primesieve-pas

I. Kakoulidis

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Chapter 1

Unit primesieve

1.1 Description

Pascal bindings for primesieve library. primesieve - library for fast prime number generation. Copyright (C) 2010 - 2021 Kim Walisch, <kim.walisch@gmail.com> https://github.com/kimwalisch/primesieve primesieve-pas - FPC/Delphi API for primesieve library. Copyright (C) 2020 - 2021 I. Kakoulidis, <ioulianos.kakoulidis@hotmail.com> https://github.com/JulStrat/primesieve-pas
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1.2 Overview

primesieve_iterator Record

tuplets_iterator Record

primesieve_generate_primes

primesieve_generate_n_primes

primesieve_nth_prime

primesieve_count_primes

primesieve_count_twins

primesieve_count_triplets

primesieve_count_quadruplets

primesieve_count_quintuplets

primesieve_count_sextuplets

 ${\tt primesieve_print_primes}$ primesieve_print_twins primesieve_print_triplets ${\tt primesieve_print_quadruplets}$ ${\tt primesieve_print_quintuplets}$ primesieve_print_sextuplets ${\tt primesieve_get_max_stop}$ primesieve_get_sieve_size primesieve_get_num_threads primesieve_set_sieve_size primesieve_set_num_threads ${\tt primesieve_free}$ primesieve_version ${\tt primesieve_init}$ ${\tt primesieve_free_iterator}$ ${\tt primesieve_skipto}$ primesieve_next_prime ${\tt primesieve_prev_prime}$ $tuplets_init$ $tuplets_free$ ${\tt tuplets_skipto}$ $tuplets_next_twin$ tuplets_next_triplet ${\tt tuplets_next_quadruplet}$ ${\tt tuplets_next_quintuplet}$ ${\tt tuplets_next_sextuplet}$

1.3 Classes, Interfaces, Objects and Records

primesieve_iterator Record _____

Description

primesieve_iterator(1.3) allows to easily iterate over primes both forwards and backwards. Generating the first prime has a complexity of $O(r \log \log r)$ operations with $r = n^0.5$, after that any additional prime is generated in amortized $O(\log n \log \log n)$ operations. The memory usage is about $PrimePi(n^0.5) * 8$ bytes.

The $primesieve_iterator.pas$ example shows how to use $primesieve_iterator(1.3)$. If any error occurs $primesieve_next_prime(1.4)$ and $primesieve_prev_prime(1.4)$ return $_PRIMESIEVE_ERROR(1.6)$. Furthermore $primesieve_iterator.is_error$ is initialized to θ and set to θ if any error occurs.

tuplets_iterator Record _____

Description

tuplets_iterator(1.3) allows to iterate over prime tuplets. Functions tuplets_next_twin, tuplets_next_triplet, ..., tuplets_next_sextuplet can be called in any order. Each successful call to tuplets_next_* stores prime tuplet sequence into array tuplets_iterator.tail and returns last element of tuplet.

The $printlets_it.pas$ example shows how to use tuplets_iterator(1.3). If any error occurs tuplets_next_* functions return _PRIMESIEVE_ERROR(1.6). Furthermore $tuplets_iterator.iterator.is_error$ is initialized to θ and set to 1 if any error occurs.

1.4 Functions and Procedures

primesieve_generate_primes _____

 ${\bf Declaration\ function\ primesieve_generate_primes(\ start,\ stop:\ UInt64;\ var\ size:}$

NativeUInt; ptype: Integer): Pointer; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_generate_primes';

Description Get an array with the primes inside the interval [start, stop].

Parameters size The size of the returned primes array.

ptype The type of the primes to generate, e.g. INT_PRIMES32.

primesieve_generate_n_primes __

Declaration function primesieve_generate_n_primes(n: UInt64; start: UInt64; ptype:

Integer): Pointer; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX +
'primesieve_generate_n_primes';

Description Get an array with the first $n \ primes >= start$.

Parameters ptype The type of the primes to generate, e.g. INT_PRIMES32.

primesieve_nth_prime _____

Declaration function primesieve_nth_prime(n: Int64; start: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_nth_prime';

Description Find the nth prime. By default all CPU cores are used, use primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4) to change the number of threads.

Note that each call to $primesieve_nth_prime(1.4)$ incurs an initialization overhead of O(sqrt(start)) even if n is tiny. Hence it is not a good idea to use $primesieve_nth_prime(1.4)$ repeatedly in a loop to get the next (or previous) prime. For this use case it is better to use a $primesieve_iterator(1.3)$ which needs to be initialized only once.

Parameters n if n = 0 finds the 1st prime >= start, if n > 0 finds the nth prime > start,

if n < 0 finds the *nth prime* < start (backwards).

primesieve_count_primes _

Declaration function primesieve_count_primes(start, stop: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_count_primes';

Description Count the primes within the interval [start, stop]. By default all CPU cores are used, use primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4) to change the number of threads.

