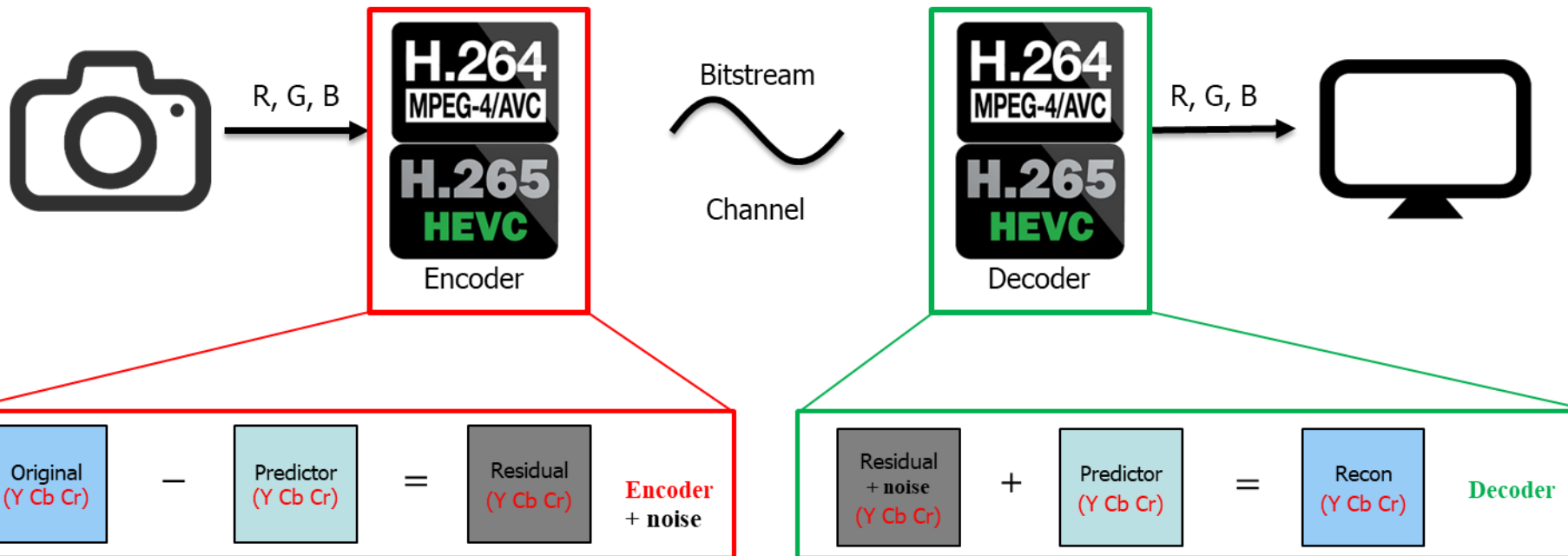
# Basic Codec

## ▪ Basic Image/Video Codec



# Basic Codec

## Basic Image/Video Codec



# Basic Codec

## Basic Image/Video Codec



R, G, B

Color  
Conversion  
(RGB to YCbCr)

Y, Cb, Cr

H.264  
MPEG-4/AVC

H.265  
HEVC

Encoder

Bitstream

Channel

H.264  
MPEG-4/AVC

H.265  
HEVC

Decoder

Y, Cb, Cr

Color  
Conversion  
(YCbCr to RGB)

R, G, B



Original  
(Y Cb Cr)

−

Predictor  
(Y Cb Cr)

=

Residual  
(Y Cb Cr)

Encoder  
+ noise

Residual  
+ noise  
(Y Cb Cr)

+

Predictor  
(Y Cb Cr)

