F(jw):
$$\frac{1}{1+2m}\frac{P}{P}+(\frac{P}{N_0})^2$$
 are $\begin{cases} p: N_0 \text{ TR} = \{0, \frac{1}{N_0}\}\\ m=0, 1. \end{cases}$

1) For = <00 Hz? Bon choix can un put travaille juggla 250 Hz etici for 50 Hz.

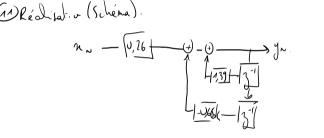
(1) cf was - yn = 2 N - 2 N - 1 Te 3 (war) T2- Y= X 1-3 done lld: 1-31.

(4) (wm.

92 = (0,16)(1,398) - (0,6(8)(0,16) etc colal des poles. 1.398) - 4 vo,618 = -0,68 - P1.2 = 1.398 ±; Jobs Mpr.211 = √1.5982 (10,66)2 ~ USII. < 1 donc f. Hr. stable. (8) f. the RII - purement regressif (you we dipud par de 20 m - 12). 3 Seprosons lim yn: 1, sachat que n. : 1 fr 70. alors lim y = 1,398-0,688+0,26 = 0,99 ~ 1 olin con a him lim y = 1.

(1) yo = 0,26

y = 10,86) (1,398).



Partie 1.

(13) The years
$$y_{N-1} + \frac{n_{N} + n_{N-1}}{2}$$
 done $H = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}}$.

(14) (c) was:

(15) $F(z) = \frac{1}{1+\frac{2n_{N}}{2n-1}} + \frac{1}{n_{N}} \frac{T_{N}}{1+\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{n_{N}} \frac{T_{N}}{1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{2}}{1-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{1}{n_{N}} \frac{T_{N}}{1+\frac{1}{2}} \left(1+\frac{1}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1+\frac{1}{2}}{1+\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{1+\frac{1}{2}}$

$$\begin{aligned}
&Y(1-1,55) + 0.893^{2} = X(1+3^{2}-25^{2})0.085. \\
&TE' \quad y_{N} = 0.085(n_{N}+n_{N-2}-2n_{N}) + 1.55y_{N-1} - 0.89y_{N-2}. \\
&M(6) \quad y_{0} = 0.085. \\
&y_{1} = 1.55(0.085) + 0.085x_{2}. \\
&y_{2} = (1.55)^{2}(0.085) + (1.55)(0.085x_{2}) - 0.89(0.085). \text{ of } c.
\end{aligned}$$
Halde? poles.

$$\Delta = (-1.55)^{2} \cdot (0.085) - (1.55)(0.085x_{2}) - 0.89(0.085). \text{ of } c.$$

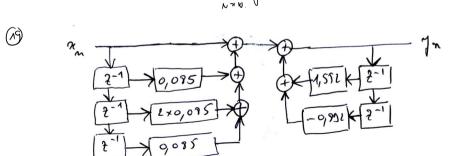
$$\Delta = (-1.55)^{2} \cdot (0.085) - (1.55)$$

(17) fifth RII - filth regress (pas prement regres from yn dipad de
$$n \times n^{-2}$$
).

(18) Supposous lim yn=1, $n_n = 1 \quad \forall n \geq 0$.

On a bim lim yn = 1, $(17 - 0.89 + 0.08) \times h = 1$.

On a bim lim yn = 1.



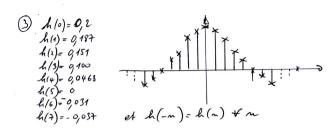
$$B = \langle 0 + 1 \rangle$$

$$F_0 = \langle 0 +$$

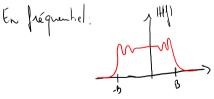
$$(2) \ \ \left| \left(\cdot \right) \right| = \frac{1}{f_{e}} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left| f(\cdot) \right| e^{i\pi \int_{-\infty}^{\pi} dt} dt = \frac{1}{f_{e}} \int_{-B}^{B} e^{i2\pi \int_{-\infty}^{\pi} dt} dt = \frac{1}{f_{e}} \left(\frac{e^{i\pi \sqrt{f_{e}}}}{\sqrt{1\pi \sqrt{f_{e}}}} \right)^{3} dt$$

$$|| L(N) = \frac{1}{f_e} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} || f(j) e^{j\pi N} dj = \frac{1}{f_e} \int_{-B}^{B} e^{j\pi N} dj = \frac{1}{f_e} \left(\frac{e^{j\pi N} \int_{-B}^{T_e} \int_{-B}^{B} e^{j\pi N} dj}{j\pi N} \right) dj = \frac{1}{f_e} \left(\frac{e^{j\pi N} \int_{-B}^{T_e} \int_{-B}^{B} e^{j\pi N} \int_{-B}^{A} \int_{-B}^{A$$

 $h(u) = \frac{2}{10} \frac{\sin\left(\frac{2\pi u}{10\pi u}\right)}{2\pi u} d\omega nc h(u) = \frac{1}{r} \sin\left(\frac{\pi u}{r}\right).$



(4) Turneature - on conserve de h(-7) a h(7) - décolage de 7Te.



Report implisionnelle.

A(a)=-0,03+ &(a)=-0,03| &(2)=0 &(3)=0,0468
&(4)=-0,000 &(3)=-9,15| &(6)=-9,10+ &(7)=-9,2

A(8)=-9,15+ &(9)=-9,15| &(6)=-9,10+ &(7)=-9,2

A(10)=-0,000 &(10)=-9,000 &(10)=-9,000

A(10)=-0,000 &(10)=-9,000 &(10)=-9,000