

UNIVERSITÉ DE REIMS CHAMPAGNE-ARDENNE

INFORMATIQUE

École Doctorale Sciences Technologie Santé

The Way to Exascale: From Theorics to Applied Problems

Vers l'Exascale: Des Problèmes Théoriques aux Problèmes Appliqués

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Introduction

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Chapter 1

HPC and Exascale

1.1 Introduction

We only consider homogenes cluster in that work.

1.2 Parallelism

1.2.1 Flynn taxonomy

The flynn taxonomy presents a hierarchical organization of computation machine.

In this classification [?], Michael J. Flynn present the SIMD, SISI, MISD and MIMD. Add table and present some example of machines

1.2.2 Goals

Latency and Speedup

1.2.3 Bottlenecks

1.2.4 Amdahl and Gustafson

The Amdahl's law is use to find the theoretical speedup in latency of a program. We can separate a program in two parts, the one that can be execute in parallel and the one that is sequential. And even if we reduce the parallel part to infinite the sequential part will reach 100% of the total time.

- 1.3 Hardware
- 1.3.1 Classical CPU
- 1.3.2 GPU
- 1.3.3 FPGA and ASICS
- 1.4 Clusters and Exascale
- 1.4.1 Benchmarking

TOP500

- 1.4.2 Composition and usage
- 1.4.3 Interconnection
- 1.5 Languages
- 1.5.1 Accelerators
- 1.5.2 Runtimes
- 1.6 Optimization

Memory locality

Vectorization

- 1.6.1 CPU specifications
- 1.6.2 GPUs specifications
- 1.6.3 Communications
- 1.7 Conclusion

Chapter 2

Complex systems

- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Combinatorial problems
- 2.2.1 Combinatorial search
- 2.2.2 Combinatorial optimization
- 2.3 A case study, the Langford problem

Use the articles here for figures and a base report.

2.4 Complex systems as a benchmark

2.5 GRAPH500

Use the articles here too

2.6 Conclusion

Chapter 3

Application

Conclusion

Annexes