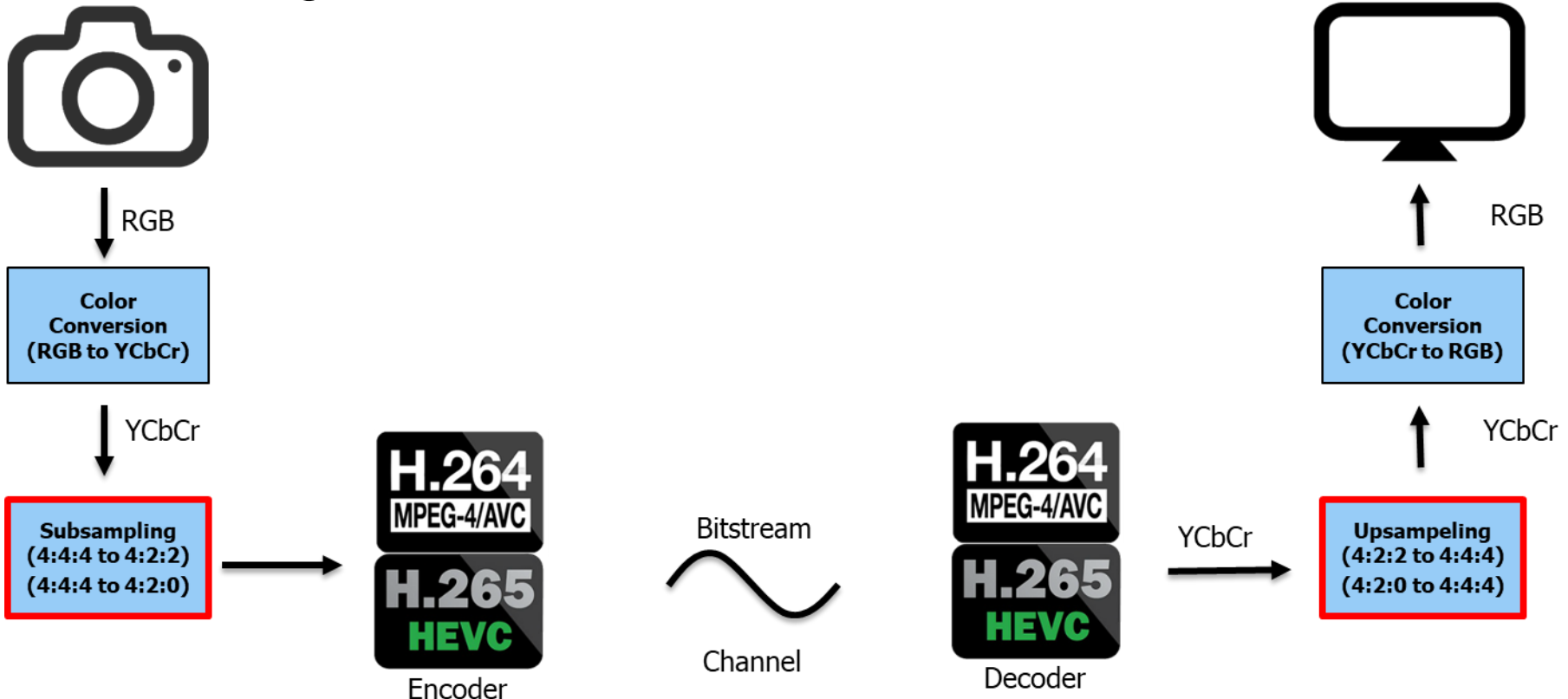
=

Recon  
(Y Cb Cr)

Decoder

# Basic Codec

## Basic Image/Video Codec



# Color Conversion

---

- RGB to YUV (integer)

$$Y' = ((66 \times R + 129 \times G + 25 \times B + 128) \gg 8) + 16$$

$$U = ((-38 \times R - 74 \times G + 112 \times B + 128) \gg 8) + 128$$

$$V = ((112 \times R - 94 \times G - 18 \times B + 128) \gg 8) + 128$$

- YUV to RGB (integer)

