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GRUPO: 10

PROYECTO:

APLICACIÓN WEB (FULL STACK)

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Semestre: 2024 – 1



EDUCATIONAL PLATAFORM

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INTRODUCTION

This project is full application with microfrontends, microservices, an API developed on Python and a database provided by MongoDB

The frontend is developed using a micro frontend architecture and the NextJS framework. These consist of the next modules, each one of them is routed and enables navigation between them

- Catalog of available courses on the platform
- Individual page for each course
- Platform administration page
- Authentication and login
- User profile page

Functionally, the system aims to serve as an educational platform where people can create their own profile and register for different courses available on the platform. All the code for the API to connect this functionality with the database where data is retrieved, was created using Python.

Finally, the database itself was designed as a No-SQL database, therefore it implements MongoDB as a Docker container configured to connect and work seamlessly with the platform

Following in this document, you will find more information about each one of the components, tools and uses of everything implemented in this project

FRONTEND

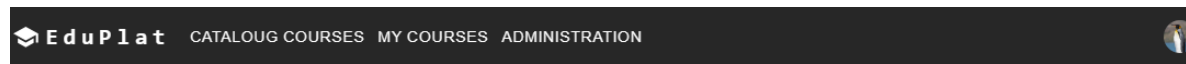
All the code for the views in this Project was developed using the following frameworks: NodeJS, React.js and Next.js, all with the purpose to create a fast, responsive and maintainable web application. Those frameworks also ensure to be easier to learn and so to deploy the application in no time.

UI / UX

We used an independent framework for styling and graphic design: MaterialUI, specifically the following modules: emotion/react, emotion/styled, mui/icons-material

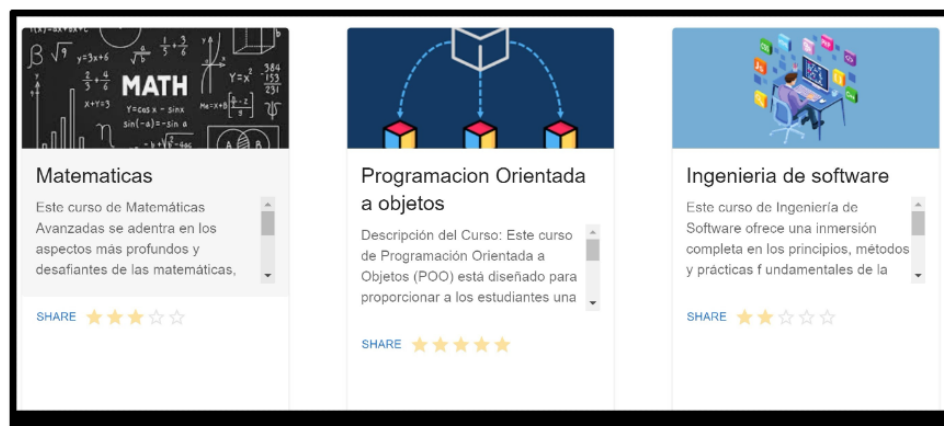
HOME PAGE

Upon launching the application and after successfully logging in using any of the methods, this page appears.



EduPlat[🎓]

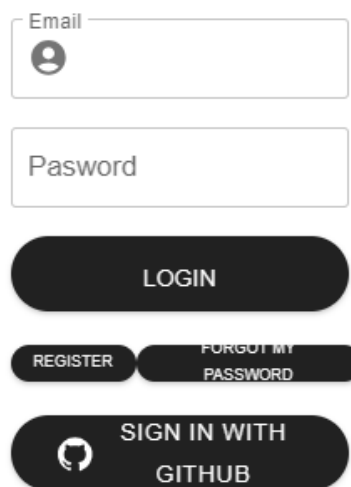
The Educational Platform of the future



AUTHENTICATION AND LOGIN

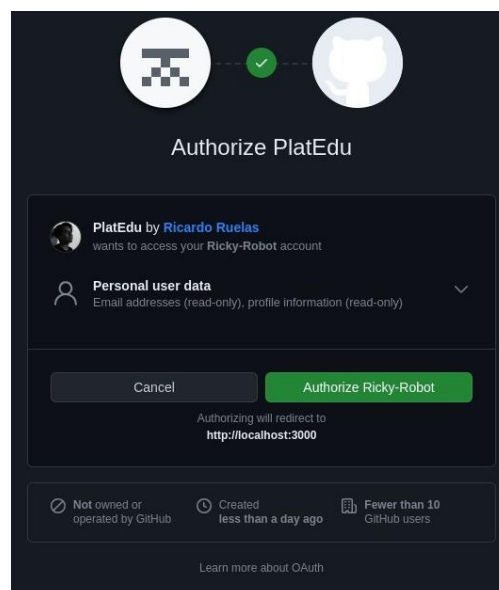
Authentication is implemented using two methods: a form requesting email and password, and through the GitHub API. Without successfully logging, the other functionalities of the application cannot be accessed. The respective code can be found in `'main/login/loginit/app/api/auth/[...nextauth]/route.js'`, utilizing NextAuth.js and the mentioned providers as per the documentation provided on the page.

