windows中mongodb安装配置及说明

windows中mongodb安装配置及说明

下载

安装

配置环境变量

创建数据库文件的存放位置

启动MongoDB服务

配置本地windows mongodb 服务

常用命令

可视化工具Robomongo安装使用

下载

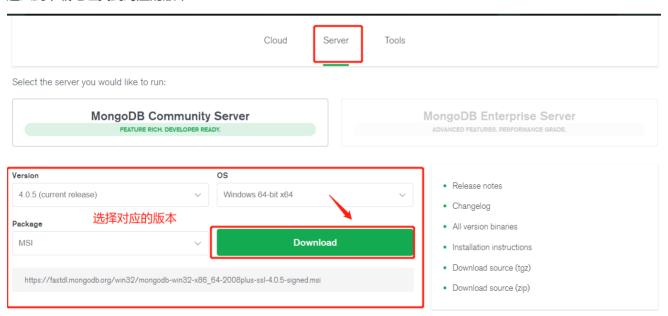
安装

使用连接

下载

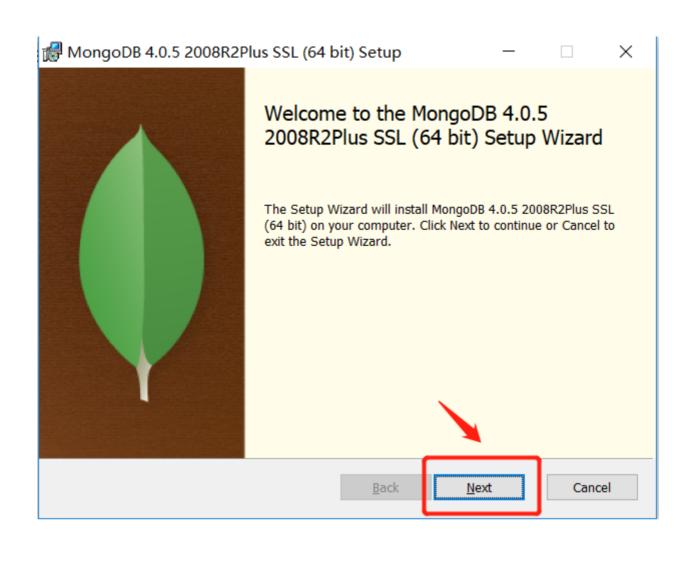
下载地址

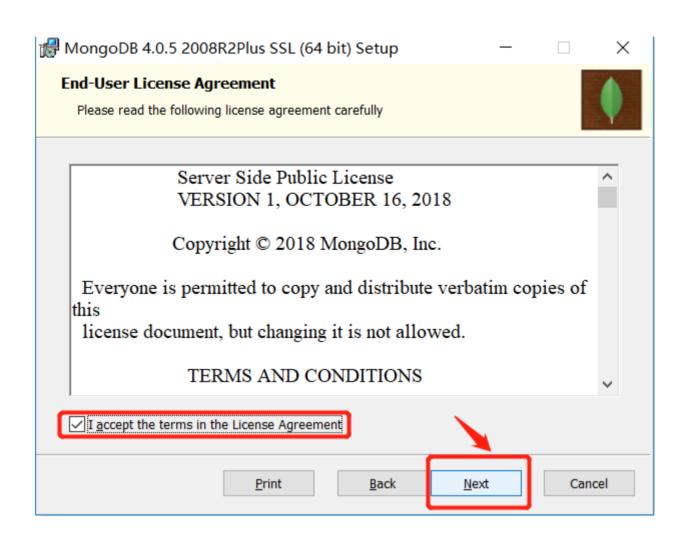
进入到下载地址找到对应的版本

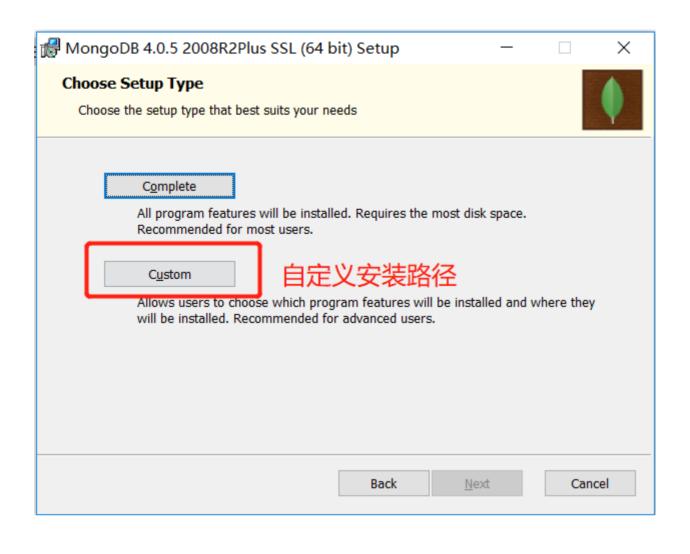


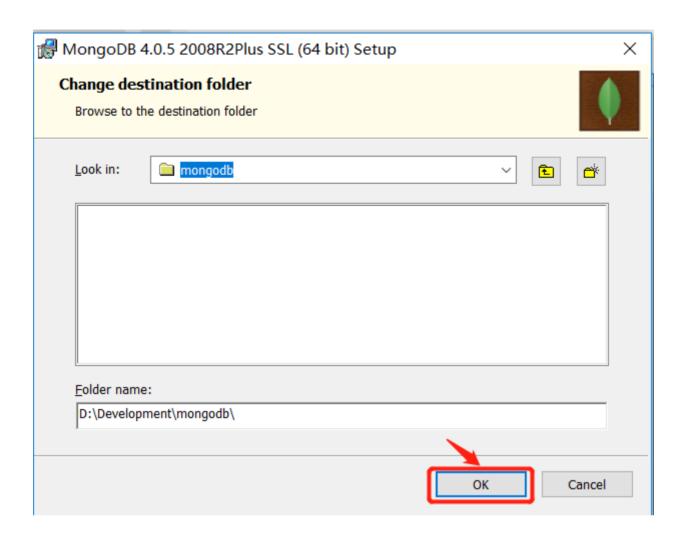
安装

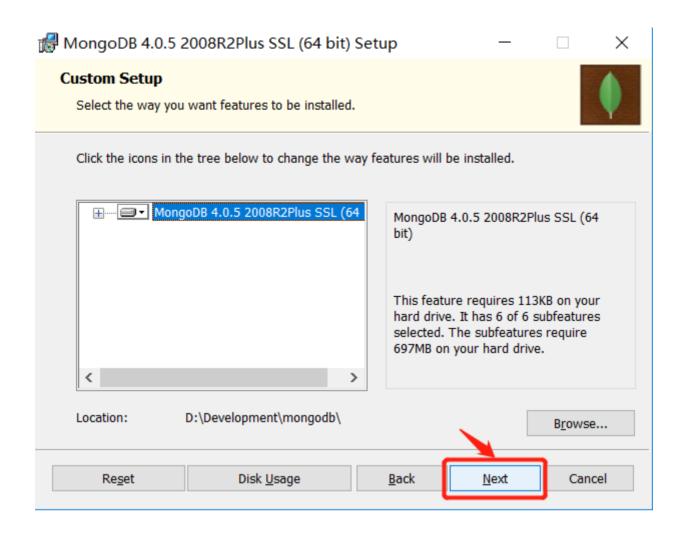
打开安装文件

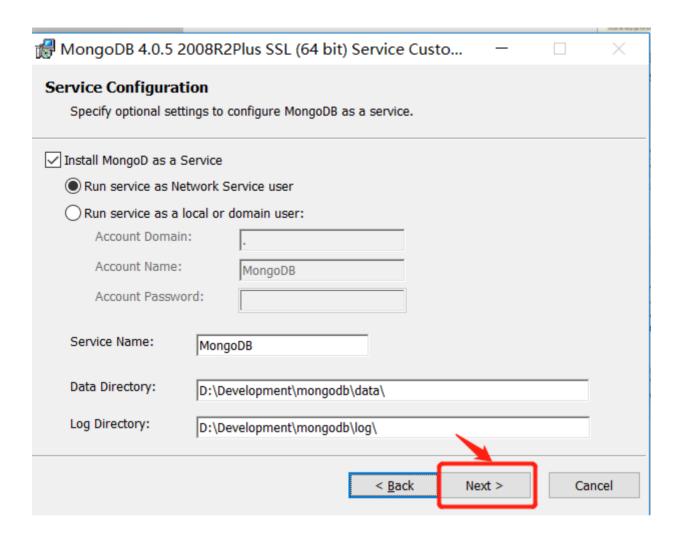


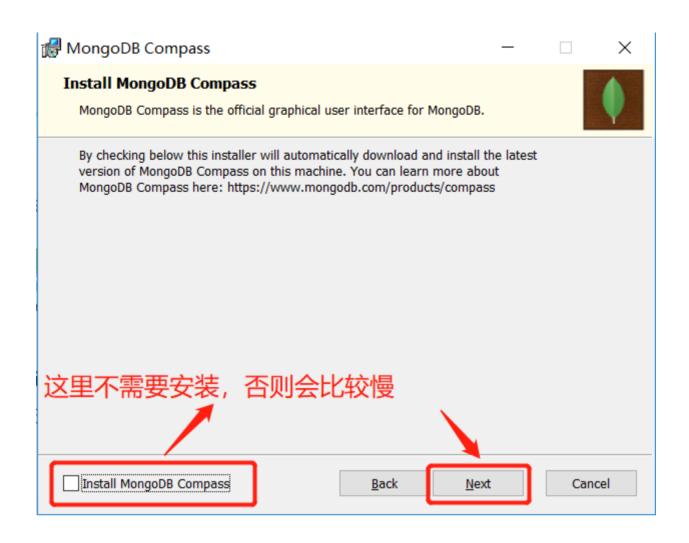


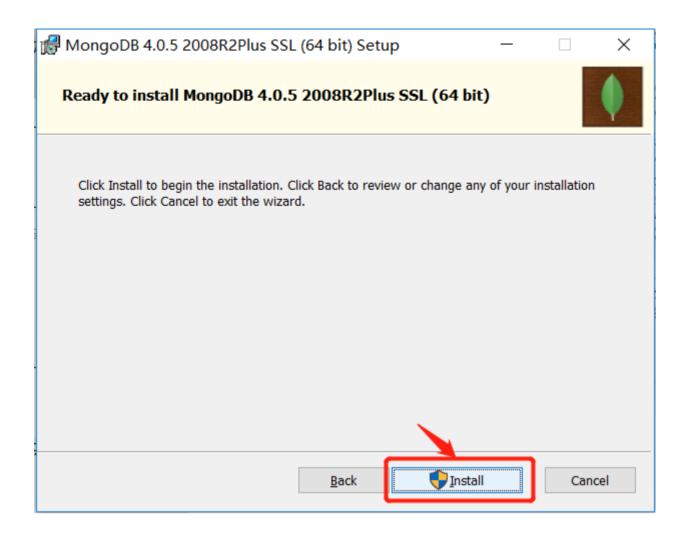


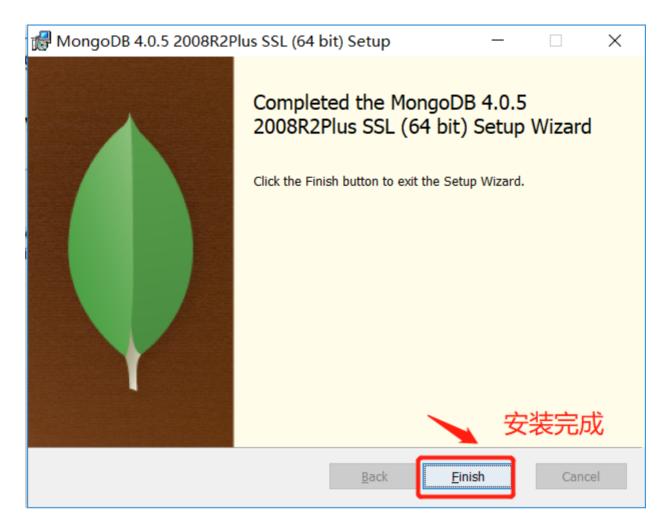












配置环境变量

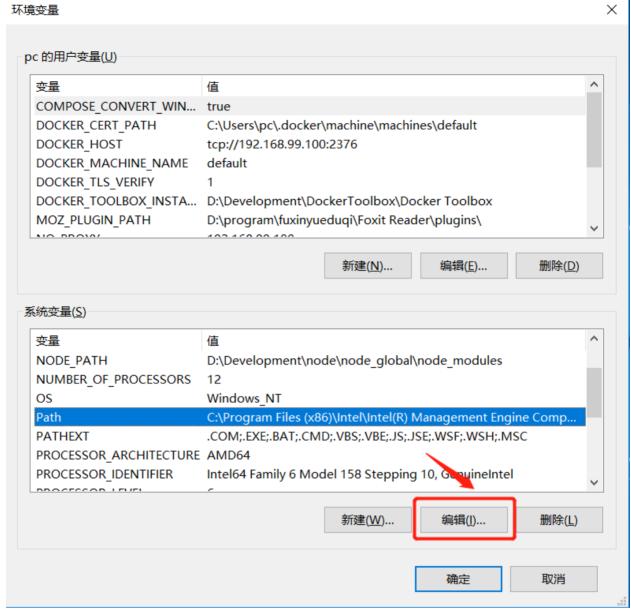
当MongoDB安装完后,需要配置环境变量

1. 鼠标右键选择"计算机""属性",会弹出一个框,点击"高级系统设置",会弹出一个系统属性,找到环境变量

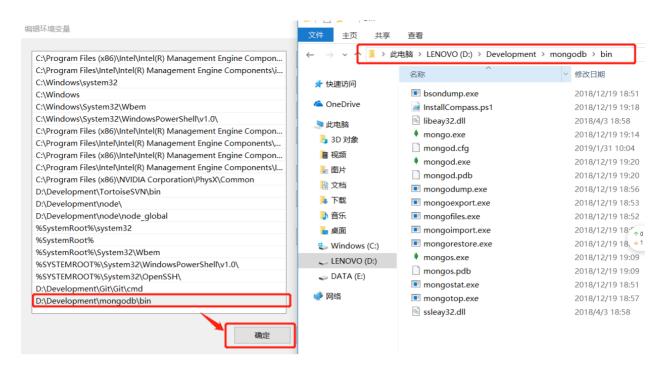
系统属性



2. 在找到系统变量里面的path这个,点击编辑



3. 找到自己安装的目录,一定要进入bin这个目录里面,把这个目录拷贝到变量值里面,如果win7的话后面要加一个";",然后点击确定,这样环境变量就已经配置好了



创建数据库文件的存放位置

你data的目录下,创建一个db文件 G:\mongodb\data\db

因为启动mongodb服务之前需要必须创建数据库文件的存放文件夹,否则命令不会自动创建,而且不能启动成功

启动MongoDB服务

- 1. 打开cmd命令用Windows+R键打开,输入cmd
- 2. 进入D盘, 然后cd到安装的目录, D:\Development\mongodb\bin;(或者在当前目录下打开cmd)
- 3. 输入如下命令启动MongoDB,mongod --dbpath D:\Development\mongodb\data, 这个是你安装的目录, 然后回车

```