$$C = Y' - 16$$

$$D = U - 128$$

$$E = V - 128$$

$$R = \text{clamp}((298 \times C + 409 \times E + 128) \gg 8)$$

$$G = \text{clamp}((298 \times C - 100 \times D - 208 \times E + 128) \gg 8)$$

$$B = \text{clamp}((298 \times C + 516 \times D + 128) \gg 8)$$

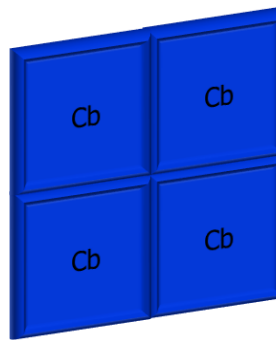
# Subsampling

- 4:4:4 color component



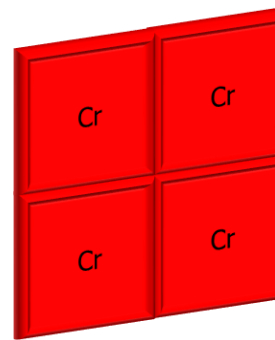
4

:



4

:

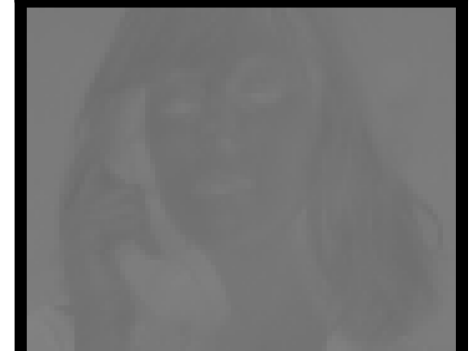


4

Y



Cb



Cr

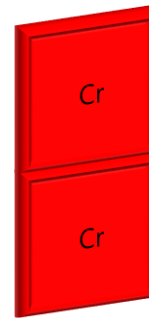
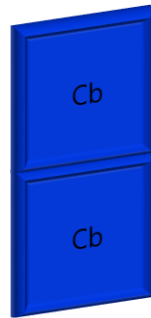


