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# What every programmer should know about licenses

Create usable code while abiding by the law

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Conclusion

## **Learning Goals**

Introduction

- Why a license is important
- How to differentiate between
  - ▶ Public Domain Licenses
  - Permissive Licenses
  - Copyleft Licenses
- How to approach non-code licensing

### Why you should care

Introduction

#### What happens if you don't use a license? [1]

- If a repository has no license, then all rights are reserved!
- This means that normal copyright laws apply.
- Therefore, nobody is allowed to:
  - ▶ Copy
  - Modify
  - Distribute
- If someone else contributes, this includes you!

If you want to share your code, you need a license!

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### **Overview of Code Licenses**

#### Licenses can be divided into three categories:

- Public Domain-like
  - ▶ The Unlicense
- Permissive

Introduction

- ► MIT
- ► Apache 2.0
- ▶ BSD-3-Clause
- Copyleft
  - ▶ GPL

## Public Domain (Gemeinfreiheit)

- Releases code into the public domain
- Thus, everybody can
  - Use (commercially)
  - Modify

Introduction

- Distribute / Copy / Publish
- Sell
- No attribution required
- Changes can be kept closed-source
- Example: The Unlicense [2]



Conclusion

Figure: Unlicense logo [2]

### **Permissive Licenses**

Introduction

- Sometimes also called BSD-like [3]
- Also allow everybody to
  - ▶ Use (commercially)
  - Modify
  - Distribute / Copy / Publish
  - Sell
- Requires attribution, at least in the source code
- Example licenses:
  - MIT: Most commonly used
  - ▶ Apache 2.0 [4]: Like MIT, but with a patent clause [5]
    - If you are a contributor with a relevant patent, you grant a license to the patent
  - ▶ BSD-3: Similar to MIT but adds a no-endorsement clause
    - If you use our tool, don't use us to endorse or promote your product

## **Copyleft Licenses**

- Allow for any usage and modification
- Source has to be made available
- Modifications need to have same license
- Example: GPLv3

#### Four Freedoms [6]

- 1 Run the program for any purpose
- Be able to the source code
- Distribute the program as you wish
- Distribute your modified versions

### **Font Licenses**

- Most open fonts can be found at Google Fonts [7]
  - ▶ All of those fonts are licensed permissively
- Most used License [8]: SIL Open Font License [9]
- Other common licenses:
  - Apache license [4]
  - ▶ Ubuntu Font License [10]



Figure: Google Fonts logo [7]

### **Creative Commons Licenses**

- Standardized licenses for creative works
- Used for non-code
- Can be mapped to code licenses
  - ▶ Unlicense (Public Domain) ⇒ CC0
  - ► MIT (Permissive) ⇒ CC-BY
  - ▶ GPL (Copyleft) ⇒ CC-BY-SA

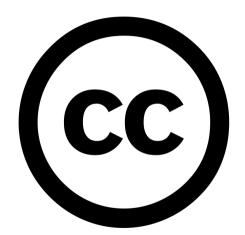


Figure: Creative Commons logo [7]

### Conclusion

Introduction

#### Summary

- Licenses are required so that people can use your work
- You can use the following code licenses:
  - ▶ Public Domain ⇒ Unlicense
  - ▶ Permissive ⇒ MIT
  - ▶ Copyleft ⇒ GPLv3
- Use Google Fonts for free fonts
- Creative Commons is used for non-code

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# If you need further help

Introduction

- https://choosealicense.com
- https://tldrlegal.com
- https://www.gnu.org/licenses/license-list.en.html
- https://opensource.org/licenses
- https://creativecommons.org/

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No License. Choose a License. URL: https://choosealicense.com/no-permission/(visited on 07/11/2023).

https://www.newmediarights.org/open\_source/new\_media\_rights\_open\_source\_licensing\_guide

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### References

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SIL Open Font License (OFL). URL: https://scripts.sil.org/cms/scripts/page.php?site_id=nrsi&id=0FL (visited on 08/21/2023). 
Ubuntu font licence. Ubuntu. URL: https://ubuntu.com/legal/font-licence (visited on 08/21/2023).
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