C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      Windows
 (c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。
D:\Development\mongodb\bin>mongod --dbpath D:\Development\mongodb\data
 2019-01-30123:17:25.201-0700 1 CONTROL [main] Automatically disabling TLS 1.0, to force-enable TLS 1.0 specify --sslDisabledProtocols 'none'
 2019-01-30T23:17:25.203-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] MongoDB starting : pid=4212 port=27017 dbpath=D:\Development\mongodb\data 64-bit host=LAPTOP-GAHBV025
2019-01-30T23:17:25.203-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] targetMinOS: Windows 7/Windows Server 2008 R2
 2019-01-30T23:17:25. 203-0700
2019-01-30T23:17:25. 203-0700
                                                                                                                                  db version v4.0.5
git version: 3739429dd92b92d1b0ab120911a23d50bf03c412
allocator: tcmalloc
                                                                    I CONTROL
                                                                                                initandlisten]
 2019-01-30T23:17:25.203-0700
2019-01-30T23:17:25.203-0700
                                                                       CONTROL
CONTROL
                                                                                               initandlisten
initandlisten
                                       25. 203-0700
25. 203-0700
                                                                                                initandlisten
                                                                        CONTROL
                                                                                                                                    modules: none
                                                                                                                                  build environment:
distmod: 2008plus-ssl
distarch: x86_64
 2019-01-30T23
                                                                       CONTROL
                                                                                               [initandlisten]
 2019-01-30123:17:25. 204-0700
2019-01-30123:17:25. 204-0700
2019-01-30123:17:25. 204-0700
                                                                                               [initandlisten
[initandlisten
[initandlisten
                                                                    I CONTROL I CONTROL
 2019-01-30123:17:25.204-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] distarch: x86_64
2019-01-30723:17:25.204-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] target_arch: x86_64
2019-01-30723:17:25.204-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] options: { storage: { dbPath: "D:\Development\mongodb\data" } }
2019-01-30723:17:25.205-0700 I STORAGE [initandlisten] exception in initAndListen: DBPathInUse: Unable to create/open to lock file: D:\Development\mongodb\data\mongod.lock (另一个程序正在使用此文件, 进程无法访问。). Ensure the user executing mongod is the owner of the lock file and has the appropriate permissions. Also make sure that another mongod instance.
ing mongod is the owner of the lock life and has the appropriate permissions. Also make sure that and e is not already running on the D:\Development\mongodb\data directory, terminating 2019-01-30T23:17:25.205-0700 I NETWORK [initandlisten] shutdown: going to close listening sockets... 2019-01-30T23:17:25.205-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] now exiting 2019-01-30T23:17:25.205-0700 I CONTROL [initandlisten] shutting down with code:100
```

