

CEGEP VANIER COLLEGE

CENTRE FOR CONTINUING EDUCATION

Programming Algorithms and Patterns

420-930-VA

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Lab 2

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Lab 2: ArrayList and Linked List

Complete all these following programs as explained during **classes**. All *missing coding statements* were provided there with explanation. Create and Submit a Word file **Lab2OOPProgramminAlgorithmsYourName.docx** which includes output screenshots for every Java Project. Submit the Java projects too.

1. ArrayLists Data Structure

Create a Java Project **ArrayListPayRollProject** using Eclipse IDE that allows payroll department to issue a pay stub for a given employee. The end user has to read input text file Payroll.in (provided to you) and populates data file Payroll.in into an **ArrayList** data structure of type PayRollEmployee class type.

- You need to design a **Java class** called **PayRollEmployee**, which takes the **emp_id**, **emp_name**, **emp_ssn**, **number_whr**, **h_rate** as **private** members. The variables called **Fed_Tax**, **Prv_Tax**, **QP_Ins**, **E_ins**, **Qpp**, **Union_d**, as **public** and static data members.
- Create **TestArrayListPayRoll.java** where you populate an ArrayList data structure of PayRollEmployee class type to be referenced by (payRollArrList) from input file PayRoll.in. Set every component using the implemented setter methods.

- Add **default constructor**, setters, getters, and toString()
- Add methods called calculate_TotalIncome(), calculate_TotalDeduction(), calculate_TotalNetAmount() in PayRollEmployee class to calculate the following respectively:

$$\text{Total_Income} = \text{number_whr} * \text{h_rate}$$

Deductions:

Provincial tax (Prv_Tax): 9% of Total_income.

Federal tax (Fed_Tax): 7% of Total_income.

Que. parental insurance. plan (QP_Ins): 0.55% of Total_income.

Employment insurance (E_ins): 1.4% of Total_income.

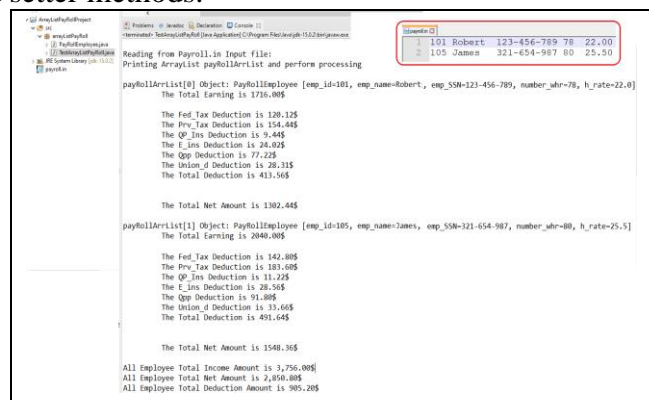
(Quebec pension plan) Qpp : 4.5% of Total_income.

Union dues (Union_d): 1.65% of Total_income.

The total Net Amount (*Net_Amount*) is calculated according to the following formula:

$$\text{Net_Amount} = \text{Total_Income} - \text{Deductions}$$

Calculate the total of different employee amounts of all ArrayList components. Display totals as shown above.



```
Reading from Payroll.in Input file:
Printing ArrayList payrollArrList and perform processing

payrollArrList[0] Object: PayRollEmployee [emp_id=101, emp_name=Robert, emp_ssn=123-456-789, number_whr=78, h_rate=22.0]
The Total Earning is 1716.00$

The Fed_Tax Deduction is 120.12$
The Prv_Tax Deduction is 154.44$
The QP_Ins Deduction is 9.44$
The E_ins Deduction is 24.02$
The Qpp Deduction is 77.22$
The Union_d Deduction is 28.11$
The Total Deduction is 413.36$

The Total Net Amount is 1302.64$

payrollArrList[1] Object: PayRollEmployee [emp_id=105, emp_name=James, emp_ssn=321-654-987, number_whr=80, h_rate=25.5]
The Total Earning is 2040.00$

The Fed_Tax Deduction is 142.80$
The Prv_Tax Deduction is 183.60$
The QP_Ins Deduction is 11.22$
The E_ins Deduction is 28.56$
The Qpp Deduction is 91.80$
The Union_d Deduction is 33.66$
The Total Deduction is 469.64$

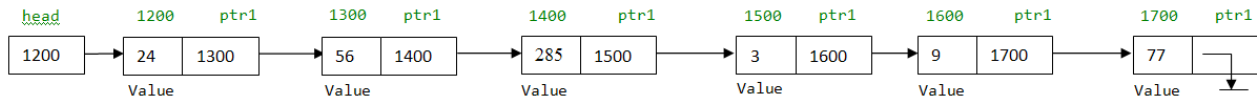
The Total Net Amount is 1570.36$

All Employee Total Income Amount is 3,756.00$
All Employee Total Net Amount is 2,873.00$
All Employee Total Deduction Amount is 905.20$
```