# Subsampling

- 4:4:4 color component



4 : 2 : 2



Y



Cb



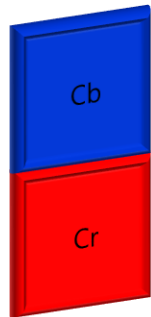
Cr



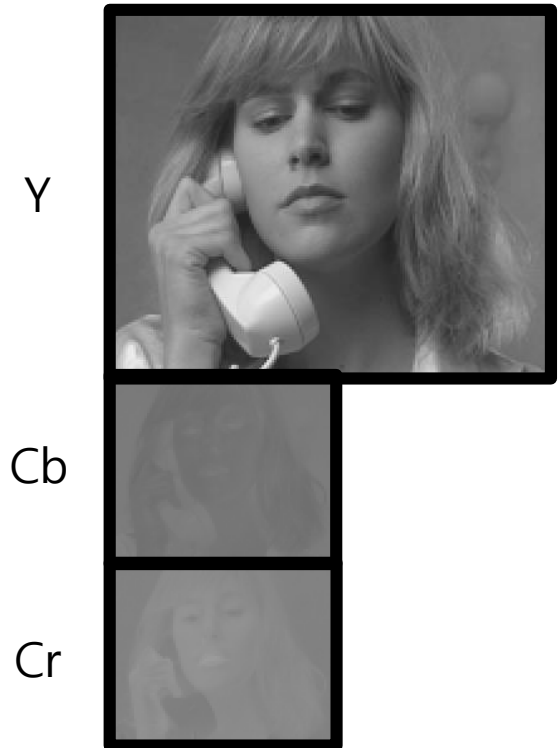


# Subsampling

- 4:2:0 color component



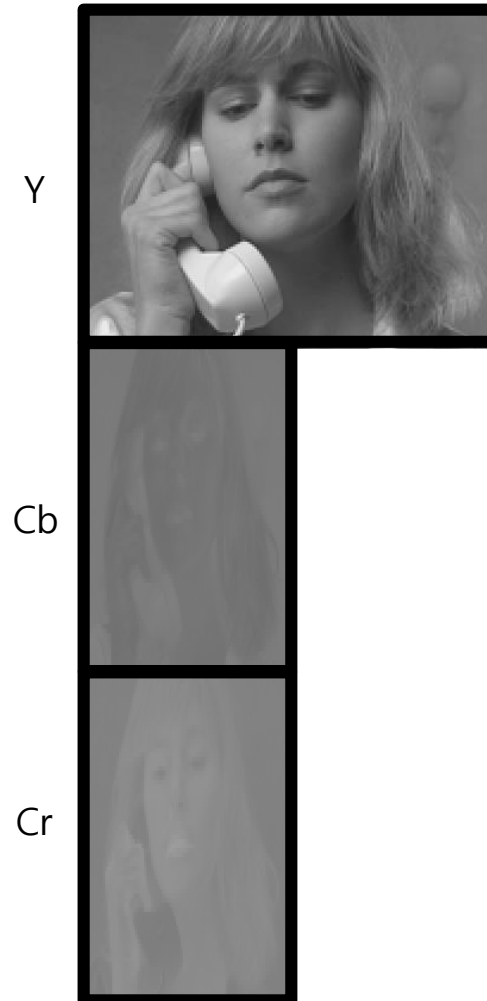
4 : 2 : 0



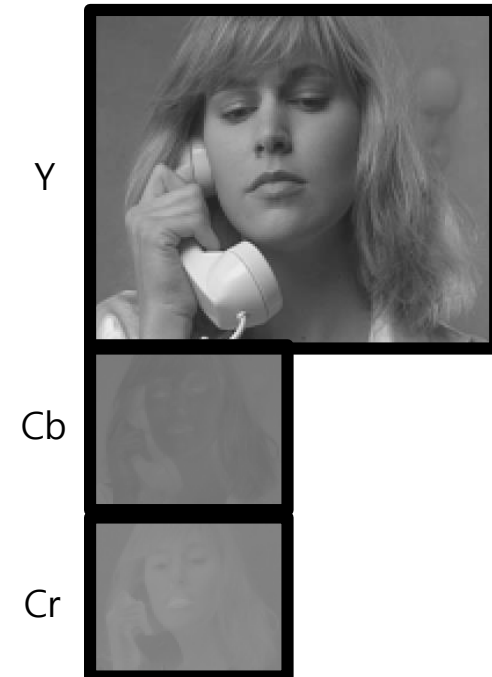
# Subsampling



4 : 4 : 4



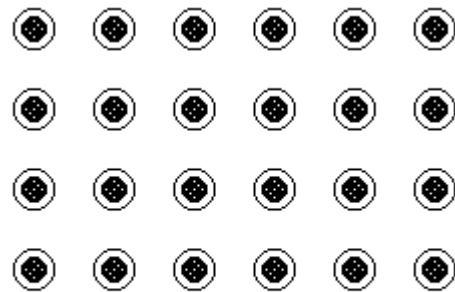
4 : 2 : 2



4 : 2 : 0

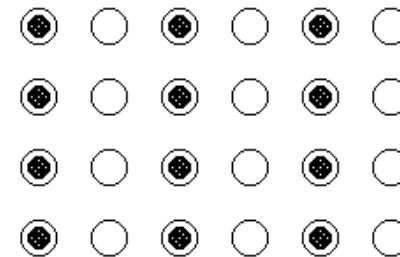
# Subsampling

## ■ Subsampling Method

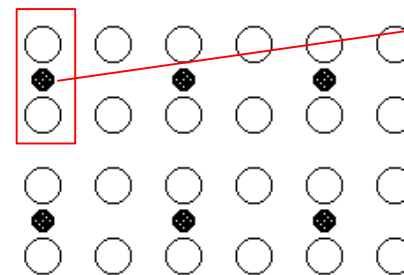


4:4:4

Subsampling



4:2:2



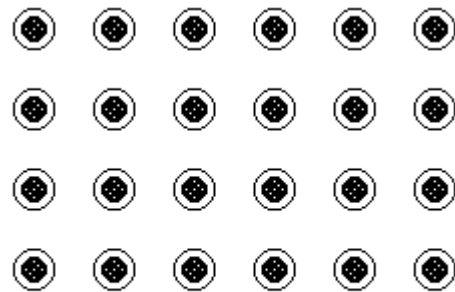
4:2:0

Average

- -- Pixel with only Y value
- -- Pixel with only Cr and Cb values
- ⊙ -- Pixel with Y, Cr and Cb values