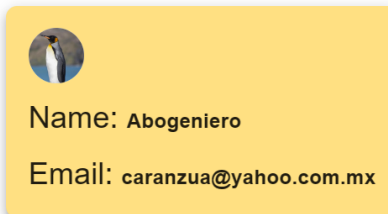
A local file named `'/.env.local'` is created to contain the API keys. This file must be included in the `'.gitignore'` file. It is necessary to configure the button in `'/components/signin-btn.jsx'` to enable the login functionality.



The login form consists of the following elements:

- An "Email" input field with a user icon on the left.
- A "Pasword" input field.
- A dark "LOGIN" button.
- A "REGISTER" button and a "FORGOT MY PASSWORD" button.
- A "SIGN IN WITH GITHUB" button featuring the GitHub logo.





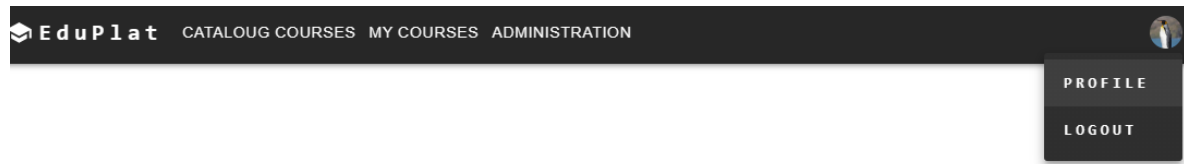
The functionality for logging in via GitHub is achieved with the following lines of code:

```
const authOptions = {
  providers: [
    GithubProvider({
      clientId: process.env.GITHUB_ID,
      clientSecret: process.env.GITHUB_SECRET,
    })
  ],
};

const handler = NextAuth(authOptions);
export { handler as GET, handler as POST };
```

USER PROFILE

To access this view, it is necessary to click on the user's avatar, on the upper right corner on the screen and then select 'Profile'.



In addition to basic information (name, email, and password), this view includes the functionality to modify the profile image. Users can upload a new image using the operating system's file system interface and there's a button to save the information.

The default avatar is retrieved from the session generated by OAuth, along with the name and email.

The image shows the user profile page in the EduPlat application. At the top is the same dark navigation bar as in the previous screenshot. Below the navigation bar, there is a circular profile picture of a man. Underneath the picture is a button labeled 'UPLOAD IMAGE'. Below this button are three form fields: 'Name' with the value 'Ricardo Ruelas', 'Email' with the value 'ricardo.ruelasv3@gmail.com', and 'Password' with the value 'Password'. A green 'SAVE' button is located below the password field. An 'Open File' dialog box is overlaid on the page, showing the file explorer interface. The dialog has a sidebar with 'Home', 'Desktop', 'efi', and 'Filesystem' options. The main area shows a list of files and folders. The file 'Screenshot from 2020-10-31 00:21' is selected. The dialog also has a 'Cancel' button and a 'Select' button.

The email field already implements a validator



```
./js ./cliente 1s.  
cliente con '132.248.77.1s.  
servidor '132.248.77.168' en p  
VIDEO EXITOSA.  
'Ruelas Virquez Ricardo'...  
exitosamente.  
te...  
registrado/registrado  
exitosamente.  
TUCION ...  
te
```

UPLOAD IMAGE

Name: Ricky Raton

Email: ricky-elraton@fake

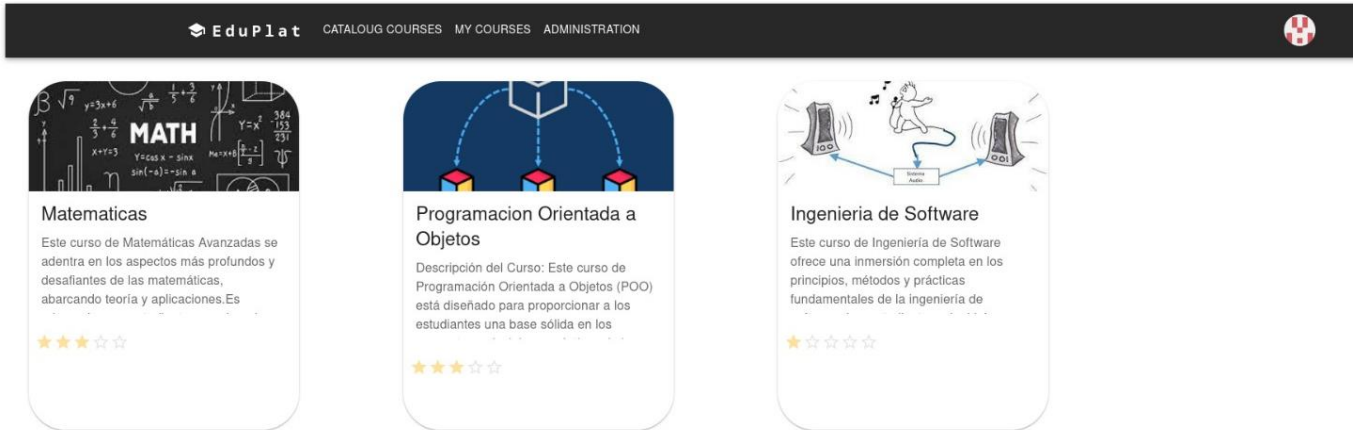
Please enter a valid email address.

