

DOM	SEG	TER	QUA	QUI	SEX	SÁB
DOM	LUN	MAR	MIÊ	JUE	VIE	SÁB
<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

$$K = 243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 720 + 240 + 32 - 243x^{15} - 810x^{10} - 1080x^5$$

$$\frac{246}{x^5} - \frac{57}{x^{10}}$$

$$K = 720$$

Resposta: alternativa E

7. $(2x+y)^5$ $(x=1, y=1) : (2+1)^5 = 3^5 = 243$ Resposta: alternativa C

$$4. \left(x + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^9 - \left(x + x^{-2}\right)^9$$

$$\binom{9}{k} 1^{9-k} (x^{-2})^k = x^0$$

$$9 - k - 2k = 0$$

$$3k = 9$$

$$k = 3$$

Resposta: alternativa D

$$\binom{9}{3}$$

$$5. \left(x + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)^n \left(x + x^{-2}\right)^n \rightarrow \text{limite } n: \binom{n}{k} \cdot x^{n-k} \cdot (x^{-2})^k$$

$$\binom{n}{k} x^{n-k} \cdot x^{-2k}$$

$$x^0 \rightarrow n - k - 2k = 0$$

$$n - 3k = 0$$

$$n = 3k$$

$$\frac{n}{3} = k$$

$$3$$

Resposta: alternativa C

$$6. K = \left(3x^3 + \frac{2}{x^2}\right)^5 - \left(243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 240 + 32\right)$$

$$\left(3x^3 + 2x^{-2}\right)^5 = \binom{5}{0} (3x^3)^5 (2x^{-2})^0 + \binom{5}{1} (3x^3)^4 (2x^{-2})^1 + \binom{5}{2} (3x^3)^3 (2x^{-2})^2 + \binom{5}{3} (3x^3)^2 (2x^{-2})^3 + \binom{5}{4} (3x^3)^1 (2x^{-2})^4 + \binom{5}{5} (3x^3)^0 (2x^{-2})^5$$

$$(2x^{-2})^5 + \binom{5}{4} (3x^3)^1 (2x^{-2})^4 + \binom{5}{3} (3x^3)^2 (2x^{-2})^3 + \binom{5}{2} (3x^3)^3 (2x^{-2})^2 + \binom{5}{1} (3x^3)^4 (2x^{-2})^1 + \binom{5}{0} (3x^3)^5 (2x^{-2})^0 = 24x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 240 + 240 + 32$$

$$K = 243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 240 + 240 + 32 - (243x^{15} + 810x^{10} + 1080x^5 + 240 + 240 + 32)$$

$$\frac{240}{x^5} + \frac{32}{x^{10}}$$

$$1. \binom{6}{k} 1^{6-k} (2x^2)^k$$

$$\binom{6}{k} 2^k x^{2k}$$

$$\binom{6}{4} 2^4 x^8 = 6! \cdot 16 \cdot x^8$$

$$720 \cdot 16 \cdot x^8 = 240 x^8 \rightarrow x^8 = 240$$

$$24 \cdot 2$$

Resposta: alternativa C

$$2. (14x - 13y)^{237}$$

$$(14 \cdot 1 - 13 \cdot 1)^{237}$$

$$(14 - 13)^{237} = 1^{237} = 1$$

Resposta: alternativa B

$$3. T_{k+1} = \binom{11}{k} x^{11-k} a^k = 1386 x^5$$

$$11 - k = 5$$

$$k = 6$$

$$T_{k+1} = \binom{11}{6} x^5 a^6 = 1386 x^5$$

$$T_1 = \frac{11 \cdot 10 \cdot 9 \cdot 8 \cdot 7 \cdot 6!}{6! \cdot 5!} a^6 = 1386$$

$$T_1 = \frac{55440}{120} a^6 = 1386$$

$$462 a^6 = 1386$$

$$a^6 = \frac{1386}{462}$$

$$a^6 = 3$$

$$a = \sqrt[6]{3}$$

Resposta: alternativa A