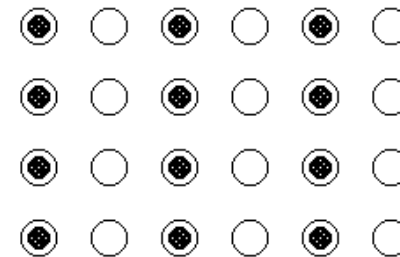
# Subsampling

## ■ Simple upsampling method

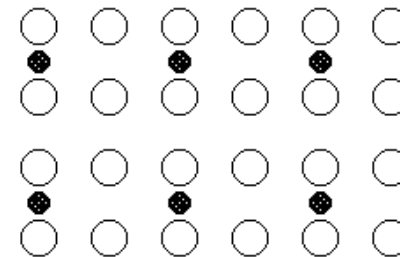


4:4:4

Copy the neighboring pixel



4:2:2



4:2:0

- -- Pixel with only Y value
- -- Pixel with only Cr and Cb values
- ⊙ -- Pixel with Y, Cr and Cb values

# Example Code

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>           // header file
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>

//Parameter
#define WIDTH 352           // CIF frame size
#define HEIGHT 288

#define Clip(x) ( x < 0 ? 0 : ( x > 255 ? 255 : x))

typedef unsigned char BYTE;

BYTE** MemAlloc_2D(int width, int height);           // 2D memory allocation
void MemFree_2D(BYTE** arr, int height);             // 2D memory free

int Read_Frame(FILE *fp_in, BYTE** img_in, int width, int height);           // 1 frame read from input file
void Write_Frame(FILE *fp_out, BYTE** img_in, int width, int height);         // 1 frame write on output file
void RGB_to_YUV(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_out, int height, int width);        // Image color conversion RGB444 to YUV444
void YUV_to_RGB(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_out, int width, int height);        // Image color conversion YUV444 to RGB444

void YUV444_to_420(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_Y, BYTE** img_U420, BYTE** img_V420, int width, int height); // Chroma sampling 4:4:4 -> 4:2:0
void YUV420_to_444(BYTE** img_Y, BYTE** img_U420, BYTE** img_V420, BYTE** img_out, int width, int height); // Chroma sampling 4:2:0 -> 4:4:4
void YUV444_to_422(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_Y, BYTE** img_U422, BYTE** img_V422, int width, int height); // Chroma sampling 4:4:4 -> 4:2:2
void YUV422_to_444(BYTE** img_Y, BYTE** img_U422, BYTE** img_V422, BYTE** img_out, int width, int height); // Chroma sampling 4:2:2 -> 4:4:4

int main()
{
    FILE *fp_in = fopen("Suzie_CIF_150_30.rgb", "rb"); //in RGB file
    FILE *fp_out0 = fopen("[YUV444]Suzie_CIF_150_30.yuv", "wb"); //out yuv 444 file
    FILE *fp_out1 = fopen("[YUV420]Suzie_CIF_150_30.yuv", "wb"); //out yuv 420 file
    FILE *fp_out2 = fopen("[YUV422]Suzie_CIF_150_30.yuv", "wb"); //out yuv 422 file
    FILE *fp_out3 = fopen("[Recon_420]Suzie_CIF_150_30.rgb", "wb"); //recon RGB file
    FILE *fp_out4 = fopen("[Recon_422]Suzie_CIF_150_30.rgb", "wb"); //recon RGB file

    BYTE **img_YUV444, **img_RGB; // in : RGB444 out : YUV444, YUV420, YUV422, recon RGB
    BYTE **img_Y, **img_U420, **img_V420; // 420 memory pointer
    BYTE **img_U422, **img_V422; // 422 memory pointer

    int size = 1; // loop condition

    img_YUV444 = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH, HEIGHT * 3); // YUV 444 memory
    img_RGB = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH, HEIGHT * 3); // RGB memory