4. 在浏览器输入http://localhost:27017 (27017是mongodb的端口号),如果在浏览器中出现下面一段英文说明成功了

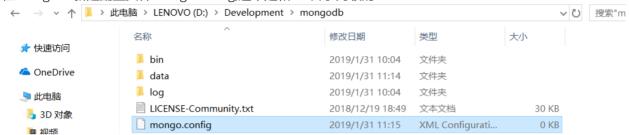


It looks like you are trying to access MongoDB over HTTP on the native driver port.

配置本地windows mongodb 服务

这样可设置为 开机自启动,可直接手动启动关闭,可通过命令行net start MongoDB 启动。该配置会大大方便。 也不要在进入bin的目录下启动了

- 1. 先在data文件下创建一个新文件夹log (用来存放日志文件)
- 2. 在mongodb新建配置文件mongo.config,这个是和bin目录同级的 ss



3. 用记事本打开mongo.config , 并输入下面两个命令 , 然后保存

dbpath=D:\Development\mongodb\data
logpath=D:\Development\mongodb\log\mongod.log

4. 用管理员身份打开cmd,左上角会出现管理员三个字,然后一次进入你的bin的目录下 D:\Development\mongodb\bin,这个一定要有管理员的身份去打开,否则执行下面命令会一直报错



"D:\Development\mongodb\log\mongod.log" -install -serviceName "MongoDB" , MongoDB就是启动的名字

```
Microsoft Windows [版本 10.0.17134.523]
(c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation。保留所有权利。

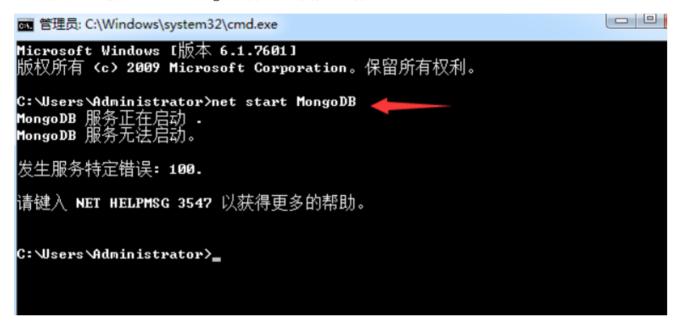
D:\Development\mongodb\bin>mongod -dbpath "D:\Development\mongodb\data" -logpath "D:\Development\mongodb\log\mongod .log" -install -serviceName "MongoDB"
2019-01-31T14:22:12.601+0800 I CONTROL [main] log file "D:\Development\mongodb\log\mongod.log" exists; moved to "D:\Development\mongodb\log\mongod.log" exists; moved to "D:\Development\mongodb\log\mongod.log.2019-01-31T06-22-12".
```

