



**Create and Explore a graph from Agda
Definitions to analyse projects and speed up
compilation**

Dissertation

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Abstract

Usually 100-300 words stating the salient points of the report. It should help your reader to decide whether the report is relevant to her or his interests.

I will mention:

- How I got the s-expressions and how they were parsed
- The uses of the graph and the queries you can make
- How much it can speed up compilation and how

Acknowledgements

Abbreviations

ACB

Apple Banana Carrot

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CHAPTER 1

Introduction

The introduction should provide content for the report, discuss relevant background material, identify stakeholders, and state the aim(s) of the work. About 10% of the report.

- Overview
 - Overview of Agda and s-expressions
 - Main goal is to represent an agda project as a graph for analysis
- Context
 - Explain how Agda projects can be massive and difficult to explore
 - Explain how slow compilation lead to poor dev experience
- Problem Statement
 - Lack of a tool that allows for querying dependency information in Agda projects
- Importants
 - How the tool can be expanded and used

CHAPTER 2

Research

This is often referred to the ‘literature review’ section. It is one of the most important section of the Project Proposal and the Project Report. It is where you demonstrate that you understand the state-of-the-art in the field you’re working. Towards the end of this sections it’s normally a good idea to explain how your aim / work / idea / contribution differs from the nearest work in the field.

Research papers to explore:

- s-expressions
- How graphs can be used to represent the definitions
- Most tools focus on data-flow for static analysis, I am looking for a simpler tools that allows the querying of the relationships between definitions.

Tools that do a similar job

- CTags
 - CTags indexes all the symbols of a project
 - This works only on definitions of functions, not where they are referenced
- Jedi - an awesome autocompletion, static analysis and refactoring library for Python
 - It finds function definitions and references which is what we are looking for
- Agda-Language-Server
 - An LSP for agda, it parses the files and analysis them, similar to what we want but it doesn’t seem to index them

- Application-only Call Graph Construction
 - A call graph represents the relationships between functions
- Precise Interprocedural Dataflow Analysis via Graph Reachability
 - Data flow is a way to statically analyse code before running it, this is far more complex than what I want.
- CFL/Dyck Reachability: An Algorithmic Perspective
 - Analyses the decidability and complexity of this problem

CHAPTER 3

Legal, Social, Ethical and Professional Issues

Address the legal, social, ethical, and professional issues associated with your project. Find something to say for each. For example, listening for legal, BCS Code of Conduct for professional, etc.

- Legal consider licensing of third-party libraries and how they can be used. Data protection isn't an issue as it all runs locally.
- Social: the tool provides documentation so it can be used by a variety of developers. Tool runs in any terminal so it can be customized to fit any accessible need from text.
- Ethical: the source code for the tool is fully open for transparency and collaboration.
- Professional: Adherence to the BCS Code of Conduct.

CHAPTER 4

System Requirements

This section should detail your understanding of what you are planning to create. The section should aim to break down the overarching aims of the work into clear, measurable requirements that can be used in the evaluation of the project. This is why we often function of functional and non-functional requirements.

- Explain what the project should do and how it should do it
- Functional requirements
 - Create graph from agda project
 - Should allow for asked queries (the ones mentioned in the Mathodon thread)
 - Reduce compilation time by 10%?
- Non-Functional requirements
 - Installation shouldn't be difficult
 - Queries should be done in under 2 seconds
 - Creation of the graph shouldn't take more than 10 minutes

CHAPTER 5

Design

Communicating how you think about the composition of your system and how it works. You might detail the ways in which the overall system will be broken down into subsystems. Detail should then be provided on the design of each of these subsystems.

- A system that turns agda into s-expressions
- A system that reads s-expressions and turns it into a graph
- A system that queries that graph
- A way to store the graph for future use

CHAPTER 6

Implementation

This section should discuss how you went about developing a system that was consistent with your design to meet your stated requirements. The implementation of subsystems should be accurately documented, with any implementation difficulties being acknowledged. The Design and Implementation sections can be grouped in the Project Report, if these are tightly coupled. Likely omitted for the Project Proposal, though should mention your proposed implementation technologies somewhere.

- Explain the s-expressions extractor
- How they are loaded into python
- How they are stored for future use
- How the compilation uses graph dot

CHAPTER 7

Testing and Success Measurement

As well as documenting system testing, this section should also describe any unit testing or integration testing performed. If you are not familiar with unit, integration or system testing then it would be a good idea to investigate these notions and consider about how they relate to your project. This section might also detail any performance, reliability or usability testing performed, with quantification, i.e., numeric measurements, being used wherever possible. All those points are systems focused through. If you're doing something that's research focused or more of a social / analytical study then you need to think about how you'll measure success.

- Measure compilation time
- Measure time to build graph
- Measure time to make queries

CHAPTER 8

Project Management

What is the timeline for your project? What software development methodology will you use? Can you identify the major milestones? These types of questions are important for project planning and should be addressed directly.

- Gantt chart
- Weekly updates with supervisor
- Getting the s-expression extractor was a major milestone
- Using python instead of clojure was a significant improvement

CHAPTER 9

Evaluation

Usually you evaluate your project with regard to the functional and non-functional requirements you set out in the earlier chapter. This doesn't necessary mean that your project was successful but, if these requirements were appropriately specified, you it's likely that your project was successful. You might be reiterating some points from the Testing and Success Measurement chapter in your Project Report.

- Mention compilation time reduction, and improvements
- Mention how some queries take too long but were all implemented
- Mention how trees take some time but can be re-used instantaneously
- Creates graph from any agda project

CHAPTER 10

Conclusion

Generally speaking, section can take different forms - as a minimum you would normally provide a brief summary of your project work and a discussion of possible future work. You may also wish to reiterate the main outcomes of your project and give some idea of how you think the ideas dealt with by your project relate to real-world situations, etc.. For the Proposal, don't mention future work but do summarise your document.

- Compilation time could be further reduced
- A clever way of removing cycles could lead to faster queries
- Many useless nodes that are part of Agda's backend but not necessary for the user.
- Work on making the whole process more automatic and easily distributable

Bibliography

CHAPTER 11

Appendix

Some information, for example program listings, is useful to include within the report for completeness, but would distract the reader from the flow of the discussion if it were included within the body of the document. Short extracts from major programs may be included to illustrate points but full program listings should only ever be placed within an appendix. Remember that the point of appendices is to make your report more readable. I don't expect to see apprentices in any Project Proposals.