    // YUV 420 memory
    img_Y = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH, HEIGHT);
    img_U420 = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH>>1, HEIGHT>>1);
    img_V420 = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH>>1, HEIGHT>>1);

    // YUV 422 memory
    img_U422 = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH >> 1, HEIGHT);
    img_V422 = MemAlloc_2D(WIDTH >> 1, HEIGHT);

```

# Example Code

```

while (size = Read_Frame(fp_in, img_RGB, WIDTH, HEIGHT * 3)) //Loop RGB444 -> YUV444 -> YUV420 -> YUV444 -> RGB444
{
    RGB_to_YUV(img_RGB, img_YUV444, WIDTH, HEIGHT);           //Color conversion
    Write_Frame(fp_out0, img_YUV444, WIDTH, HEIGHT * 3);      //YUV444

    //Chroma subsampling 420 & 422
    YUV444_to_420(img_YUV444, img_Y, img_U420, img_V420, WIDTH, HEIGHT);
    YUV444_to_422(img_YUV444, img_Y, img_U422, img_V422, WIDTH, HEIGHT);

    //YUV420 Write
    Write_Frame(fp_out1, img_Y, WIDTH, HEIGHT);               // Y
    Write_Frame(fp_out1, img_U420, WIDTH >> 1, HEIGHT >> 1);  // U420
    Write_Frame(fp_out1, img_V420, WIDTH >> 1, HEIGHT >> 1);  // V420

    //YUV422 Write
    Write_Frame(fp_out2, img_Y, WIDTH, HEIGHT);               // Y
    Write_Frame(fp_out2, img_U422, WIDTH >> 1, HEIGHT);        // U422
    Write_Frame(fp_out2, img_V422, WIDTH >> 1, HEIGHT);        // V422

    YUV420_to_444(img_Y, img_U420, img_V420, img_YUV444, WIDTH, HEIGHT); // YUV 420 -> 444
    YUV_to_RGB(img_YUV444, img_RGB, WIDTH, HEIGHT);
    Write_Frame(fp_out3, img_RGB, WIDTH, HEIGHT * 3);          // 420 -> 444 -> recon RGB444

    YUV422_to_444(img_Y, img_U422, img_V422, img_YUV444, WIDTH, HEIGHT); // YUV 422 -> 444
    YUV_to_RGB(img_YUV444, img_RGB, WIDTH, HEIGHT);            //Color conversion
    Write_Frame(fp_out4, img_RGB, WIDTH, HEIGHT * 3);          // 422 -> 444 -> recon RGB444
}

// mem free
MemFree_2D(img_YUV444, HEIGHT * 3);
MemFree_2D(img_RGB, HEIGHT * 3);

MemFree_2D(img_Y, HEIGHT);
MemFree_2D(img_U420, HEIGHT>>1);
MemFree_2D(img_V420, HEIGHT>>1);

MemFree_2D(img_U422, HEIGHT);
MemFree_2D(img_V422, HEIGHT);

fcloseall();          //file close

return 0;
}

```

# Example Code

```

BYTE** MemAlloc_2D(int width, int height)           // 2D memory allocation
{
    BYTE** arr;
    int i;

    arr = (BYTE**)malloc(sizeof(BYTE*) * height);
    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        arr[i] = (BYTE*)malloc(sizeof(BYTE) * width);

    return arr;
}

void MemFree_2D(BYTE** arr, int height)              // 2D memory free
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < height; i++){
        free(arr[i]);
    }
    free(arr);
}

// 1 frame read from input file
int Read_Frame(FILE *fp_in, BYTE** img_in, int width, int height)
{
    int i, size = 0;

    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        size += fread(img_in[i], sizeof(BYTE), width, fp_in); // accumulate the reading size

    return size;
}

// 1 frame write on output file
void Write_Frame(FILE* fp_out, BYTE** img_in, int width, int height)
{
    int i;

    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        fwrite(img_in[i], sizeof(BYTE), width, fp_out); // write on the output file
}

```

# Example Code

```
void RGB_to_YUV(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_out, int width, int height)
```

