# JULIA INTERFACES TO STANDARD EPHEMERIS PLATFORMS

#### A PREPRINT

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#### **ABSTRACT**

Solar system ephemerides are available for free to researchers, students, and professionals inindustry through open source tools, and REST APIs, and web interfaces (Giorgini 2015). Users commonly parse this data programatically with dynamic programming languages, including Python and Julia. This document presents several Julia packages which can aid ephemeris users in sourcing and parsing data with replicatability. Rather than include solar system ephemeris files in source code distrbutions, ephemeris data sourcing can be accomplished directly incode. Three packages which interface to the JPL SPICE ephemeris platform are presented: SPICEApplications.jl, SPICEKernels.jl, and SPICEBodies.jl. In addition, two packages which interface with the JPL HORIZONS ephemeris platform are presented: HorizonsAPI.jl and HorizonsEphemeris.jl. All packages are described in-detail in their common documentation site: ephemeris.loopy.codes.

## 1 Introduction

Students and professionals in astronomy, astrodynamics, astrophysics, and other related fields often download and parse solar system ephemeris data from two major providers: Generic JPL SPICE Kernels, and JPL Horizons. SPICE Kernels are typically read through the SPICE Toolkit, which is available in a variety of programming languages, include the C Programming Language with CSPICE (Acton 1996). The Julia packages CSPICE\_jll.jl and SPICE.jl expose many CSPICE functions through Julia functions. Julia users can load and interact with SPICE kernels SPICE.furnsh and SPICE.spkez. Horizons data is available through a variety of methods, including email, command-line, graphical web interfaces, and a REST API.

This paper introduces several packages which allow users to download and process ephemeris data idomatically, all from within Julia. Through the use of these packages, users can share replicatable code which automatically fetches publicly available ephemeris data, as opposed to manually including ephemeris data files with their source code distribution.

# 2 Statement of Need

While ephemeris users have all of the tools they need to fetch and parse ephemeris data within Julia, they do not have the tools to do so *simply* or *idiomatically*. Section 2.1 and Section 2.2 present the research needs filled by each of the five packages introduced in this paper.

## 2.1 JPL HORIZONS

The two HORIZONS-related packages presented in this paper — HorizonsAPI.jl and HorizonsEphemeris.jl — are respectively the first Julia packages to precisely match the REST API with tab-completion through static keyword arguments, and the first to offer automatic response parsing into NamedTuple types. The NamedTuple output of HorizonsEphemeris.ephemeris, the top-level method for fetching Cartesian state vectors from the HORIZONS platform, allows for easy plotting, file-saving, and DataFrame construction. Both HorizonsAPI.jl and HorizonsEphemeris.jl offer users a simple, repeatable way to query and parse HORIZONS ephemeris data.

#### 2.2 JPL SPICE

The three SPICE-related packages presented in this paper — SPICEApplications.jl, SPICEKernels.jl, and SPICEBodies.jl — provide idiomatic kernel fetching, inspection, and caching from within Julia. While SPICE Toolkit executables were *bundled* in Julia through CSPICE\_jll, they have not been previously *exposed* through Julia functions. SPICEApplications.jl wraps each executable with a Julia function, allowing users to easily call SPICE Toolkit executables within their Julia programs, just as they can with CSPICE routines wrapped in SPICE.jl.

Julia users interact with SPICE kernels by downloading publicly-available aGeneric Kernels, and parsing the data using SPICE.jl, or another ephemeris parsing source. This workflow requires that users know how to find the correct generic kernels for their chosen application, and that they know how to use CSPICE functions to retrieve their desired data. SPICEKernels.jl and SPICEBodies.jl offer idiomatic interfaces to ephemeris fetching and parsing parsing respectively. Continuous integration in the SPICEKernels.jl repository multiple times daily, and automatically exports all available generic kernels as variables in Julia. SPICE Toolkit executables (provided by SPICEApplications.jl) are used to retrieve a description of each kernel's contents, and place that description in the Julia variable's docstring. As a result, users can use tab-completion and Julia's built-in documentation tools to inspect kernel contents, and download the correct kernel for their application. Once each kernel is downloaded and loaded into the SPICE kernel pool with SPICE.jl, users can use SPICEBodies.jl to idiomatically fetch data at a provided instance in time.

## 3 Usage

For detailed usage examples, consult the common documentation site for all of the packages presented in this paper. The code examples below show how a user may retrieve data from the HORIZONS platform, inspect a SPICE kernel before downloading it, and retrieve Cartesian state data at an instance in time.

Source: Article Notebook

# Listing 1 Querying JPL HORIZONS in Julia

using Dates, DataFrames using HorizonsEphemeris

ephemeris("earth", now()) |> DataFrame

	t	cal	X	y	Z		
	Float64	String31	Float64	Float64	Float64	Float64	
1	2.46042e6	A.D. 2024-Apr-21 16:57:17.6400	-0.862146	-0.488525	-0.211542	0.00877536	

Source: Article Notebook

#### Listing 2 Inspecting Generic SPICE Kernels in Julia

using SPICEApplications, SPICEKernels

brief(de440s()); # alternatively, check the kernel variable's docstring: @doc(de440s)

BRIEF -- Version 4.1.0, September 17, 2021 -- Toolkit Version N0067

Summary for: /Users/joey/.julia/scratchspaces/8e9d28ce-e483-4ef7-bfd9-45b8fef6369c/kernels/de440s.bsp

Source: Article Notebook

using Dates, SPICE

# Listing 3 Using SPICE Kernels in Julia

```
using SPICEKernels, SPICEBodies
return furnsh(
   de432s(),
                                # position and velocity data for nearby planets
   latest_leapseconds_lsk(),
                                # timekeeping, parsing epochs
                                # mass parameters for major solar system bodies
    gm_de440(),
   pck00011(),
                                # physical properties of major solar system bodies
earth = KernelBody("earth")
x, y, z, x, y, z = earth(now())
6-element Vector{Float64}:
  -1.2897503837584634e8
  -7.308228066934942e7
  -3.1646258982290536e7
  15.194155169643988
 -23.346655589589545
```

Source: Article Notebook

## 4 External Packages

-10.119521527787498

The packages presented in this paper which interact with the SPICE Toolkit require users to use SPICE.jl, or another SPICE-compatible kernel loading tool. Support for other SPICE kernel management packages, such as Ephemerides.jl, may be added in the future.

In addition to the packages in this paper which interface with the JPL HORIZONS ephemeris platform, the HORIZONS. JL package offers simplified interfaces for constructing and sending queries to the JPL HORIZONS REST API.

## 5 References

Source: Article Notebook

Acton, C. H. 1996. "Ancillary Data Services of NASA's Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility." *Planetary and Space Science* 44 (1): 65–70.

Giorgini, Jon D. 2015. "Status of the JPL Horizons Ephemeris System." IAU General Assembly 29: 2256293.