```
In [1]:
           Data (Daily & Minute): Binance API-Will need Binance API keys to be able to pull the data.
           Binance API Documentation: https://binance-docs.github.io/apidocs/spot/en/#introduction
           '\nData (Daily & Minute): Binance API-Will need Binance API keys to be able to pull the data. \nBinance API Documentation: https://binance-docs.github.io/ap
 Out[1]:
          idocs/spot/en/#introduction\n\n'
 In [2]:
           # J.Guanzon Comment-Imports needed to run this file
           from binance import Client, ThreadedWebsocketManager, ThreadedDepthCacheManager
           import pandas as pd
            import mplfinance as mpl
           {\color{red} \textbf{import}} \ {\color{blue} \textbf{mplfinance}} \ {\color{blue} \textbf{as}} \ {\color{blue} \textbf{mpf}}
           import os
            import json
            import requests
           from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Activation, Dense, Dropout, LSTM
            import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
           import matplotlib.dates as mdates
           import numpy as np
from pathlib import Path
            import seaborn as sns
            \textbf{from} \ \textbf{sklearn.metrics} \ \textbf{import} \ \textbf{mean\_absolute\_error}
            %matplotlib inline
 In [3]:
           # Pull API keys from .env file
api_key = os.environ.get("api_key")
           api_secret = os.environ.get("api_secret")
 In [4]:
           client = Client(api_key, api_secret)
 In [5]:
            # J.Guanzon Comment: Gather tickers for all
           tickers = client.get_all_tickers()
 In [6]:
           ticker_df = pd.DataFrame(tickers)
           ticker_df.set_index('symbol', inplace=True)
            ticker_df
                            price
              symbol
              ETHBTC 0.06451300
              LTCBTC 0.00310800
             BNBBTC 0.00788500
             NEOBTC 0.00076600
           QTUMETH 0.00345400
            SHIBAUD 0.00003560
            RAREBTC 0.00003495
            RAREBNB 0.00443600
           RAREBUSD 2.08000000
           RAREUSDT 2.08000000
          1695 rows × 1 columns
 In [8]: """
           Ability to save csv file of all tickers. Allows the user to see what types of cryptocurrencies are out there.
            For now, we will only focus on Bitcoin.
           ' \nAbility to save csv file of all tickers.\nAllows the user to see what types of cryptocurrencies are out there.\nFor now, we will only focus on Bitcoi
 Out[8]:
 In [9]:
           ticker_df.to_csv("Resources/binance_tickers.csv")
In [10]:
           display(float(ticker_df.loc['BTCUSDT']['price']))
           59462.93
In [11]:
           depth = client.get_order_book(symbol='BTCUSDT')
           depth_df = pd.DataFrame(depth['asks'])
depth_df.columns = ['Price', 'Volume']
           depth_df.head()
```

```
Out[12]:
                            Volume
         0 59463.01000000 0.02000000
         1 59464.00000000 0.04000000
         2 59464.01000000 0.020000000
         3 59464.20000000 0.00066000
         4 59465.00000000 0.50000000
In [13]: """
          Pulling historical daily data
         '\nPulling historical daily data\n'
Out[13]:
In [14]:
          btc_daily_data = client.get_historical_klines('BTCUSDT', Client.KLINE_INTERVAL_1DAY, '1 Jan 2020')
In [15]:
          btc_daily_df = pd.DataFrame(btc_daily_data)
          In [16]:
          btc_daily_df['Open Time'] = pd.to_datetime(btc_daily_df['Open Time']/1000, unit='s')
          btc_daily_df['Close Time'] = pd.to_datetime(btc_daily_df['Close Time']/1000, unit='s')
          numeric_columns = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume', 'Quote Asset Volume', 'TB Base Volume', 'TB Quote Volume']
          btc_daily_df[numeric_columns] = btc_daily_df[numeric_columns].apply(pd.to_numeric, axis=1)
In [18]:
          btc_ohlcv_daily = btc_daily_df.iloc[:,0:6]
          btc_ohlcv_daily = btc_ohlcv_daily.set_index('Open Time')
          btc_ohlcv_daily
                      Open High Low Close
Out[18]:
                                                         Volume
         Open Time
         2020-01-01 7195.24 7255.00 7175.15 7200.85 16792.388165
         2020-01-02 7200.77 7212.50 6924.74 6965.71 31951.483932
         2020-01-03 6965.49 7405.00 6871.04 7344.96 68428.500451
         2020-01-04 7345.00 7404.00 7272.21 7354.11 29987.974977
         2020-01-05 7354.19 7495.00 7318.00 7358.75 38331.085604
         2021-10-11 54659.01 57839.04 54415.06 57471.35 52933.165751
         2021-10-12 57471.35 57680.00 53879.00 55996.93 53471.285500
         2021-10-13 55996.91 57777.00 54167.19 57367.00 55808.444920
         2021-10-14 57370.83 58532.54 56818.05 57347.94 43053.336781
         2021-10-15 57347.94 59998.00 56850.00 59465.00 22326.228281
        654 rows × 5 columns
          btc_ohlcv_daily.to_csv("Resources/daily_btc_ohclv_2021.csv")
In [20]:
          Pulling historical minute data
          '\nPulling historical minute data \n'
Out[20]:
In [21]:
          historical_minute = client.get_historical_klines('BTCUSDC', Client.KLINE_INTERVAL_1MINUTE, '5 day ago UTC')
          hist min = pd.DataFrame(historical minute)
          In [24]:
          hist_min['Open Time'] = pd.to_datetime(hist_min['Open Time']/1000, unit='s')
hist_min['Close Time'] = pd.to_datetime(hist_min['Close Time']/1000, unit='s')
          numeric_columns = ['Open', 'High', 'Low', 'Close', 'Volume', 'Quote Asset Volume', 'TB Base Volume', 'TB Quote Volume']