如果输入命令出现错误的话,先删除服务sc delete MongoDB,再次输入上个命令就好了

5. 这样的话,mongodb服务Windows已经配置好了,我们可以不用进入bin的目录下启动MongoDB了

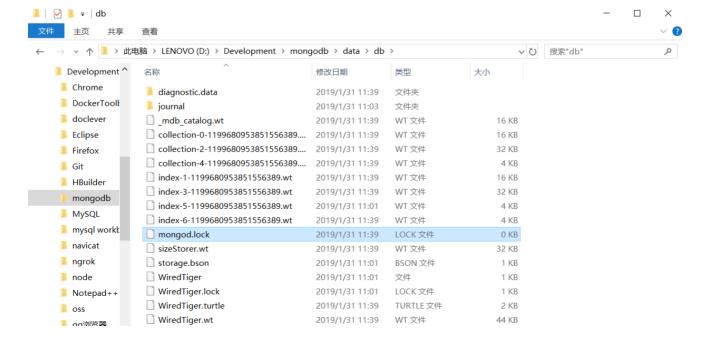


如果当我们通过输入net start MongoDB启动的时候报这个错误

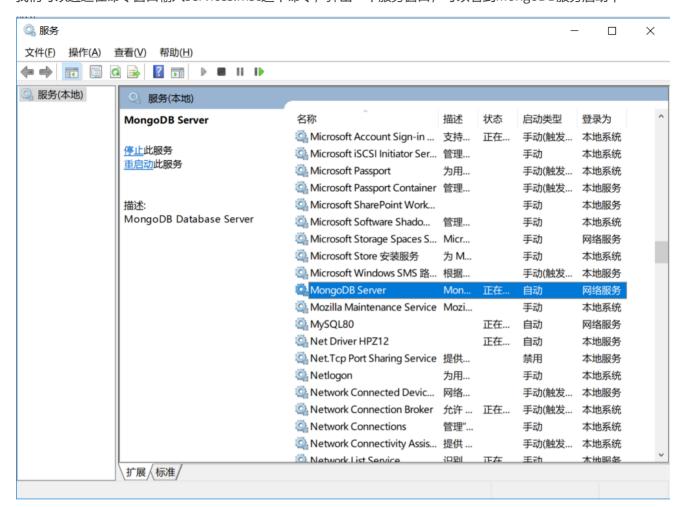


解决方法

在mongodb>data>db找到这个目录,删除mongod.lock这个文件,



删除这个文件之后,再次运行 net start MongoDB这个命令,服务已经能启动了,说明MongoDB已经配置好了 我们可以通过在命令窗口输入services.msc这个命令,弹出一个服务窗口,可以看到MongoDB服务启动中



常用命令

net start MongoDB 开启服务

net stop MongoDB 关闭服务

• 建立一个数据表

完成以上的配置我们就可以自己搭建一个数据库了,只要按照上面的步骤一步一步的来,就会成功,小编也是踩了很多的坑,总结出来的,

建立数据库的常用命令,这几个命令一定要记住

在bin的目录下,输入 mongo 启动,开始写入数据内容

show dbs 显示当前所有的数据,可以看到,当前没有数据内容



use students 创建数据库名字, students就是数据库名字

```
> use students
switched to db students
>
```

db 显示当前数据库

> db students

show collections 显示数据库中所有的集合

db.<collection>.insert(doc) 往数据库插入文档

db.students.insert({id:"001",name:"JIM",age:"18"});这个就是我们插入的数据

```
> db.students.insert({id:"001",name:"JIM",age:"18"})
WriteResult({ "nInserted" : 1 })
```

db.students.find()通过数据这个命令,往students这个数据库查询当前集合中所有的文档,也可以条件查询

```
> db.students.find()
{ "_id" : ObjectId("5c5289bb6834add49d073102"), "id" : "001", "name" : "JIM", "age" : "18" }
> _
```