```
{
    int i, j;
    int w[9] = { 66, 129, 25, -38, -74, 112, 112, -94, -18 }; // weight
    int temp[3] = { 0, };

    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < width; j++)
        {
            temp[0] = w[0] * img_in[i][j] + w[1] * img_in[i + height][j] + w[2] * img_in[i + height * 2][j] + 128;
            temp[1] = w[3] * img_in[i][j] + w[4] * img_in[i + height][j] + w[5] * img_in[i + 2 * height][j] + 128;
            temp[2] = w[6] * img_in[i][j] + w[7] * img_in[i + height][j] + w[8] * img_in[i + 2 * height][j] + 128;

            img_out[i][j] = (BYTE)(temp[0] >> 8) + 16;
            img_out[i + height][j] = (BYTE)(temp[1] >> 8) + 128;
            img_out[i + 2 * height][j] = (BYTE)(temp[2] >> 8) + 128;
        }
}
```

```
void YUV_to_RGB(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_out, int width, int height)
```

```
{
    int i, j;
    int w[5] = { 298, 409, -100, -208, 516 }; // weight
    int temp[3] = { 0, };

    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        for (j = 0; j < width; j++)
        {
            temp[0] = w[0] * (img_in[i][j] - 16) + w[1] * (img_in[i + height * 2][j] - 128) + 128;
            temp[1] = w[0] * (img_in[i][j] - 16) + w[2] * (img_in[i + height][j] - 128) + w[3] * (img_in[i + 2 * height][j] - 128) + 128;
            temp[2] = w[0] * (img_in[i][j] - 16) + w[4] * (img_in[i + height][j] - 128) + 128;

            img_out[i][j] = (BYTE)Clip((temp[0] >> 8));
            img_out[i + height][j] = (BYTE)Clip((temp[1] >> 8));
            img_out[i + 2 * height][j] = (BYTE)Clip((temp[2] >> 8));
        }
}
```



# Example Code

```
// YUV 444 -> YUV 420
void YUV444_to_420(BYTE** img_in, BYTE** img_Y, BYTE** img_U420, BYTE** img_V420, int width, int height)
{
    int i, j;    // Loop index

    // Y component copy
    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        memcpy(img_Y[i], img_in[i], sizeof(BYTE)* width);

    //chroma sub sampling
    for (i = 0; i < height; i+=2)
    for (j = 0; j < width ; j+=2)
    {
        img_U420[i >> 1][j >> 1] = (BYTE)((img_in[i + height    ][j] + img_in[i + height + 1    ][j]) / 2);           // Cb calculate
        img_V420[i >> 1][j >> 1] = (BYTE)((img_in[i + height * 2][j] + img_in[i + height * 2 + 1][j]) / 2);           // Cr calculate
    }
}

// YUV 420 -> YUV 444
void YUV420_to_444(BYTE** img_Y, BYTE** img_U420, BYTE** img_V420, BYTE** img_out, int width, int height)
{
    int i, j, m, n;

    // Y component copy
    for (i = 0; i < height; i++)
        memcpy(img_out[i], img_Y[i], sizeof(BYTE)* width);

    //chroma recon
    for (i = 0; i < height    ; i +=2)
    for (j = 0; j < width    ; j +=2)
    {
        for (m = 0; m < 2; m++)
        for (n = 0; n < 2; n++)
        {
            img_out[i + m + height    ][j + n] = img_U420[i >> 1][j >> 1];           // Cb copy interpolation
            img_out[i + m + height * 2][j + n] = img_V420[i >> 1][j >> 1];           // Cr copy interpolation
        }
    }
}
```

# Assignments

---

## ■ Assignment1

- Example code를 참고하여 RGB영상 변환 및 관련 내용 학습
  - RGB to YUV 444
  - RGB to YUV 422
  - RGB to YUV 420

## ■ Assignment2

- YUV 영상을 입력으로 받는 MFC 기반 YUV 플레이어 구현
  - 다양한 subsampling을 지원하는 YUV 플레이어 구현
    - RGB
    - YUV444
    - YUV422
    - YUV420

# END OF PRESENTATION

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Q&A