hist_min[numeric_columns] = hist_min[numeric_columns].apply(pd.to_numeric, axis=1)
```

```
btc ohlcv minute = hist min.iloc[:.0:6]
            btc_ohlcv_minute = btc_ohlcv_minute.set_index('Open Time')
            btc_ohlcv_minute
Out[26]:
                                  Open High Low Close Volume
                    Open Time
           2021-10-10 05:53:00 55732.23 55772.11 55732.23 55772.11 0.17013
           2021-10-10 05:54:00 55767.97 55782.86 55723.42 55723.42 0.41344
           2021-10-10 05:55:00 55734.54 55740.82 55698.48 55698.48 0.16777
           2021-10-10 05:56:00 55703.21 55703.21 55669.43 55672.82 0.18831
           2021-10-10 05:57:00 55705.32 55705.32 55656.61 55659.76 0.09099
           2021-10-15 05:48:00 59627.99 59633.80 59600.00 59616.07 0.43744
           2021-10-15 05:49:00 59633.46 59644.87 59591.56 59591.56 0.53721
           2021-10-15 05:50:00 59588.07 59588.59 59500.00 59526.73 3.75097
           2021-10-15 05:51:00 59530.88 59563.64 59488.92 59488.92 0.77968
           2021-10-15 05:52:00 59500.05 59500.05 59458.22 59465.68 0.42926
          7200 rows × 5 columns
            btc ohlcv minute.to csv("Resources/minute btc ohclv 2021.csv")
In [28]:
            ....
            Next, we will be using the daily data for our Recurrent Neural Network. We are using Recurrent Neural Network for its use of time series and sequential data
            RNN specializes in using information from prior inputs and uses it to influence current inputs and outputs, and the cycle repeats.
           '\nNext, we will be using the daily data for our Recurrent Neural Network. We are using Recurrent Neural Network for its use of time series and sequential d
Out[28]:
           ata. \nRNNN specializes in using information from prior inputs and uses it to influence current inputs and outputs, and the cycle repeats. \n'
In [29]:
            btc_df = pd.read_csv(Path("Resources/daily_btc_ohclv_2021.csv"),
                                    index_col= "Open Time")
            target_col = 'Close'
In [30]:
           # J.Guanzon Comment: Using an 80/20 split for our training data and testing data. Testing 2 other testing sizes to see if there are any differnces in accura
           # def train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=0.2):
# split_row = len(btc_df) - int(test_size * len(btc_df))
# train_data = btc_df.iloc[:split_row]
# test_data = btc_df.iloc[split_row:]
               return train_data, test_data
            # train, test = train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=0.2)
            def train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=0.3):
              split_row = len(btc_df) - int(test_size * len(btc_df))
train_data = btc_df.iloc[:split_row]
test_data = btc_df.iloc[split_row:]
              return train_data, test_data
            train, test = train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=0.3)
            # def train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=0.1):
                split_row = len(btc_df) - int(test_size * len(btc_df))
train_data = btc_df.iloc[:split_row]
test_data = btc_df.iloc[split_row:]
                return train_data, test_data
            # train, test = train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=0.1)
            def line plot(line1, line2, label1=None, label2=None, title='', lw=2):
                fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, figsize=(20, 7)) ax.plot(line1, label=label1, linewidth=lw)
                ax.plot(line2, label=label2, linewidth=lw)
ax.set_ylabel('price [USD]', fontsize=14)
fmt_bimonthly = mdates.MonthLocator(interval=2)
                ax.xaxis.set_major_locator(fmt_bimonthly)
                ax.set_title(title, fontsize=16)
                fig.autofmt xdate()
                 ax.legend(loc='best', fontsize=16)
            line_plot(train[target_col], test[target_col], 'training', 'test', title='BTC 2021 to Current Day Predictions')
```

training

BTC 2021 to Current Day Predictions

```
60000
                            test
             50000
             40000
             30000
             20000
             10000
                                                                                                                                                                       2021.09.30
                          2020.02.01
                                       2020.03.31
                                                      2020.05.31
                                                                    2020.07.31
                                                                                  2020.09.30
                                                                                                2020.11.30
                                                                                                               2021.01.31
                                                                                                                            2021.03.31
                                                                                                                                           2021.05.31
                                                                                                                                                         2021.07.31
In [32]:
           Next, we have to prep the data for RNN by normalizing the numeric columns in the dataset to a common scale, without distorting differences in the range of v