可视化工具Robomongo安装使用

下载

下载地址

下载Studio 3T for MongoDB

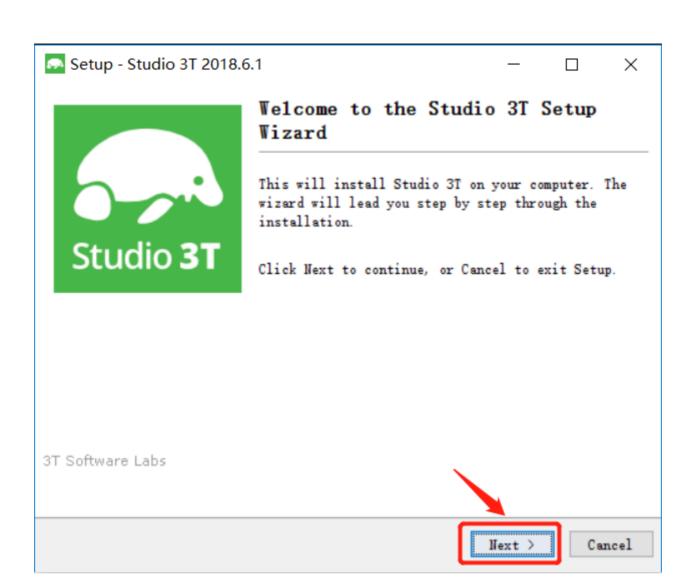
无论你是新来的NoSQL或MongoDB的亲,更有效率使用Studio 3T功能,如丰富的查询自动完成,编写SQL查询的MongoDB,自动代码生成的能力,以及更多。







安装





License Agreement

Please read the following important information before continuing.



Please read the following License Agreement. You must accept the terms of this agreement before continuing with the installation.

3T Software Labs EULA

Any use of the Software (as defined below) is subject to the terms of this licence agreement ("Agreement"). Please read the full Agreement carefully.

You confirm that you accept and agree to be legally bound by all terms

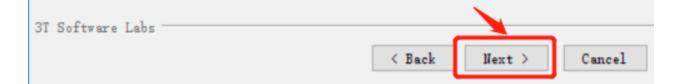
I accept the agreement

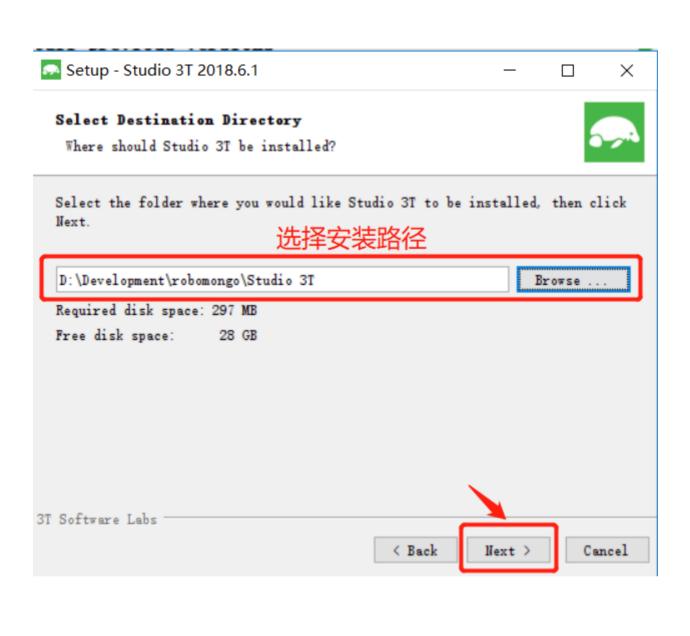
I do not accept the agreement

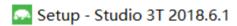
Software Labs

Cancel











Completing the Studio 3T Setup Wizard

Setup has finished installing Studio 3T on your computer. The application may be launched by selecting the installed icons.

Click Finish to exit Setup.