2. Linked List:

- a) Create *LinkedList1Project* using Eclipse IDE. Create *TestLinkedList1.java* where Items will be added to the user-defined linked list.

You construct a **Linked List**, if you point every reference object to the subsequent reference object node where value info is stored.



Linked list class	Linked list construction
<pre> public class LinkedListNode { public int info; public LinkedListNode link; } </pre>	<pre> LinkedListNode headNode, newNode; headNode = new LinkedListNode(); headNode.info= 24; // store 24 in the object headNode headNode.link= null; newNode = new LinkedListNode(); newNode.info= 56; // store 56 in the object newNode newNode.link= null; headNode.link = newNode; // Link the address of // newNode to headNode </pre>
<pre> public class LinkList1 { public static void main(String[] args) { LinkedListNode headNode, newNode; headNode = new LinkedListNode(); headNode.info= 24; // store 24 in the object headNode headNode.link= null; newNode = new LinkedListNode(); newNode.info= 56; // store 56 in the object newNode newNode.link= null; headNode.link = newNode; // Link the address of // newNode to headNode newNode = new LinkedListNode(); newNode.info= 285; // store 285 in the object newNode newNode.link= null; headNode.link.link= newNode; // Link the address of // newNode to headNode System.out.println("Displaying the components of the linked list \n\n"); LinkedListNode trvNode; while (.....) { System.out.println(" Value: " + trvNode.info + " "); } } } </pre>	

- b) Create *TestLinkedList2.java* to read input integer from the console until the user enters -999 (acts as sentinel), store the values into a *user-defined linked list* (build in *forward* manner), and display its components by traversing the link in *forward* manner.

- c) Create *LinkedList2Project* using Eclipse IDE. Create *TestFileToLinkedList.java*/*TestFileToLinkedList2.java* to read from input file *divide.in* and storing its content into user-defined and system-defined Linked list respectively.

```

3
4 public class LinkedListDivideNode {
5     public Divide divideInfo;
6     public LinkedListDivideNode dividelink;
7
8     public LinkedListDivideNode() {
9         divideInfo = new Divide();
10    }

```

Displaying the components of the linked list stored from input file divide.in

```

X: 45.0 Y: 6.0
X: 67.0 Y: 8.0
X: 124.0 Y: 9.0
X: 89.0 Y: 6.0

```

3. Application of Linked List: Storing records of *Course.in* File

- a) Create *LinkedListCourseProject*, to store records *read from* the file input *Course.in* onto a user-defined linked list.

Diagram illustrating the linked list structure for storing course records:

```

graph LR
    FirstNodeCourse[FirstNodeCourse] --> Node1[linkCourse]
    Node1 --> Node2[newNodeCourse]
    Node2 --> Node3[newNodeCourse]
    Node3 --> Node4[newNodeCourse]
    Node4 --> Node5[newNodeCourse]
    Node5 --> Node6[newNodeCourse]
    Node6 --> Node7[newNodeCourse]
    Node7 --> Node8[linkCourse=NULL]

```

Course Data (from Course.in):

Course Code	Course Name	Credits	Max enrolled
MIS_101	Intro.to.Info.Systems	3	140
MIS_301	Systems.Analysis	3	35
MIS_441	Database.Management	3	12
CS_155	Programming.in.C++	3	90
MIS_451	Web-Based.Systems	3	30
MIS_551	Advanced.Web	3	30
MIS_651	Advanced.Java	3	30

