# SOLVE\_ROBOT

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Escreve a solução para o manipulador planar RRR com base no objetivo instituido a partir do sistema da estação

### **Calling Syntax**

function [near,far,sol]=solve\_robot(goal,current,trelw,srelb,L,thetalim)

### I/O Variables

```
|IN Double Matrix| *goal*: goal objective of the robot Homogeneous
Transformation Matrix 4x4
|IN Double Matrix| *wrelb*: W rel to B Homogeneous Transformation
Matrix 4x4
|IN Double Array| *current*: joint angle degrees [thetal theta2 theta3]
[degrees degrees degrees]
|IN Double Matrix| *srelb*: S rel to B Homogeneous Transformation
Matrix 4x4
|IN Double Array| *L*: link lenghts [L1 L2 L3] [meters meters meters]
|IN Double Array| *thetalim*: Matrix of joint limits in degrees

|OU Double Array| *near*: Homogeneous Transformation Matrix 4x4
|OU Double Array| *far*: Homogeneous Transformation Matrix 4x4
|OU Bool| *sol*: boolean represent solution existence
```

### **Example**

```
L = [0.5 0.3];
current = [45 30 -10];
thetalim = [-170 170;-170 170;-170 170];
srelb = utoi([-0.1, 0.3, 30]);
goal = utoi([0, 0, -90]);
trelw = utoi([0.1 0.2 30]);
[near,far,sol] = solve_robot(goal,current,trelw,srelb,L,thetalim);
```

### **Hypothesis**

RRR planar robot.

## **Function**

```
function
[near,far,sol]=solve_robot(goal,current,trelw,srelb,L,thetalim)
  wrelt = tinvert(trelw);
  wrels = tmult(goal,wrelt);
  wrelb = tmult(srelb,wrels);
  [near,far,sol] = invkin(wrelb,current,L,thetalim);
end

near =
  91.9547  107.4576 -289.4123

far =
  161.7851 -107.4576 -144.3275

sol =
  1
```

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