☑ Run Studio 3T

✓ Create a desktop icon

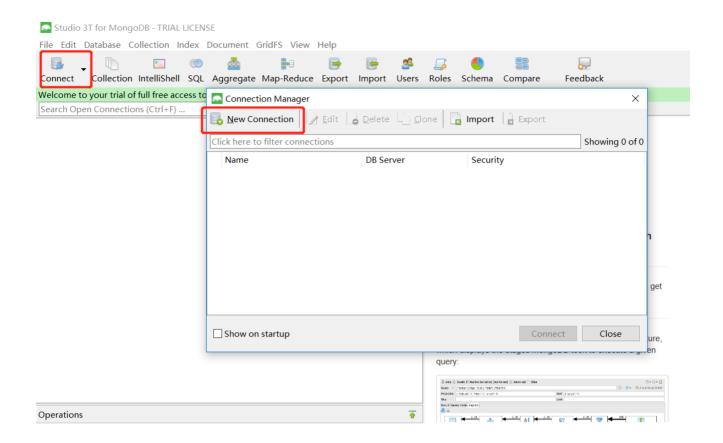
3T Software Labs

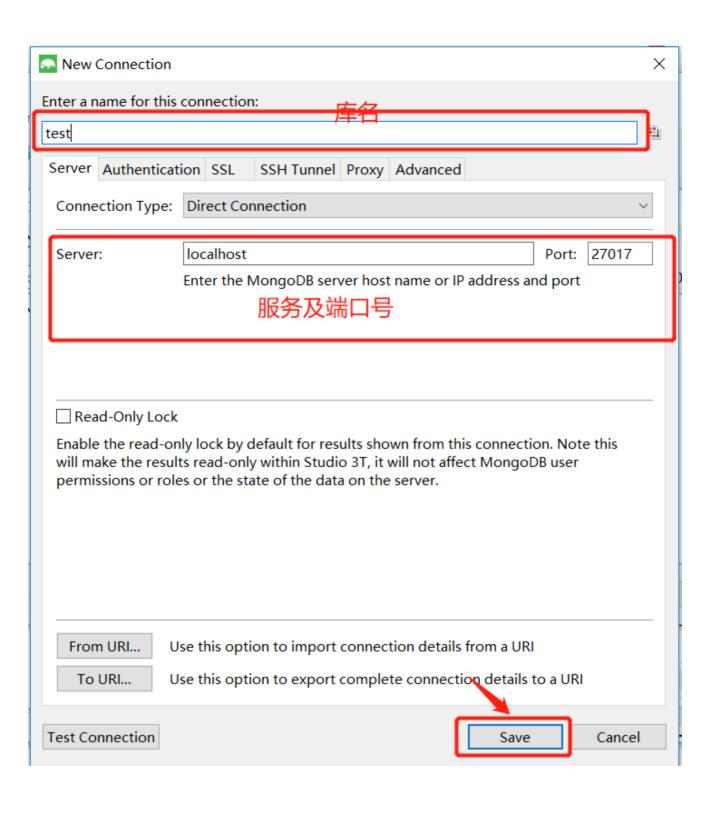


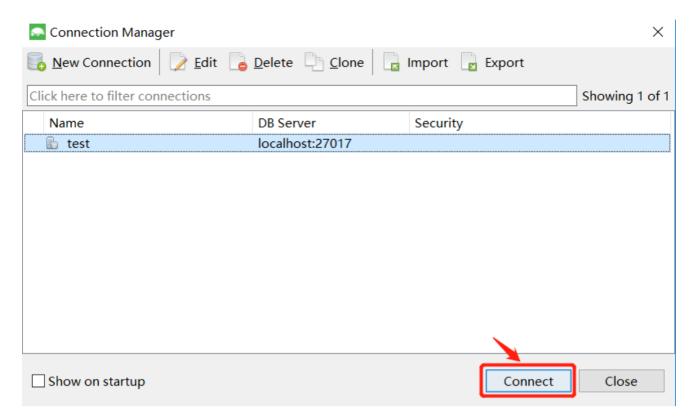
X

使用连接

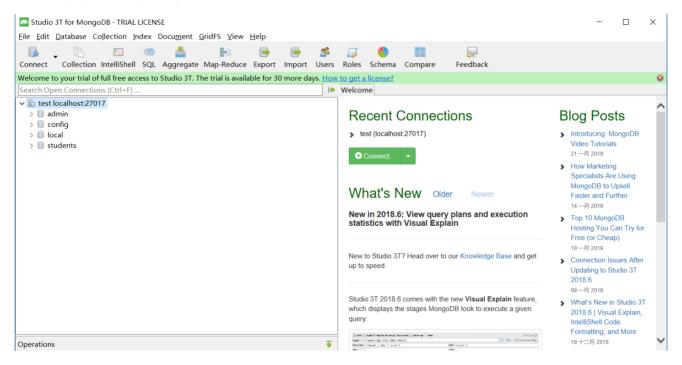
1. 新建库







创建完成后即可看到新建的库



下面就可以通过可视化工具进行对应的数据操作了