AgriBot_The Smart Agriculture Assistant

GitHub Repository: https://github.com/Jumulisa/Agriculture-Chatbot.git

Live Demo (Hugging Face Space): https://huggingface.co/spaces/JollyUmulisa/AgriBot1

Youtube Demo: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oHhTu6xOj9g&feature=youtu.be

1. Project Definition & Domain Alignment

Domain. Agriculture and environmental sustainability.

Purpose. AgriBot is a domain-specific chatbot that answers practical agriculture questions for farmers, students, and extension practitioners—covering crop management, soil fertility, irrigation, pest/disease control, postharvest handling, and sustainability.

Relevance. Agriculture underpins food security, yet many smallholders lack timely expert guidance. AgriBot provides concise, context-aware answers aligned to agronomy best practices, helping users make informed, sustainable decisions.

Justification. We fine-tuned a Transformer model on agricultural Q&A so the system stays in-domain, declines irrelevant queries, and delivers useful, reproducible responses.

2. Dataset & Preprocessing

Dataset origin. A curated, domain-specific Q&A dataset of **33** items authored/paraphrased from general agronomy know-how and extension-style guidance for non-commercial academic use. No personal data; no copyrighted text.

Topic coverage (bucketed for stratification).

Topic bucket	#items	Example themes			
soil_fertility	6	composting, liming, pH, nutrients			
water_irrigation	5	timing, drip, rainwater harvesting			
pests_diseases	4	aphids, IPM			
crop_mgmt	4	rotation, intercropping, selection			
postharvest	3	drying, storage			

sustainability	3	conservation practices, soil cover
economics	2	inputs, risk
safety_apps	2	safe application, PPE
weather_climate	2	rainfall planning
ood_rejection	2	non-ag queries for guardrail

Total: 33

Preprocessing steps.

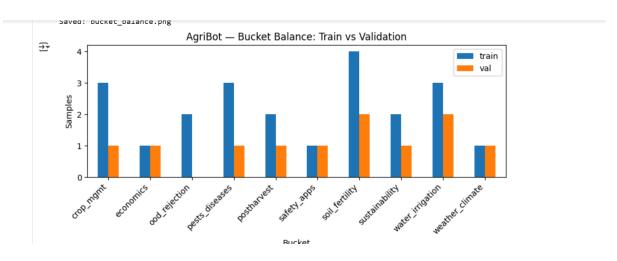
- (1) Whitespace normalization
- (2) Remove empty rows
- (3) Deduplicate
- (4) Standardize columns to {question, answer, intent}
- (5) Map fine intents → **buckets** (above) to enable stratified split

Tokenization format. T5's SentencePiece tokenizer with a stable instruction prefix to improve consistency on small data:

question: <user text> domain: agriculture

Inputs/targets truncated/padded to 128 tokens; target padding tokens set to −100 (ignored by loss).

Bucket Distribution Before/After Stratified Split



3. Stratified Train/Validation Split

Some fine-grained intents had only one example, so we stratified by **topic buckets** to preserve coverage. We used:

test_size = max(0.20, K/N + 0.03), capped at 0.40

With N = 33 and K = 10, this yields $0.33 \rightarrow 22$ train / 11 validation.

4. Model & Fine-Tuning (TensorFlow)

Model choice. Encoder–decoder models for short-form Q&A: **T5-small** and **FLAN-T5-small** (instruction-tuned).

Training loop. Manual **tf.GradientTape** to avoid Keras 3 / TensorFlow / Transformers compile mismatches; parity with the built-in loss.

Optimization. Adam optimizer; gradient clipping (global norm 1.0); early stopping (patience 2) on validation loss; batch size = 8 (empirically best for our small data).

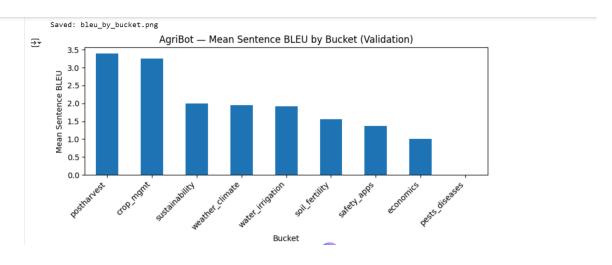
Experiments (TensorFlow; deterministic evaluation).