Note that each call to $primesieve_count_primes(1.4)$ incurs an initialization overhead of O(sqrt(stop)) even if the interval [start, stop] is tiny. Hence if you have written an algorithm that makes many calls to $primesieve_count_primes(1.4)$ it may be preferable to use a $primesieve_iterator(1.3)$ which needs to be initialized only once.

primesieve_count_twins _

Declaration function primesieve_count_twins(start, stop: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_count_twins';

Description Count the twin primes within the interval [start, stop].

By default all CPU cores are used, use primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4) to change the number of threads.

primesieve_count_triplets _____

Declaration function primesieve_count_triplets(start, stop: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_count_triplets';

Description Count the prime triplets within the interval [start, stop].

By default all CPU cores are used, use $primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4)$ to change the number of threads.

primesieve_count_quadruplets _____ Declaration function primesieve_count_quadruplets(start, stop: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_count_quadruplets'; **Description** Count the prime quadruplets within the interval [start, stop]. By default all CPU cores are used, use primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4) to change the number of threads. primesieve_count_quintuplets _____ Declaration function primesieve_count_quintuplets(start, stop: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_count_quintuplets'; **Description** Count the prime quintuplets within the interval [start, stop]. By default all CPU cores are used, use primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4) to change the number of threads. primesieve_count_sextuplets _____ Declaration function primesieve_count_sextuplets(start, stop: UInt64): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_count_sextuplets'; **Description** Count the prime sextuplets within the interval [start, stop]. By default all CPU cores are used, use primesieve_set_num_threads(1.4) to change the number of threads. primesieve_print_primes ____ Declaration procedure primesieve_print_primes(start, stop: UInt64); cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_print_primes'; **Description** Print the primes within the interval [start, stop] to the standard output. primesieve_print_twins _____ Declaration procedure primesieve_print_twins(start, stop: UInt64); cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_print_twins'; **Description** Print the twin primes within the interval [start, stop] to the standard output. primesieve_print_triplets _____ Declaration procedure primesieve_print_triplets(start, stop: UInt64); cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_print_triplets';

Description Print the prime triplets within the interval [start, stop] to the standard output.

```
primesieve_print_quadruplets _____
Declaration procedure primesieve_print_quadruplets( start, stop: UInt64 ); cdecl;
            external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_print_quadruplets';
Description Print the prime quadruplets within the interval [start, stop] to the standard output.
primesieve_print_quintuplets __
Declaration procedure primesieve_print_quintuplets( start, stop: UInt64 ); cdecl;
            external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_print_quintuplets';
Description Print the prime quintuplets within the interval [start, stop] to the standard output.
primesieve_print_sextuplets __
Declaration procedure primesieve_print_sextuplets( start, stop: UInt64 ); cdecl;
            external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_print_sextuplets';
Description Print the prime sextuplets within the interval [start, stop] to the standard output.
primesieve_get_max_stop __
Declaration function primesieve_get_max_stop(): UInt64; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE
            name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_get_max_stop';
Description Returns the largest valid stop number for primesieve.
            2^64-1 (UINT64_MAX)
primesieve_get_sieve_size _____
Declaration function primesieve_get_sieve_size(): Integer; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE
            name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_get_sieve_size';
Description Get the current set sieve size in KiB.
primesieve_get_num_threads _____
Declaration function primesieve_get_num_threads(): Integer; cdecl; external
            LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_get_num_threads';
Description Get the current set number of threads.
primesieve_set_sieve_size _
Declaration procedure primesieve_set_sieve_size( sieve_size: Integer ); cdecl; external
            LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_set_sieve_size';
Description Set the sieve size in KiB (kibibyte). The best sieving performance is achieved with a sieve
            size of your CPU's L1 or L2 cache size (per core). sieve_size >= 16 and <= 4096
```

```
primesieve_set_num_threads _____
Declaration procedure primesieve_set_num_threads( num_threads: Integer ); cdecl; external
            LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_set_num_threads';
Description Set the number of threads for use in primesieve_count_*() and primesieve_nth_prime(1.4).
            By default all CPU cores are used.
primesieve_free ____
Declaration procedure primesieve_free( primes: Pointer ); cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE
            name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_free';
Description Deallocate a primes array created using the primesieve_generate_primes(1.4) or primesieve_generate_n_pr
            functions.
primesieve_version _
Declaration function primesieve_version(): PAnsiChar; cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE
            name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_version';
Description Get the primesieve version number, in the form "i.j"
primesieve_init _
Declaration procedure primesieve_init( var it: primesieve_iterator ); cdecl; external
            LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_init';
Description Initialize the primesieve iterator before first using it.
primesieve_free_iterator _____
Declaration procedure primesieve_free_iterator( var it: primesieve_iterator ); cdecl;
            external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX + 'primesieve_free_iterator';
Description Free all iterator memory.
primesieve_skipto _____
Declaration procedure primesieve_skipto( var it: primesieve_iterator; start, stop_hint:
            UInt64 ); cdecl; external LIB_PRIMESIEVE name LIB_FNPFX +
            'primesieve_skipto';
Description Reset the primesieve iterator to start.
Parameters start Generate primes > start (or < start)
            stop_hint Stop number optimization hint. E.g. if you want to generate the primes below
```

