Given $x = [3 \ 1 \ 5 \ 7 \ 9 \ 2 \ 6]$, explain what the following commands do by summarizing the net result of the command.

Given the array $A = [2 \ 6 \ 9 \ 7 \ ; \ 3 \ 1 \ 4 \ 6 \ ; \ 5 \ 3 \ 2 \ 7]$, explain the results of the following commands:

- (i) A'
- (ii) A(:,[1 4])
- (iii) A([2 3],[3 1])
- (iv) reshape (A, 2, 6)
- (v) A(:)
- (vi) flipud(A)
- (vii) fliplr(A)

- (viii) [A A(end,:)]
 - (ix) A(1:3,:)
 - (x) [A; A(1:2,:)]
 - (xi) sum(A)
- (xii) sum(A')
- (xiii) sum(A,2)

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 & 7 \\ 4 & -2 & 9 \\ 3 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 7 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} D = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 5 \\ -1 & 3 \\ 2 & -2 \end{pmatrix}$$

The logistic function

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

The tanh function

$$f(x) = \frac{e^x - e^{-x}}{e^x + e^{-x}}$$

The standardization function:

$$f(x_i) = \frac{x_i - \bar{x}}{s_x}$$

The normalization function:

$$f(x_i) = \frac{x_i - \min(x)}{\max(x) - \min(x)}$$