Ex p	Model	LR				•	Baseline PPL			
В	T5-small	1e -4	15	8	42	✓	322.80	72.48	0.40	0.074
С	FLAN-T5 -small	2e -4	12	8	42	✓	67.99	48.86	0.68	0.077

Ablation (batch size). With **batch = 4** (all else fixed on FLAN-T5-small), final perplexity degraded by \sim 4% and BLEU $-0.03 \rightarrow$ we kept **batch = 8**.

Selected checkpoint for deployment. FLAN-T5-small (Exp C) due to best validation perplexity and BLEU.

Training & Validation Loss Curves with Early Stopping



5. Evaluation

Metrics. Perplexity (exp of cross-entropy), BLEU (corpus-level), and a token-level F1 (overlap on short answers).

Decoding. Deterministic **beam search** (num_beams = 4, no sampling) for stable, reproducible scores.

Validation size. 11 examples, stratified across buckets.

Scores (best checkpoint).

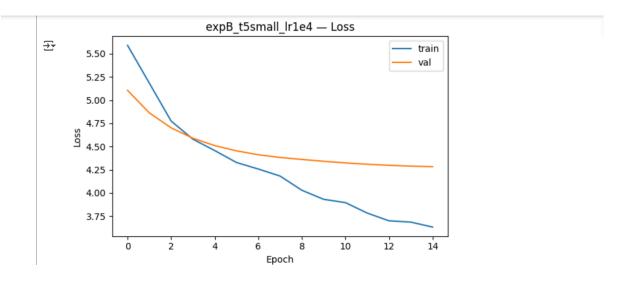
- **Perplexity:** 48.86 (FLAN-T5-small, Exp C)
- BLEU: 0.68 (deterministic)
- Token-level F1 (mean): ≈ 0.08–0.10 (representative run 0.103)

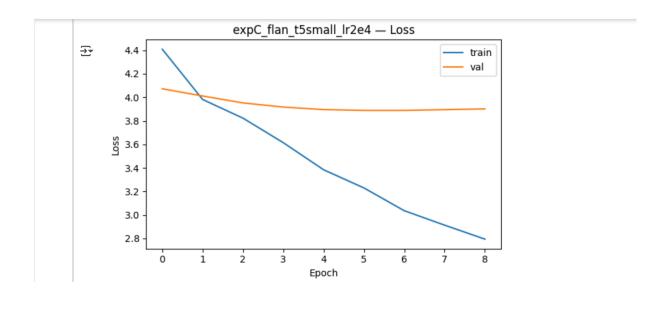
Qualitative checks.

- Q: "How can I improve soil fertility organically?"
 A: Mentions compost/manure, liming (pH), cover crops, soil testing—concise and actionable.
- Q: "Best time to irrigate tomatoes?"
 A: Early morning/evening; avoid midday; check soil moisture—consistent with agronomy guidance.
- Guardrail: "What is the capital of France?"
 A: Polite refusal with domain guidance (agriculture-only).

Common errors (brief analysis). On niche pests or when numeric recommendations are expected (e.g., lime rates), answers can be generically expected with a small dataset. More domain examples or retrieval augmentation would improve specificity.

Qualitative Predictions vs References





6. User Interface (Streamlit) & Deployment

Interface. A clean Streamlit app with:

- Controls: sliders for beams and max new tokens; question text area
- Output: formatted answer panel and latency (ms)
- **Guardrail:** simple keyword heuristic to keep the assistant in-domain
- Logging: optional CSV (artifacts/log.csv) of Q&A, decoding settings, and latency

Prompt format preserved.