Course.java

```

public class Course
{
    private String course_no;
    private String course_name;
    private int max_enrl;
    public static int credits;
}

```

TestLinkedListCourse.java

```

1 package linkedlist;
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class TestLinkedListCourse
4 {
5     static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7     public static void main(String[] args)
8     {
9         Scanner inFile = new Scanner(new FileReader("Course.in"));
10    }

```

Displaying the components of the linked list

```

Course Code: MIS_101, Course Name: Intro.to.Info.Systems
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 140

Course Code: MIS_301, Course Name: Systems.Analysis
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 35

Course Code: MIS_441, Course Name: Database.Management
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 12

Course Code: CS_155, Course Name: Programming.in.C++
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 90

Course Code: MIS_451, Course Name: Web-Based.Systems
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 30

Course Code: MIS_551, Course Name: Advanced.Web
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 30

Course Code: MIS_651, Course Name: Advanced.Java
Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 30

Enter The course code you are Looking for: MIS_551

The Course you are looking for is :
Course Code: MIS_551, Course Name: Advanced.Web, Credits: 3, Max enrolled: 30

```

b) Search method and Passing Linked List Object as Parameter to a Java method

- Add Java method `searchCourses(LinkedListNode wcourse, String wcourse_code)` into `Course` class in order to perform a search operation with respect to course code.
- Add more Java Statements into your main program in order to call the search method `searchCourses(...)` implemented previously with respect to course code as user input as shown hereafter. The method `searchCourses (...)` takes a reference of the linked list as parameter and returns the reference pointing to the found Node course in the linked list.

4. Linked List Project: *ProjectThreeLinkedList*

- a) Create a Java project *ProjectThreeLinkedList* in order to read input integer from the console until the user enters -999 (acts as sentinel), insert the values into the first *user-defined linked list* build in *forward* manner referenced by *headNode1* and create the second *user-defined linked list* build in *backward* referenced by *headNode2* with values equals twice the value in nodes available in the first linked list.
- b) Traverse and display the value of every linked list referenced by *headNode1* and *headNode2* as shown in Figure below.
- c) Add more Java statements while traversing the previous linked lists to build a third user-defined linked list build in *forward* manner referenced by *headNode3* with values equals to the difference between values in the first linked list and the second linked list.
- d) Traverse and display the value of linked list referenced by *headNode3* as shown hereafter.

The screenshot displays an IDE interface for a Java project named `ProjectThreeLinkedList`. The `main - Navigator` pane on the left shows the project structure with `Source Packages` containing `projectthreeLinkedList`, which includes `LinkedListNode.java` and `TestThreeLinkedList.java`. The `Members` pane below it shows the `main(String[] args)` method in `TestThreeLinkedList` with a `console : Scanner` annotation.

The `Output - ProjectThreeLinkedList (run)` pane on the right shows the execution results. The program prompts the user to enter data ending with -999, and the input sequence is `9 12 25 6 3 -999`. The output displays the components of the first and second linked lists, followed by their traversal in forward and backward manners, and finally the third linked list.

```
run:
Line 1: Enter the data for processing ending with -999
9 12 25 6 3 -999
Displaying the components of the the First and Second linked list
stored from user input in forward and Backward manners

Value in the First Linked List : 9 , Value in the Second Linked List : 6
Value in the First Linked List : 12 , Value in the Second Linked List : 12
Value in the First Linked List : 25 , Value in the Second Linked List : 50
Value in the First Linked List : 6 , Value in the Second Linked List : 24
Value in the First Linked List : 3 , Value in the Second Linked List : 18

Displaying the components of the First Linked list in forward manner

Value: 9
Value: 12
Value: 25
Value: 6
Value: 3

Displaying the components of the Second Linked list in backward manner

Value: 6
Value: 12
Value: 50
Value: 24
Value: 18

Displaying the components of the Third Linked list in forward manner

Value: 3
Value: 0
Value: -25
Value: -18
Value: -15
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 9 seconds)
```