1000 use $stop_hint = 1000$, if you don't know use primesieve_get_max_stop(1.4)

```
primesieve_next_prime _____
Declaration function primesieve_next_prime( var it: primesieve_iterator ): UInt64;
            inline:
Description Get the next prime.
            Returns UINT64\_MAX if next prime prime > 2^64.
primesieve_prev_prime _____
Declaration function primesieve_prev_prime( var it: primesieve_iterator ): UInt64;
            inline;
Description Get the previous prime.
            primesieve_prev_prime(1.4) returns \theta for n \le 2. Note that primesieve_next_prime(1.4)
            runs up to 2x faster than primesieve_prev_prime(1.4). Hence if the same algorithm can
            be written using either primesieve_prev_prime(1.4) or primesieve_next_prime(1.4) it is
            preferable to use primesieve_next_prime(1.4).
tuplets_init ____
Declaration procedure tuplets_init( var it: tuplets_iterator );
Description Initialize the prime tuplets iterator before first using it.
tuplets_free _____
Declaration procedure tuplets_free( var it: tuplets_iterator );
Description Free all prime tuplets iterator memory.
tuplets_skipto _____
Declaration procedure tuplets_skipto( var it: tuplets_iterator; start: UInt64 );
Description Reset the prime tuplets iterator to start.
tuplets_next_twin _____
Declaration function tuplets_next_twin( var it: tuplets_iterator ): UInt64;
Description Get next sequence of two primes of the form (p, p+2)
tuplets_next_triplet _____
Declaration function tuplets_next_triplet( var it: tuplets_iterator ): UInt64;
Description Get next sequence of three primes of the form (p, p + 2, p + 6) or (p, p + 4, p + 6)
```

tuplets_ne	xt _quadruplet
Declaration	<pre>function tuplets_next_quadruplet(var it: tuplets_iterator): UInt64;</pre>
Description	Get next sequence of four primes of the form (p, p+2, p+6, p+8)
tuplets_ne	xt _quintuplet
Declaration	<pre>function tuplets_next_quintuplet(var it: tuplets_iterator): UInt64;</pre>
Description	Get next sequence of five primes of the form (p, p+2, p+6, p+8, p+12) or (p, p+4, p+6, p+10, p+12)
tuplets_ne	xt_sextuplet
Declaration	<pre>function tuplets_next_sextuplet(var it: tuplets_iterator): UInt64;</pre>
Description	Get next sequence of six primes of the form (p, p+4, p+6, p+10, p+12, p+16)
1.5 Typ	oes
PUInt64 _	
Declaration	PUInt64 = ^UInt64;
PInt64	
Declaration	PInt64 = ^Int64;
1.6 Con	nstants
_PRIMES	EVE_VERSION
Declaration	_PRIMESIEVE_VERSION = '7.7';
_PRIMES	EVE_VERSION_MAJOR
Declaration	_PRIMESIEVE_VERSION_MAJOR = 7;
_PRIMES	EVE_VERSION_MINOR
Declaration	_PRIMESIEVE_VERSION_MINOR = 7;
_PRIMES	EVE_PAS_VERSION
Declaration	_PRIMESIEVE_PAS_VERSION = '0.5.1';
Description	Pascal API version

PRIMESIEVE PAS_VERSION_MAJOR = 0; PRIMESIEVE PAS_VERSION_MINOR Declaration _PRIMESIEVE_PAS_VERSION_MINOR = 5; PRIMESIEVE PAS_VERSION_PATCH Declaration _PRIMESIEVE_PAS_VERSION_PATCH = 1; PRIMESIEVE ERROR Declaration _PRIMESIEVE_ERROR = not UInt64(0); Description primesieve functions return PRIMESIEVE_ERROR (UINT64_MAX) if any error occurs. INT16_PRIMES Declaration _INT16_PRIMES = 8; Description Generate primes of Int16 (c int16_t) type UINT16_PRIMES Declaration _UINT16_PRIMES = 9; Description Generate primes of UInt16 (c uint16_t) type

INT32_PRIMES ____

Declaration INT32_PRIMES = 10;

Description Generate primes of *Int32* (c int32_t) type

UINT32_PRIMES _

Declaration UINT32_PRIMES = 11;

Description Generate primes of *UInt32 (c uint32_t)* type

INT64_PRIMES _____

Declaration INT64_PRIMES = 12;

Description Generate primes of *Int64* (c int64_t) type

UINT64_PRIMES _____

Declaration UINT64_PRIMES = 13;

Description Generate primes of *UInt64* (c uint64_t) type