Password: *****

SAVE

COURSE CATALOG

In this view, the available courses for each user are displayed. There's a section to enter the keyword for the subject. In this platform, the keywords are: Mathematics, SoftwareEngineering, OOP and Math. The image below shows that all subjects have been added.



The part of the code that enables this functionality is:

```
mycourses.jsx ×
pages > mycourses.jsx > [MyCourses]
1  import React, { useState } from "react";
2  import { useRouter } from "next/router";
3  import { Grid, Button, TextField, Paper } from '@mui/material';
4
5  const MyCourses = () => {
6    const [courses, setCourses] = useState([]);
7    const [courseKey, setCourseKey] = useState("");
8    const router = useRouter();
9
10   const handleCourseKeyChange = (event) => {
11     setCourseKey(event.target.value);
12   };
13
14   const addCourse = () => {
15     setCourses([...courses, { id: courseKey, name: `Curso ${courseKey}` }]);
16     setCourseKey("");
17   };
18
19   const viewCourseDetails = (courseId) => {
20     router.push(`/${courseId}`);
21   };
22 }
```

Where the dependencies of React, useState, Next.js utilities, and Material UI are exported, local state is utilized to store the list of courses (courses) and the current course key (courseKey). Additionally, the Next.js router object is obtained.

An addCourse function is defined to add a course to the list of courses.

A viewCourseDetails function is defined to navigate to the details of a specific course.

```
19   const viewCourseDetails = (courseId) => {  
20     |   router.push(`/${courseId}`);  
21   };
```

APPLICATION PROGRAMMING INTERFACE

Each API is developed using Python and its module Flask.

We developed four API, one for each module that the frontend has, thus there is an API for the catalog courses, another for each one of the specific course, one for the login and last one for the profile of each user.

DATABASE

Due to the initial requirement of creating a distributed system, it is necessary to implement a NoSQL database, for which MongoDB was chosen.

In our database, we store information about the users registered on the platform, which is retrieved specifically for each user during their session. Additionally, we store information regarding the available courses, which is referenced when displayed in the catalog as well as in a particular view on a page when a specific course is queried.

FRAMEWORKS, TOOLS AND VERSIONS

Throughout this project, various technologies have been utilized, spanning multiple programming languages and smaller frameworks. Below is a detailed, though not exhaustive, list of the main tools implemented

PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES

- Python 3.10: used for the development of the API and connection through the database
- JavaScript ECMAScript 2021: not used in raw code, but in the framework NodeJS and thus through all the frontend

FRAMEWORKS

- NodeJS v.20.10.0
- React v.18.1
- Next.js v.14.0.1
- MaterialUI v.5.0.6
- NextAuth v.4.24.5

PYTHON MODULES

- Flask v.3.0
- MarkupSafe v.2.1.3
- Pymongo v.4.6.1

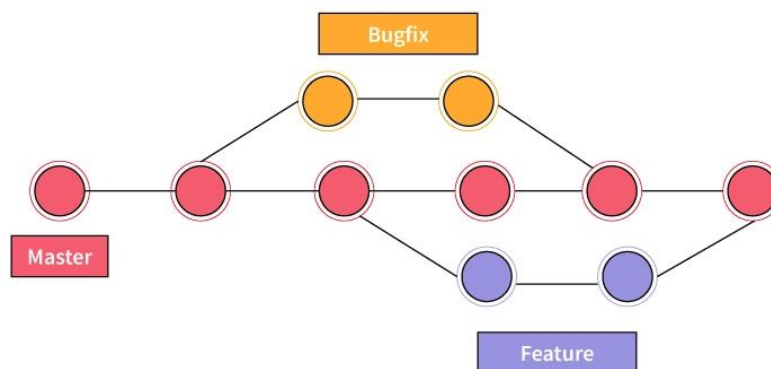
OTHER UTILITIES

This Project was developed by a team of 7 members, each one of them was using a Fedora 38 Workstation, working on both local and remote repository provided by GitHub; and the Git version is 2.43.0

Docker, for the attempt to create the several containers for the microfrontends, as well for the database MongoDB, all the developers installed the version 24.0.6. And, using this technology, we pull the container “mongo”, version 3.1 and for the easiest creation and manipulation of the data, Mondo Compass.

GIT BRANCH STRATEGY

The Feature-Based branch strategy involves creating separate branches for each new feature or functionality, allowing independent tracking and development of each part of the project before merging it into the main branch. This facilitates collaboration between teams and version control, maintaining a modular and organized approach to development.



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Deploying, Next.JS. Available in: [<https://nextjs.org/docs/app/building-your-application/deploying>], October, 29, 2023.

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