# The University of Arizona Department of Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering Mechatronics Laboratory

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# Laboratory Task Sheet 06

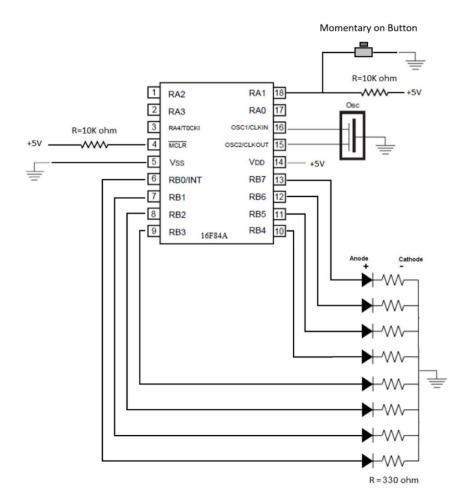
**Title:** Nightrider with Timer

Registers to be learned: TMR0 & OPTION\_REG & INTCON,T0IF

**Objective:** Program the microcontroller such that by keeping the push button pressed, the linear array of LEDs displays only one active LED at a time, starting from the rightmost LED (PORTB0), and **every time the Timer0 overflow happens** the active LED shifts one bit to the left. When the active LED reaches the leftmost LED (PORTB7), reverse the direction and consequently when the active LED reaches the rightmost LED reverse the direction again. When the button is not pressed all the LEDs must turn off.

## **Tasks**

1. Create the circuit below using a linear array of LEDs, a bank of resistors, and a push button.



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2. Make a copy of the P16f84A\_Template file and name it TASK06Group00. Open the file in MPLAB Software and use the table below to construct the code

## **Suggested Code Structure**

Define Bits as memory file

Define Direction as memory bit

## Start

### Call Initialization

Go to Main

## Main

Turn off all the LEDs

Check if the button is pressed

If it is not pressed, stay here

If it is pressed, go ahead

Turn ON the most right-hand side LED, connected to PORTB0

Clear Direction

Clear STATUS C

Go to Loop

## Loop

Call Delay

Call CheckDirection

Call Rotate

Check if the button is still pressed

If it is still pressed, go to Loop

If it is not pressed anymore, go to Main

### CheckDirection

Check if the most right-hand side LED, connected to PORTB0, is ON

If it is ON, clear Direction

Check if the most left-hand side LED, connected to PORTB7, is ON

If it is ON, set Direction

Return

### Rotate

**Check Direction** 

Based on the value of Direction, rotate PORTB to the left or right and then return

## Delay

Clear TMR0 Register

Use INTCON Register to clear TMR0 Overflow Flag bit

Use INTCON Register to check TMR0 Overflow Flag bit

If Timer0 Overflow has not happened yet, stay here

If Timer0 Overflow has happened, go ahead

Return

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## Initialization

Bank1

Use TRISA Register to define PORTA1 as input

Use TRISB Register to define PORTB (all pins) as output

Use OPTION\_REG Register to choose the longest possible pre-scaler rate

Use OPTION\_REG Register to assign the pre-scaler to the Timer0 module

Use OPTION\_REG Register to define Internal Oscillator as the Timer0 clock source

Bank<sub>0</sub>

Initialize PORTB (all the pins) to turn off all the LEDs

Return

## end

- 3. Program the microcontroller and test it on the circuit.
- 4. Demonstrate the result to the instructor.
- 5. Upload the code on D2L and save it for yourself.