           '\nNext, we have to prep the data for RNN by normalizing the numeric columns in the dataset to a common scale, without distorting differences in the range o
          f values.\n'
In [33]:
           def normalise_zero_base(df):
                return df / df.iloc[0] - 1
           def normalise_min_max(df):
                return (df - df.min()) / (data.max() - df.min())
In [34]:
           def extract_window_data(btc_df, window_len=10, zero_base=True):
                window_data = []
                for idx in range(len(btc_df) - window_len):
    tmp = btc df[idx: (idx + window len)].copy()
                    if zero_base:
                        tmp = normalise_zero_base(tmp)
                    window data.append(tmp.values)
                return np.array(window_data)
           # J.Guanzon Comment: We want to use the data from Jan-Jun 2021 and use the rest of the data to train and predict the rest of the data.
           X_train= btc_df[:"2021-06-01"]
           X_test = btc_df["2021-06-01":]
y_train = btc_df.loc[:"2021-06-01",target_col]
y_test = btc_df.loc["2021-06-01":,target_col]
In [36]:
           # def prepare_data(btc_df, target_col, window_len=10, zero_base=True, test_size=0.2):
# train_data, test_data = train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=test_size)
                  X_train = extract_window_data(train_data, window_len, zero_base)
                  X_test = extract_window_data(test_data, window_len, zero_base)
                  y_train = train_data[target_col][window_len:].values
                  y_test = test_data[target_col][window_len:].values
                  if zero_base:
                      y_train = y_train / train_data[target_col][:-window_len].values - 1
y_test = y_test / test_data[target_col][:-window_len].values - 1
                  return train_data, test_data, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
           def prepare data(btc df, target col, window len=10, zero base=True, test size=0.3):
                train_data, test_data = train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=test_size)
                X_train = extract_window_data(train_data, window_len, zero_base)
                X_test = extract_window_data(test_data, window_len, zero_base)
                y_train = train_data[target_col][window_len:].values
                y_test = test_data[target_col][window_len:].values
                if zero_base:
                    y_train = y_train / train_data[target_col][:-window_len].values - 1
                    y_test = y_test / test_data[target_col][:-window_len].values - 1
                return train_data, test_data, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test
            # def prepare_data(btc_df, target_col, window_len=10, zero_base=True, test_size=0.1):
                  train_data, test_data = train_test_split(btc_df, test_size=test_size)
                  X_train = extract_window_data(train_data, window_len, zero_base)
                  X_test = extract_window_data(test_data, window_len, zero_base)
y_train = train_data[target_col][window_len:].values
                  y_test = test_data[target_col][window_len:].values
                  if zero base:
                      y_train = y_train / train_data[target_col][:-window_len].values - 1
                       y_test = y_test / test_data[target_col][:-window_len].values - 1
                  return train data, test data, X train, X test, y train, y test
           def build_lstm_model(input_data, output_size, neurons=100, activ_func='relu', dropout=0.2, loss='mse', optimizer='adam'):
                model = Sequential(
                stm= LSTM(neurons, input_shape=(input_data.shape[1], input_data.shape[2]))
                model.add(stm)
                model.add(Dropout(dropout))
```

```
model.add(Dense(units=output size))
           model.add(Activation(activ_func))
           model.compile(loss=loss, optimizer=optimizer)
           return model
In [38]:
        np.random.seed(46)
        window len = 10
        test_size = 0.3
        zero_base = True
        lstm_neurons = 100
        epochs = 50
        batch_size = 32
        dropout = 0.2
        optimizer = 'adam
        train, test, X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = prepare_data(
    btc_df, target_col, window_len=window_len, zero_base=zero_base, test_size=test_size)
model = build_lstm_model(
           X_train, output_size=1, neurons=lstm_neurons, dropout=dropout, loss=loss,
           optimizer=optimizer)
        history = model.fit(
           X_train, y_train, epochs=epochs, batch_size=batch_size, verbose=1, shuffle=True)
       Epoch 1/50
       14/14 [====
                     Epoch 2/50
        Epoch 3/50
       14/14 [====
                  ======== - loss: 0.0083
       Epoch 4/50
        14/14 [===
                                    ===] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0078
       Epoch 5/50
       14/14 [====
                            ======= 1 - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0075
        Epoch 6/50
       14/14 [====
                               ======] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0073
       Epoch 7/50
       14/14 [============= - - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0071
        Epoch 8/50
       14/14 [=====
                        =========] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0069
       Epoch 9/50
       14/14 [====
                                   ===] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0069
        Epoch 10/50