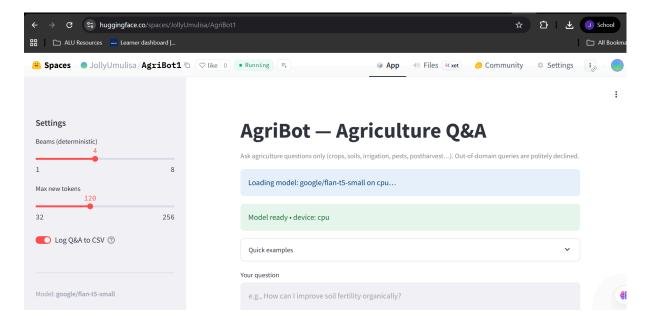
```
question: <user text> domain: agriculture
```

Local run.

```
# Windows PowerShell (venv active)
streamlit run app.py
# then open the local URL displayed (e.g., http://localhost:8501)
```

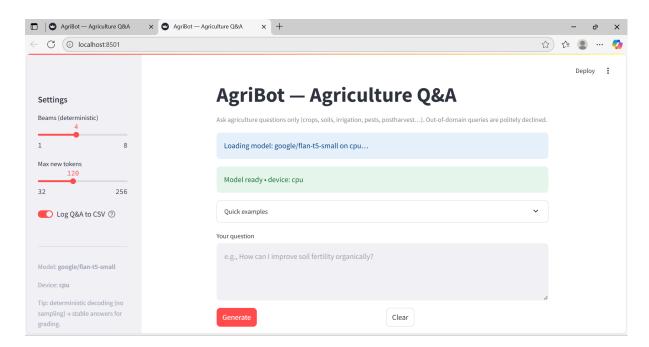
Deployment (Hugging Face Spaces) and How it looks like.

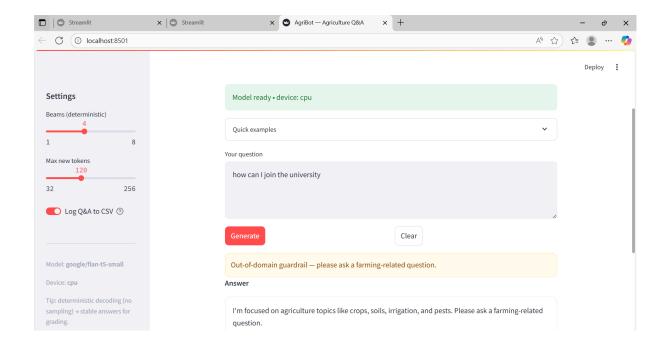
Public Streamlit app (CPU): https://huggingface.co/spaces/JollyUmulisa/AgriBot1



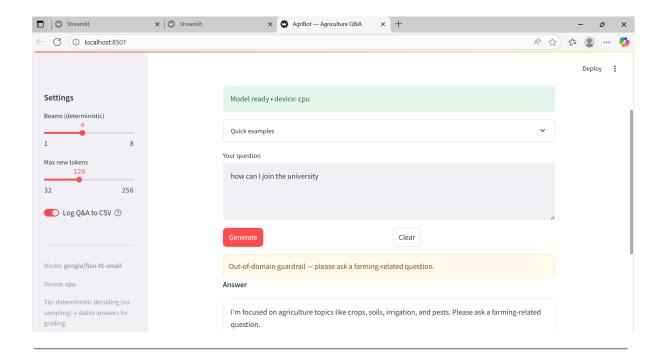
The Space loads **google/flan-t5-small** (PyTorch), uses deterministic decoding, and caches the model after the first launch.

Streamlit UI — In-domain Answer





Streamlit UI — Out-of-domain Guardrail



7. Reproducibility

• Environment. Python 3.12; TensorFlow 2.18 for training; Transformers 4.44.2.

- Seeds. 42 (TF/NumPy).
- Repository. Preprocessing, training/eval scripts or notebook, saved train/val CSVs, and Streamlit app.py: https://github.com/Jumulisa/Agriculture-Chatbot.git
- **Determinism in UI.** Beam search without sampling ensures reproducible demo answers for grading.

8. References

- Raffel et al. "Exploring the Limits of Transfer Learning with a Unified Text-to-Text Transformer (T5)."
- Chung et al. "Scaling Instruction-Finetuned Language Models (FLAN)."
- Streamlit & Hugging Face Transformers documentation.