$\Omega = (-1, 1, -1, 1)$ # Cartesian discretization of $\Omega = (-1, 1)^2$ in 100^2 squares. $model = CartesianDiscreteModel(\Omega, (100, 100))$ fe_y = ReferenceFE(lagrangian, Float64, 2) # Finite-elements for the state Xpde = TestFESpace(model, fe_y; dirichlet_tags = "boundary") Ypde = TrialFESpace(Xpde, x -> 0.0) # y is 0 over $\partial\Omega$ fe_u = ReferenceFE(lagrangian, Float64, 1) # Finite-elements for the control Xcon = TestFESpace(model, fe_u) Ycon = TrialFESpace(Xcon) $d\Omega$ = Measure(Triangulation(model), 1) # Gridap's integration machinery # Define the objective function f $yd(x) = -x[1]^2$ $f(y, u) = \int (0.5 * (yd - y) * (yd - y) + 0.5 * 1e-2 * u * u) * d\Omega$ # Define the constraint operator in weak form $h(x) = -\sin(7\pi / 8 * x[1]) * \sin(7\pi / 8 * x[2])$ $c(y, u, v) = \int (\nabla(v) \odot \nabla(y) - v * u - v * h) * d\Omega$ # Define an initial quess for the discretized problem x0 = zeros(num_free_dofs(Ypde) + num_free_dofs(Ycon)) # Build a GridapPDENLPModel, which implements the NLPModel API. name = "Control elastic membrane" $nlp = GridapPDENLPModel(x0, f, d\Omega, Ypde, Ycon, Xpde, Xcon, c, name = name)$ dci(nlp, verbose = 1) # solve the problem with DCI

using DCISolver, Gridap, PDENLPModels