       14/14 [====
                              =======] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0068
       Epoch 11/50
        14/14 [====
                             =======] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0067
        Epoch 12/50
       14/14 [============= ] - Os 11ms/step - loss: 0.0064
       Epoch 13/50
        14/14 [====
                           ========] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0065
       Epoch 14/50
       14/14 [=====
                             ======= 1 - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0066
       Epoch 15/50
        14/14 [=:
                                     ==] - 0s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0064
       Epoch 16/50
       14/14 [=====
                            ======== 1 - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0062
       Epoch 17/50
        14/14 [=====
                         ========== ] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0062
       Epoch 18/50
       Epoch 19/50
       14/14 [====
                                    ===] - 0s 11ms/step - loss: 0.0064
       Epoch 20/50
        14/14 [====
                               ======] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0063
        Epoch 21/50
       14/14 [====
                            =======] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0063
       Epoch 22/50
       Epoch 23/50
       14/14 [======
                    Epoch 24/50
        14/14 [==
                            =======] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0064
        Epoch 25/50
       14/14 [=====
                           ======== ] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0063
       Epoch 26/50
        14/14 [====
                   Epoch 27/50
       14/14 [============== - - 0s 13ms/step - loss: 0.0062
       Epoch 28/50
        14/14 [====
                           ========] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0061
       Epoch 29/50
       14/14 [====
                                    ===1 - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0062
        Epoch 30/50
       14/14 [====
                            ========] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0061
       Enoch 31/50
       14/14 [============== ] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0060
        Epoch 32/50
       14/14 [=====
                      Epoch 33/50
        14/14 [=====
                        ========= ] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0062
        Epoch 34/50
       14/14 [====
                            ======= ] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0061
       Epoch 35/50
        14/14 [===
                            =======] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0060
       Epoch 36/50
       14/14 [=====
                    Epoch 37/50
       14/14 [=====
                   Epoch 38/50
```

```
14/14 [===
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0060
           Epoch 39/50
           14/14 [===
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           Epoch 40/50
           14/14 [=====
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0061
           Epoch 41/50
           14/14 [====
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           Epoch 42/50
           14/14 [======
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           Epoch 43/50
           14/14 [====
Epoch 44/50
                                                              0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0060
           14/14 [===
                                                               0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           Epoch 45/50
           14/14 [=======]
Epoch 46/50
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           14/14 [=====
                                                               0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           Epoch 47/50
           14/14 [=====
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
           Epoch 48/50
           14/14 [====
                                                               0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0060
           Epoch 49/50
           14/14 [====
                                                            - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0058
           Epoch 50/50
           14/14 [=============] - 0s 12ms/step - loss: 0.0059
In [40]:
            targets = test[target_col][window_len:]
preds = model.predict(X_test).squeeze()
mean_absolute_error(preds, y_test)
           0.06590164230202528
Out[40]:
In [41]:
            # Plotting predictions against the actual.
preds = test[target_col].values[:-window_len] * (preds + 1)
preds = pd.Series(index=targets.index, data=preds)
line_plot(targets, preds, 'actual', 'prediction', lw=3)
               65000
               60000
               55000
               50000
               45000
               40000
               35000
                               actual
                               prediction
               30000
                                                2021.05.14
                                                                                                      2021.07.12
                                                                                                                                                             2022.09-12
```